

# Validation of Seasonal Forecasts: Statistical Methods and Downscaling

WCRP Seasonal Prediction Workshop  
Barcelona, Spain, 4-7 June 2007



José Manuel Gutiérrez  
Universidad de Cantabria  
Santander



AI  
met  
group



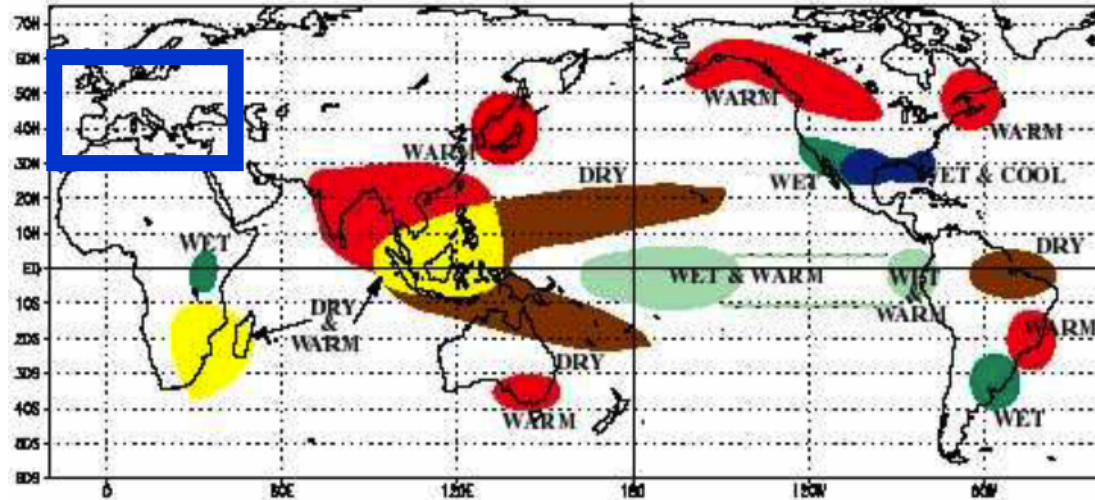
Applied Meteorology Group  
<http://www.meteo.unican.es>

## Outline of the Talk

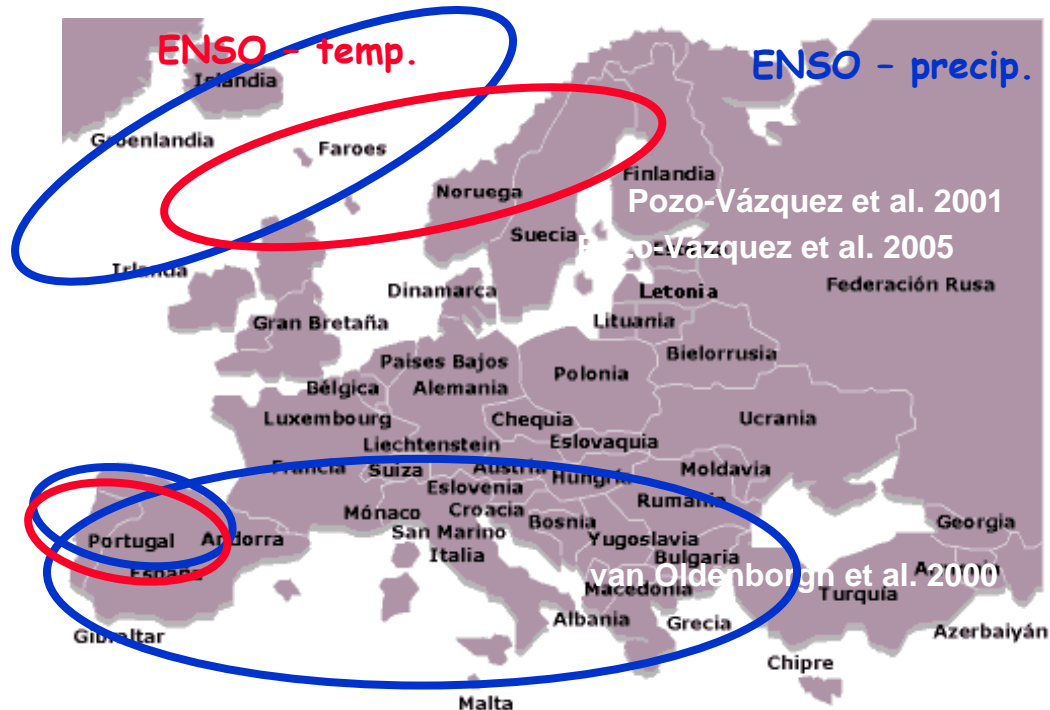
1. Sources of seasonal predictability (ENSO).
2. Description of data (model simulations and observations in the tropics and extra-tropics)
3. Skill in the Tropics (Peru)
  1. *Direct model output vs. Statistical downscaling.*
  2. *Assessing the confidence of a particular forecast.*
  3. *Weighting the models.*
4. Skill in the Extra-Tropics (Spain)
5. Teleconnections in Europe.

