

Jan 17, 2017

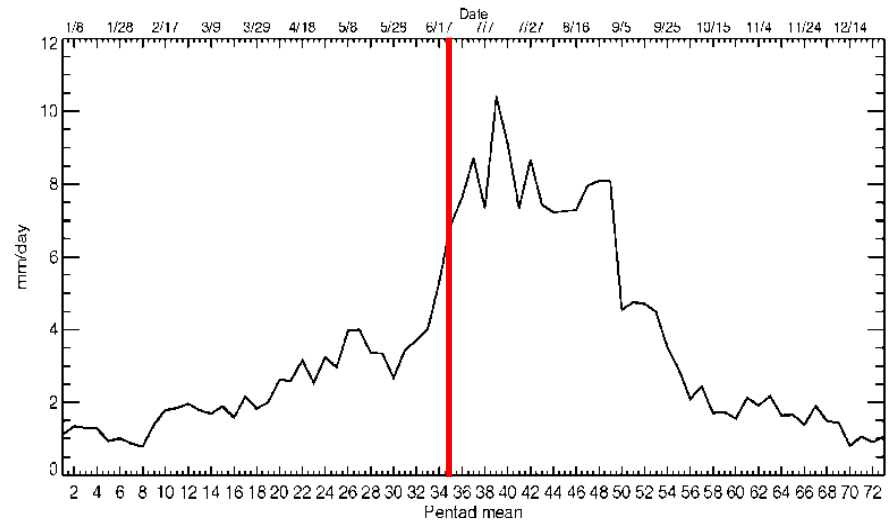
# Hae-Li Park



**Climate and Atmospheric Dynamics Lab.,  
Department of Atmospheric Sciences,  
Pusan National University**

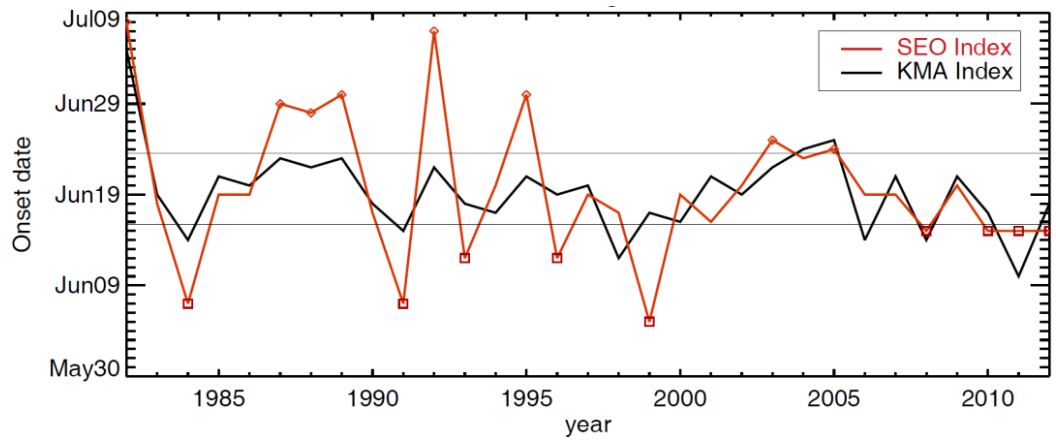
# Seasonal Prediction of Interannual Variability of Changma Onset