## Sources of seasonal predictability. ENSO

The main source of seasonal predictability is ENSO and the different El Niño / La Niña teleconnections

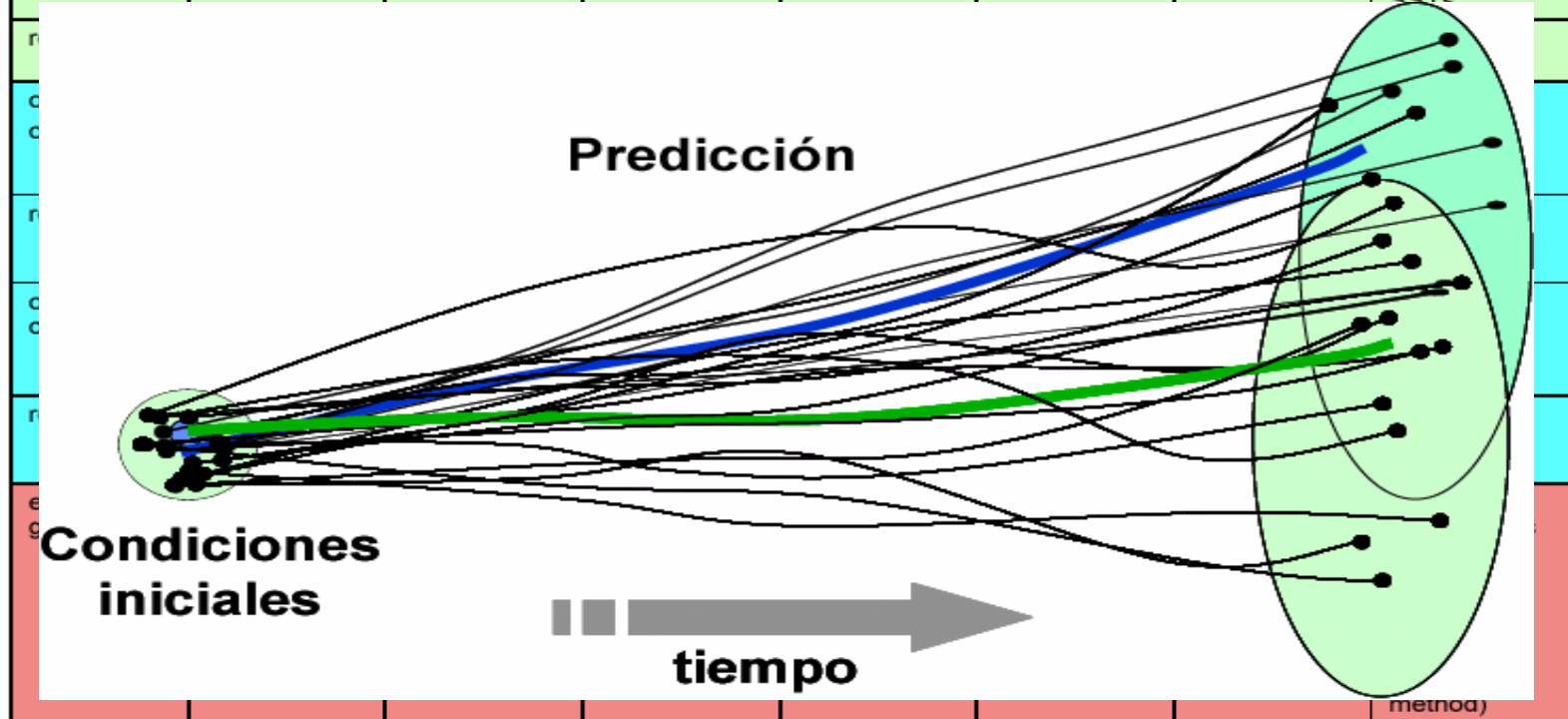


Some teleconnections with Europe have been reported in the last years, both for precipitation and temperature.



# Seasonal Predictions: DEMETER Multi-Model Ensemble

	CERFACS	ECMWF	INGV	LODYC	Météo-France	Met Office	MPI
atmosphere component	ARPEGE	IFS	ECHAM-4	IFS	ARPEGE	HadAM3	ECHAM-5
resolution	T63 31 Levels	T95 40 Levels	T42 19 Levels	T95 40 Levels	T63 31 Levels	2.5° x 3.75° 19 Levels	T42 19 Levels
atmosphere initial conditions	ERA-40	ERA-40	coupled AMIP-type experiment	ERA-40	ERA-40	ERA-40	coupled run relaxed to observed SSTs



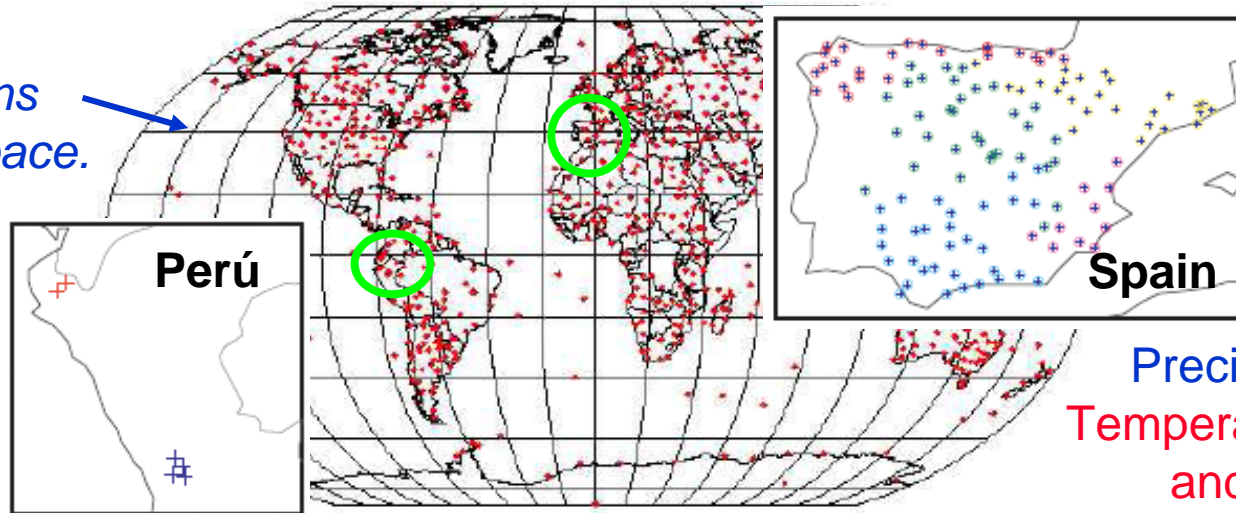
DEMETER → ENSEMBLES (Paco Doblas-Reyes' Talk)