## Seasonal evolution of PRCP Rate



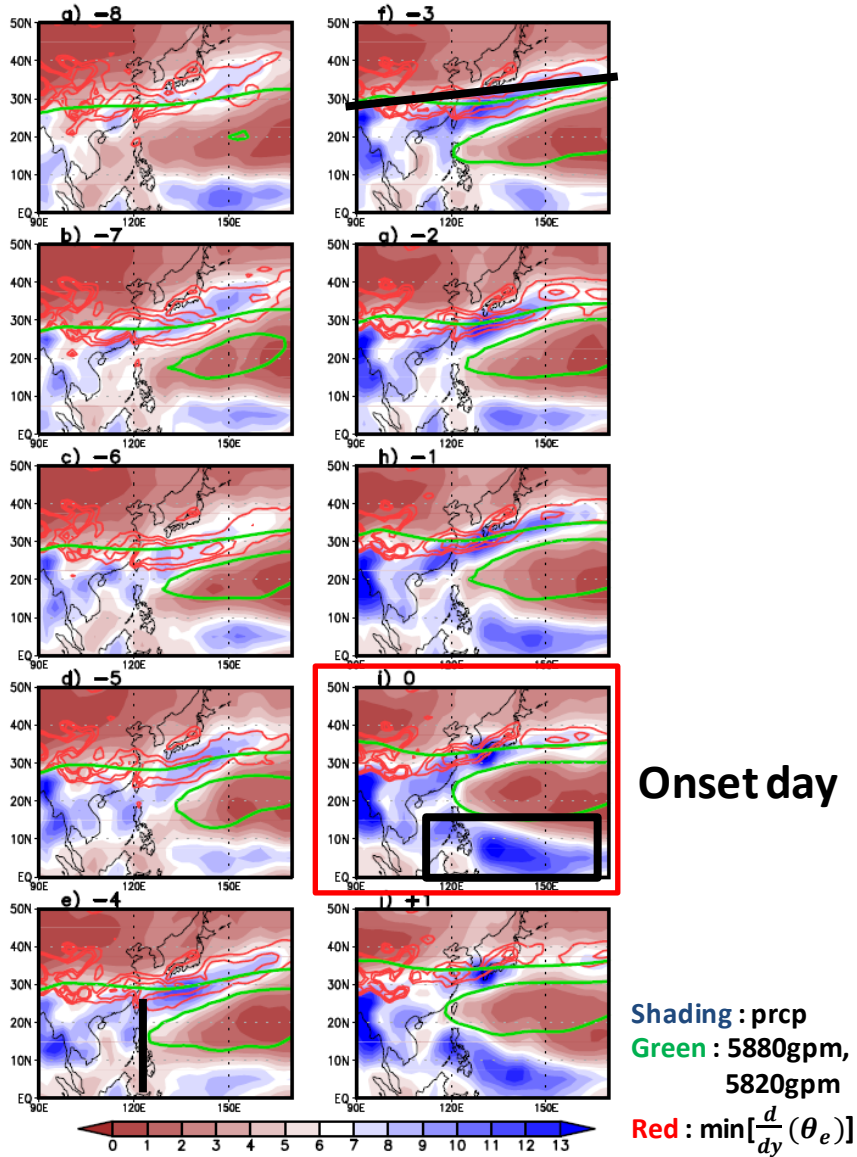
Korean Peninsula  
(125°–130°E, 35°–40°N)