AI  
met  
group

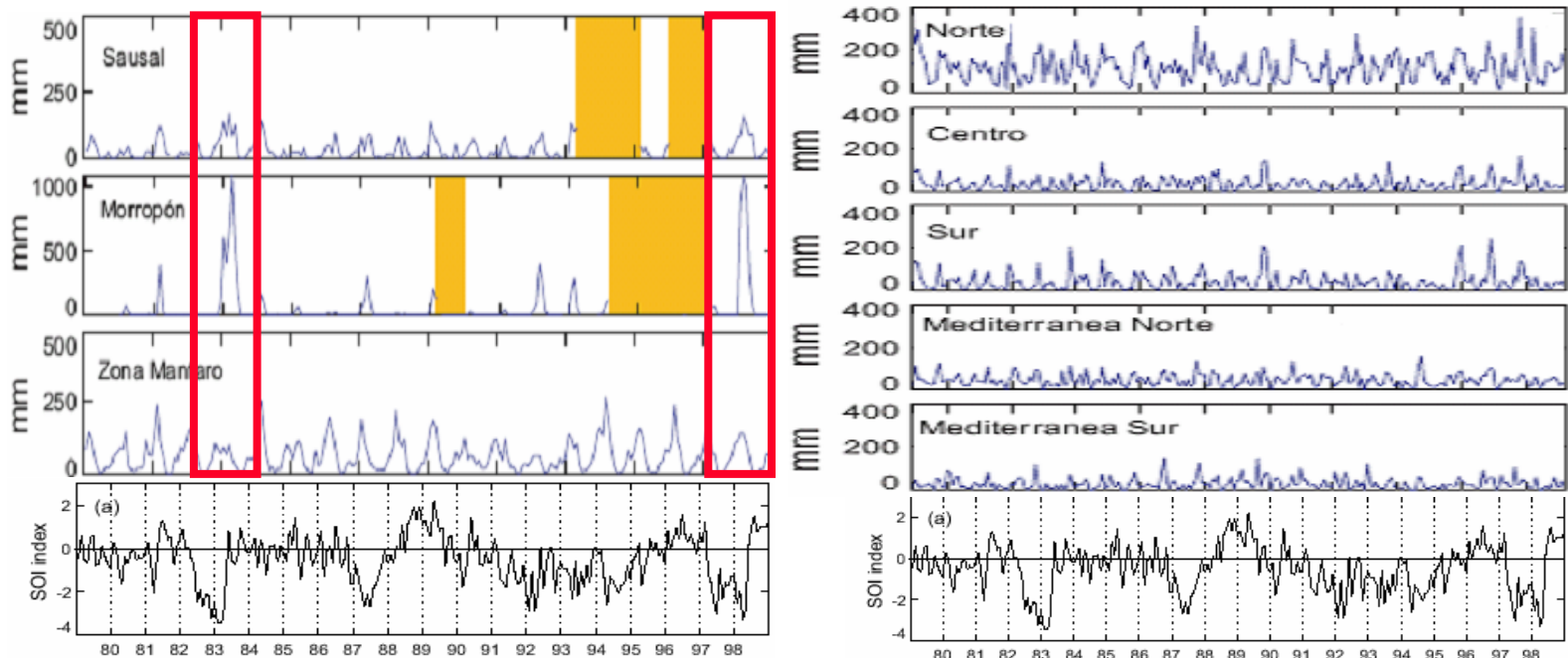
# Observations in the Tropics and Mid-Latitudes

ERA40.  
Observations  
in model space.

Networks:



Precipitation  
Temperature máx.  
and min.



AI  
met  
group

## Skill in the Tropics and Mid-Latitudes (Z500)

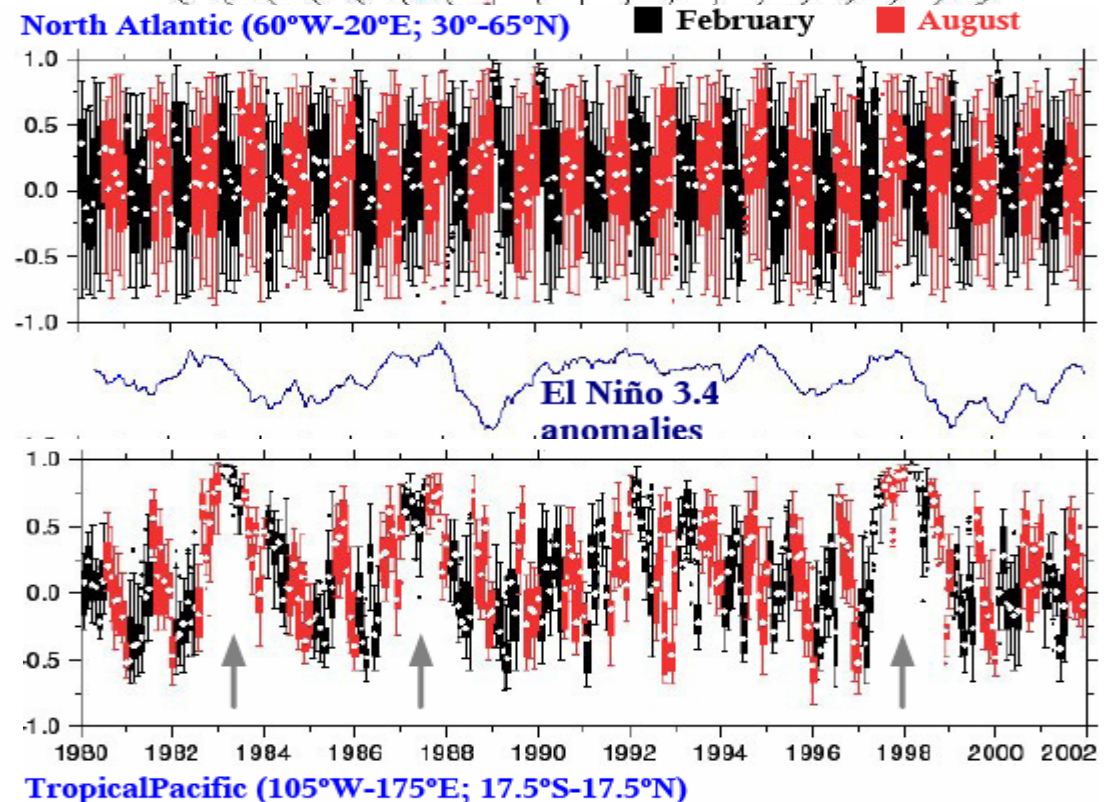
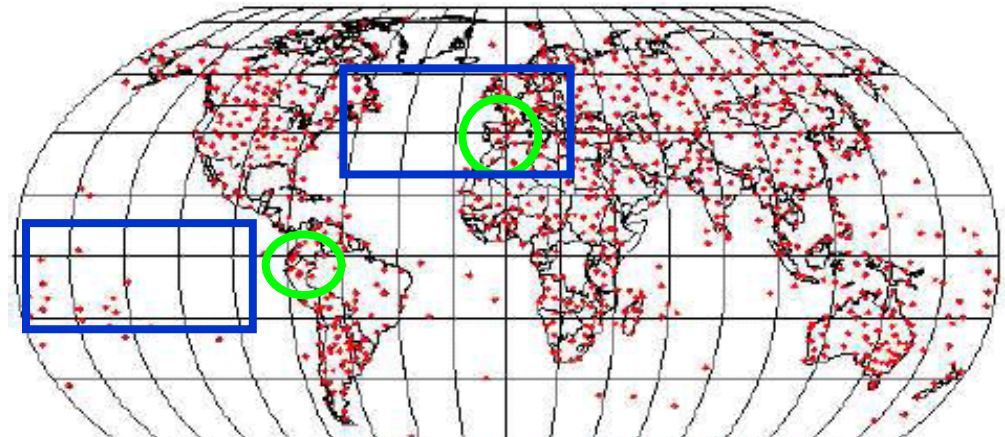
*Many validation measures:*