## Timeseries of Changma Onset Index

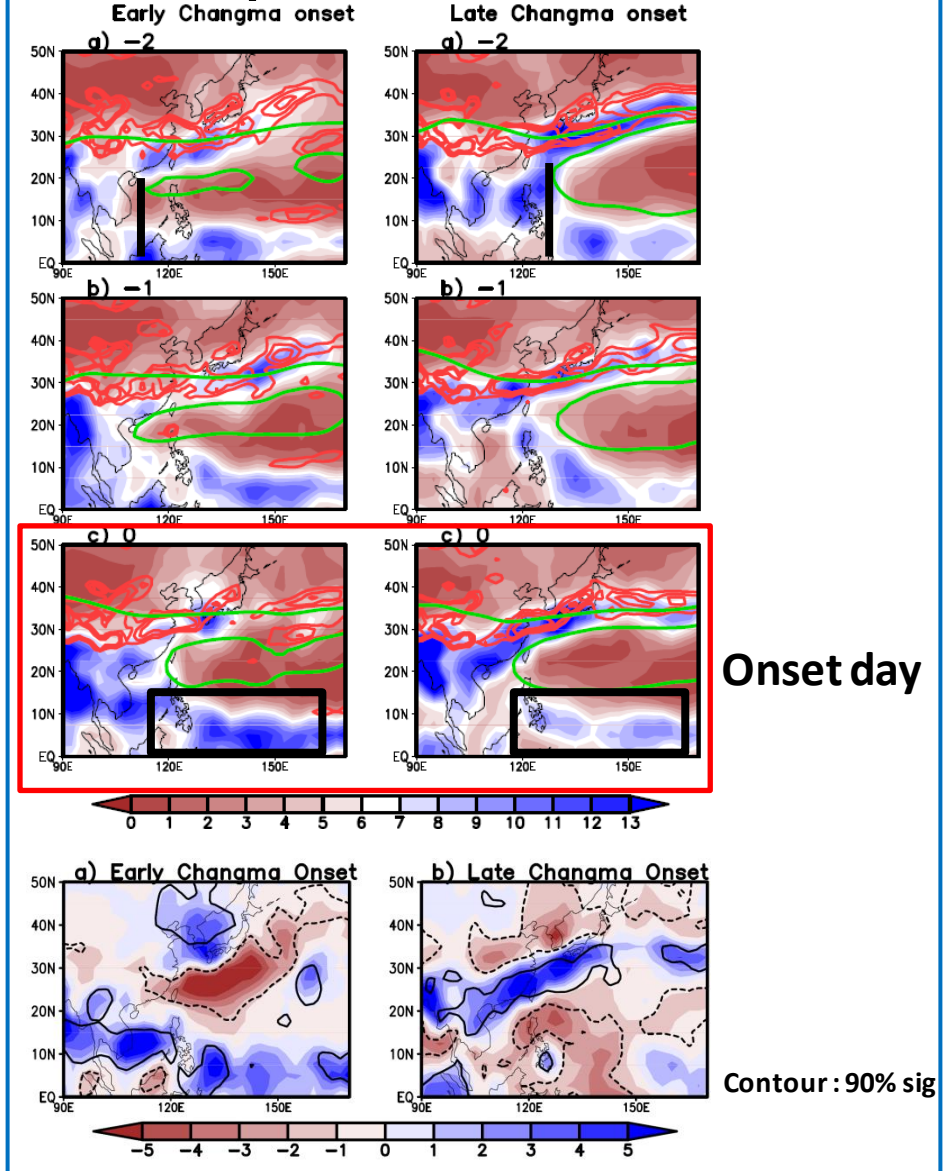


# Pre-condition of Changma Onset

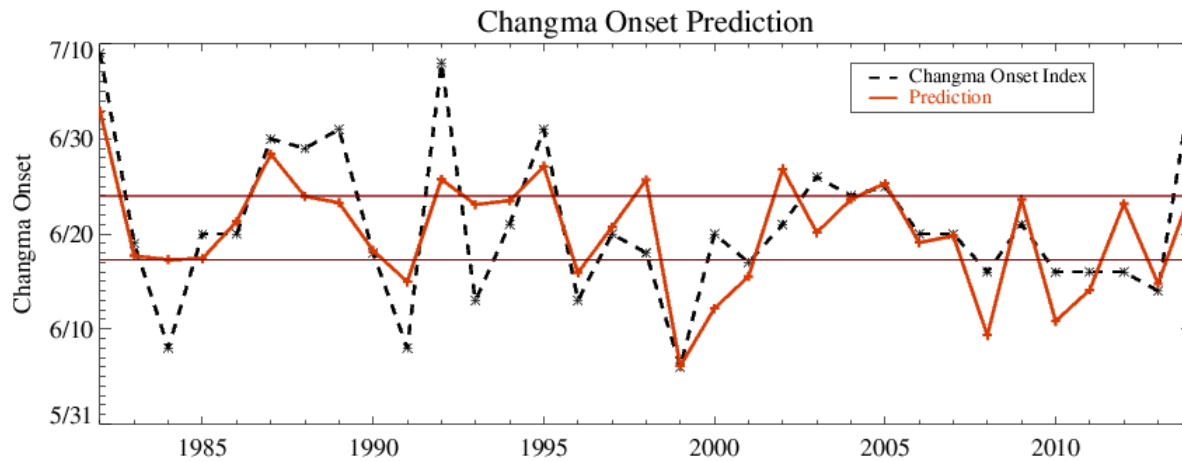
## Pre-condition



## Early vs. Late



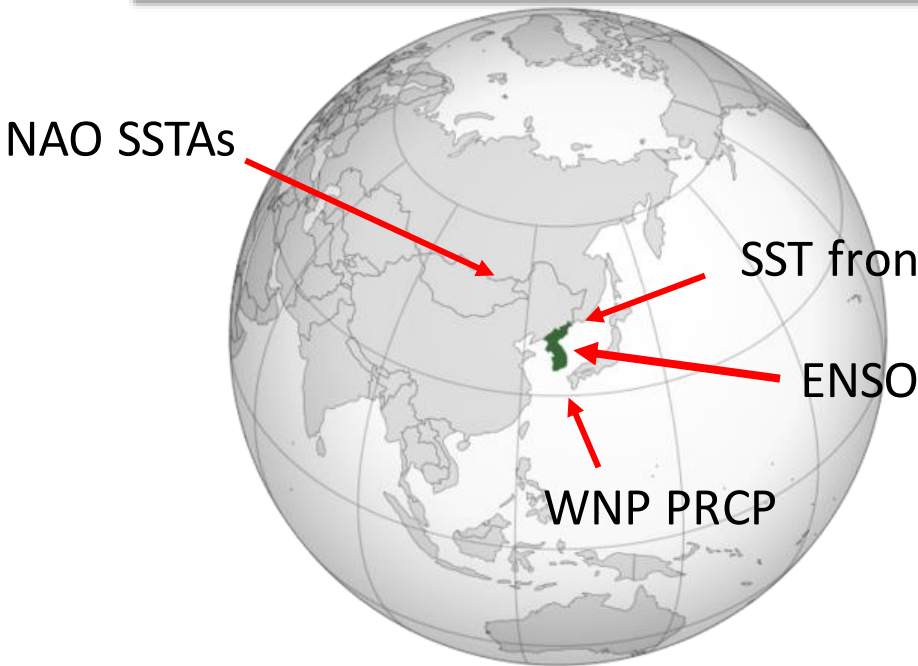
# Proposed Results



		PREDICTION					
		Above		Normal		Below	
OBSERVATION	Above	1982	1987	1988	2003		
		1989	1992	1995			
		2005					
Normal		1998	2002	1983	1985	1986	2000
				1990	1994	1997	
				2004	2006	2007	
				2009			
				1993	2012		
Below						1984	1991
						1999	2001
						2010	2011
						1996	2008

$$Y(\text{onset date}) = -0.579(NA_{dipole}) - 0.399(NP_{devleop}) + 0.300(NTCP) + 0.0039$$