*Deterministic:*

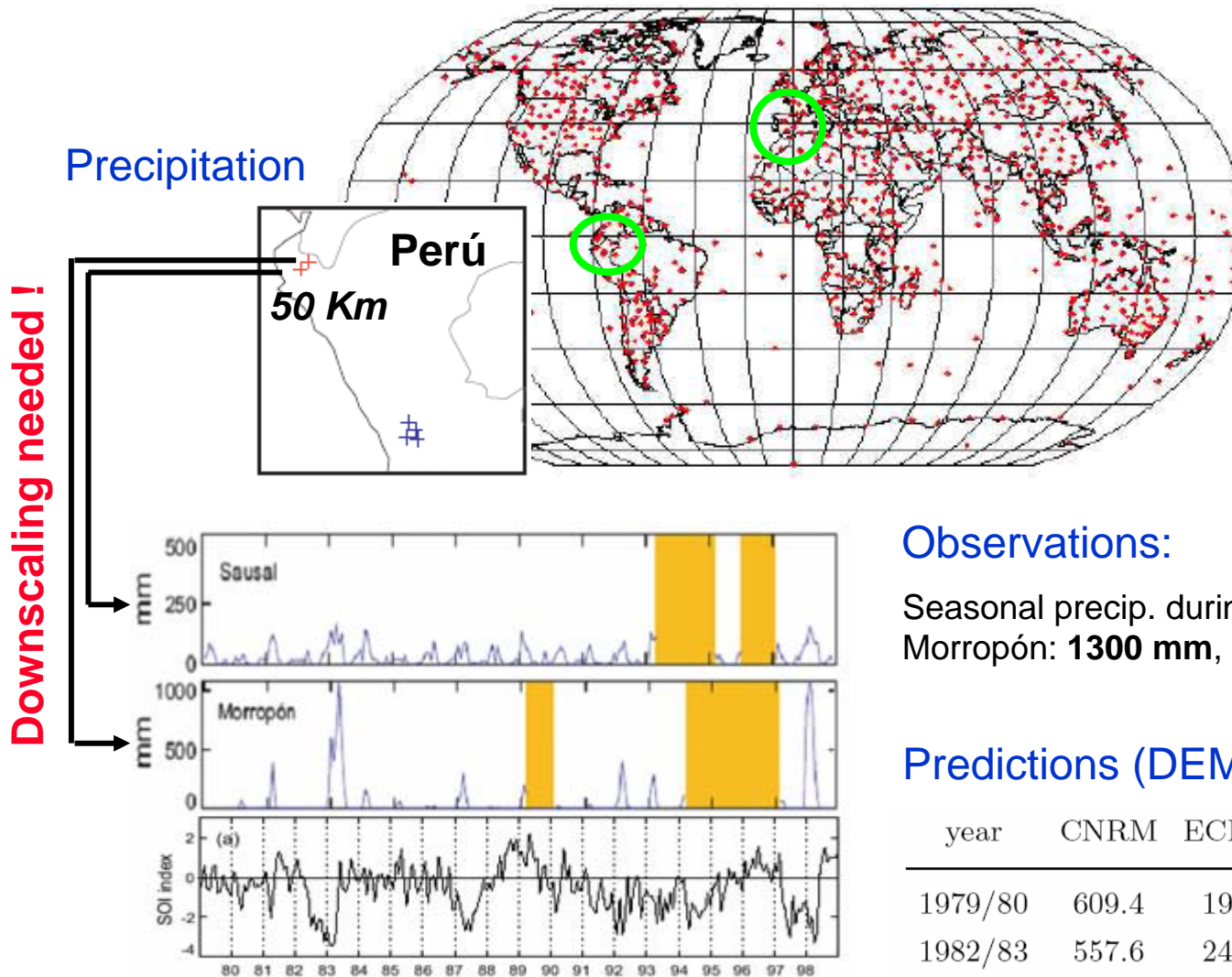
- ACC (Anom. Correlation coef.)
- RMSE (Root Mean Squared Error)

*Probabilistic:*

- Brier Score / Brier Skill Score
- ROC Area / ROC skill Area
- Economic Value
- Entropy / Information Theory



## Skill in the Tropics (Precipitation)



### Observations:

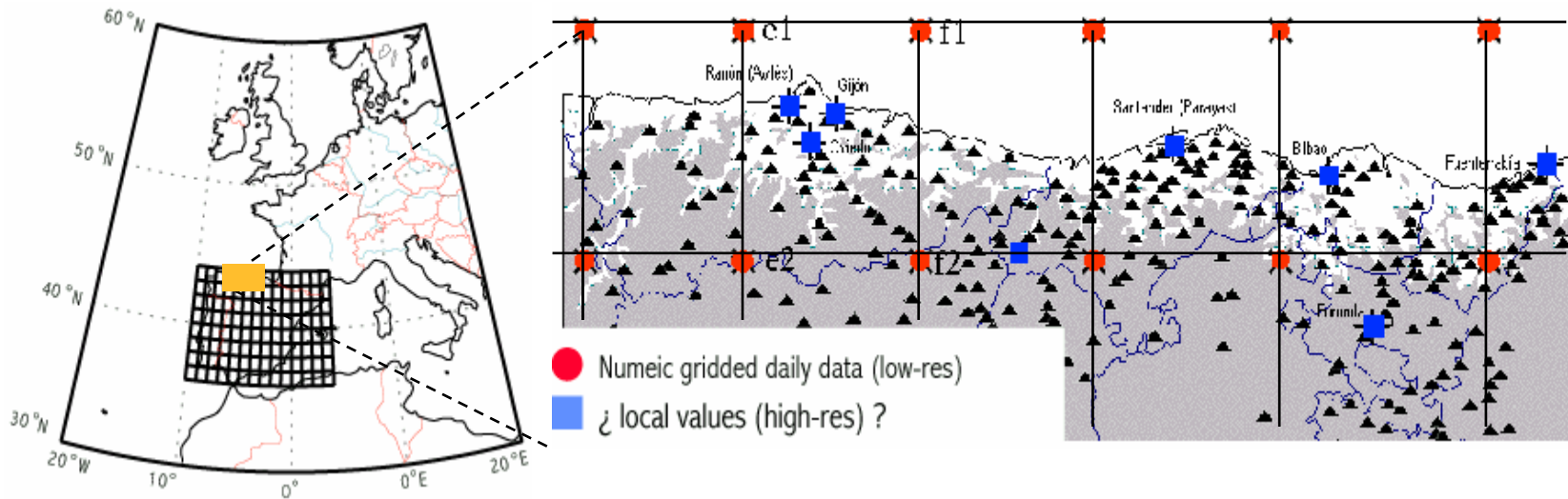
Seasonal precip. during DJF 1997/98 at Morropón: **1300 mm**, Sausal: **360 mm**.

### Predictions (DEMETER):

year	CNRM	ECMWF	MPI	UKMO
1979/80	609.4	1938.9	398.6	761.9
1982/83	557.6	2424.7	473.9	740.2
1984/85	598.3	2952.2	207.1	747.9
1997/98	544.0	2905.1	621.7	771.7

Analysis and Downscaling Multi-Model Seasonal Forecasts in Peru using Self-Organizing Maps by J. M. Gutiérrez, R. Cano, A. S. Cofiño, and C. Sordo, *Tellus* **57A**, 435-447 (2005).

# Statistical Downscaling Methods



Time series	Blanford, 1884. van Oldenborgh et al., 2003
Lineal regression	Linear. Need to reduce dimension of input space.
Canonical correlation	Linear. Mostly monthly data. (Frías 2005)
Neural networks	Nonlinear. Need to reduce dimension.
Analog & wather typing	Nonlinear (Gutiérrez et al. 2005).
Weather generators (Bayesian networks)	<b>Temporal downscaling</b> , Feddersen and Andersen 2005, Garbrecht et al. 2004



# Statistical Validation and Downscaling Tools

Climate Explorer: Starting point - Mozilla Firefox

Portal for reanalysis data access and statistical downscaling - Mozilla Firefox

Downscale - Mozilla Firefox

http://localhost:9380/ensembles/met

home logout admin user info user manager

Web portal for statistical downscaling  
Applied Meteorology Group  
(INM & University of Cantabria)

Predictors Predictand Downscale

Switch to easy mode

Project: DEMETER Models: scnr Years: 1973 Analysis month: Feb Forecast Month: Mar