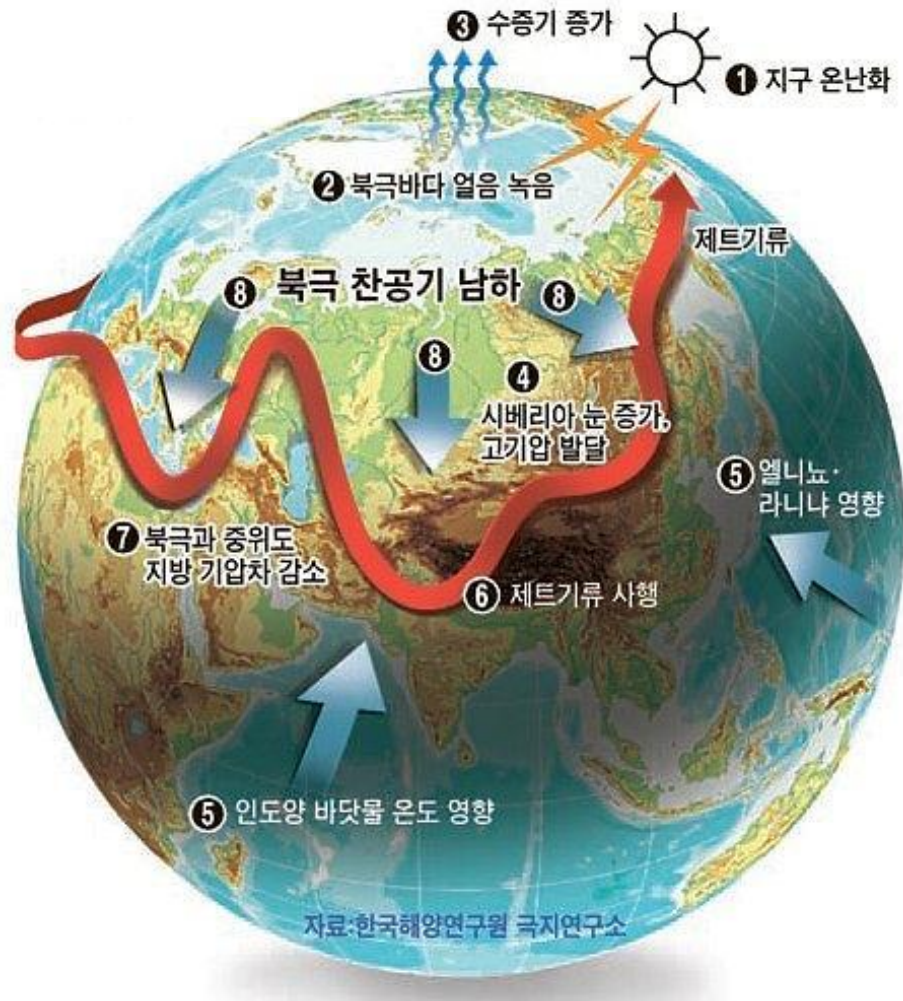
- Predicting skill of the developed Statistical Prediction Model : CORR = 0.73, RMSE = 0.69, GMSS = 0.70 (81%)



**Park, H.-I.,** K.-H. Seo, J.-H. Son, 2015:  
 Development of a Dynamics-Based Statistical Prediction Model for the Changma Onset.  
*Journal of Climate*, 28, 6647-6666

# Current Research Interests

## – Interannual Variability of Winter Temperature over East Asia



- Understand the **teleconnection mechanism** of external forcing on the interannual time-scale
- Quantitatively compare **relative importance** between external forcings on EAWM

Figure is from Korea Polar Research Institute(KOPRI)