Members: ALL Aggregation:  Individual  Mean  Percentile: 75

Weather Typing Regression Weather Generator

Analogues SOM K-means

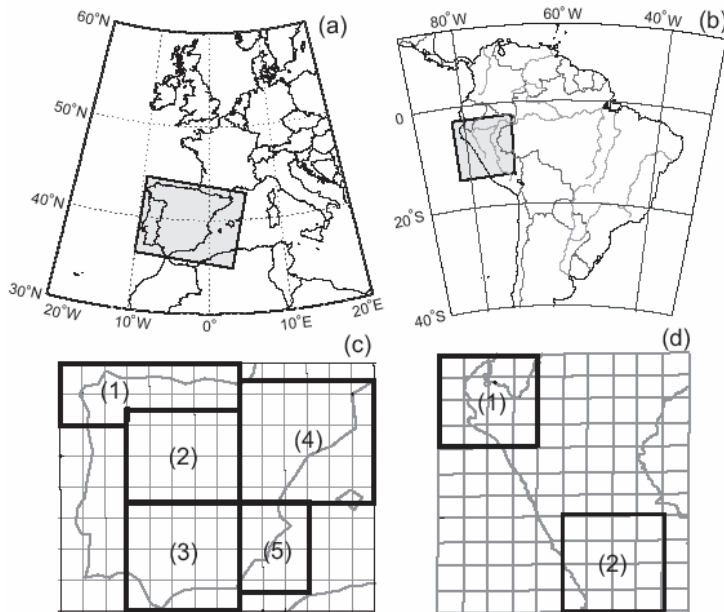
Nearest neighbours: 50

Mean  Dist. weighted mean  Percentile: 75

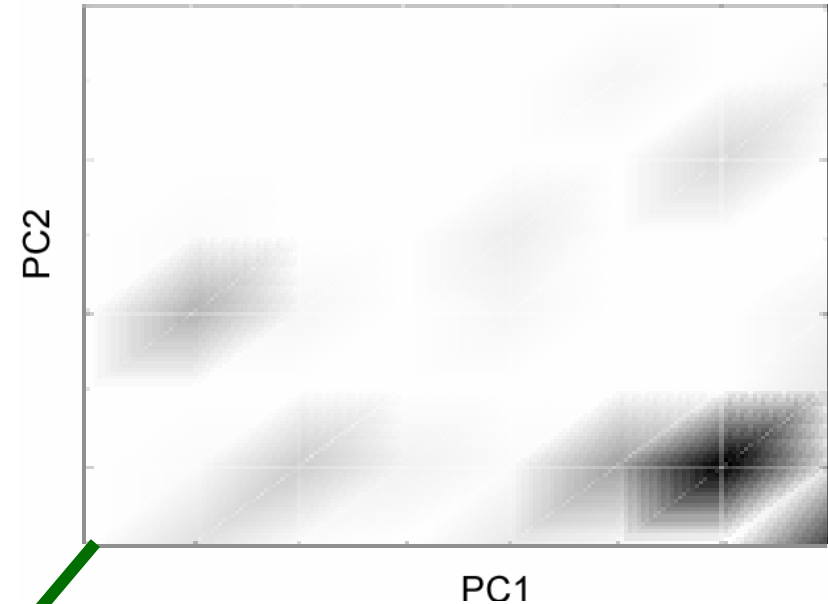
go

Info about this method

# Example: Bayesian Weather Typing.



(a) Demeter DJF 1979-1993



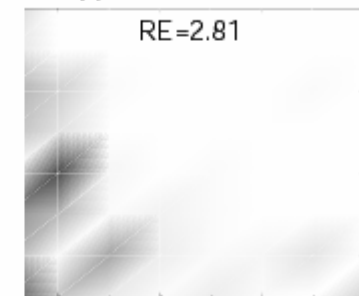
$$P_{\text{clim}}(\text{precip} > u) = \sum_{C_k} P(\text{precip} > u | C_k) P_{\text{clim}}(C_k)$$

$$P_{\text{forecast}}(\text{precip} > u) = \sum_{C_k} P(\text{precip} > u | C_k) P_{\text{forecast}}(C_k)$$

(b) Demeter DJF 1990



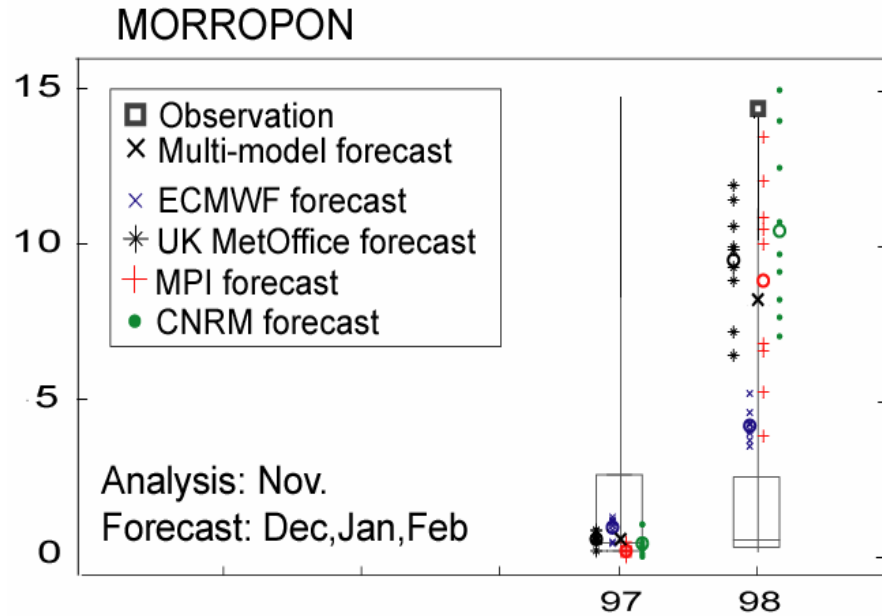
(c) Demeter DJF 1998



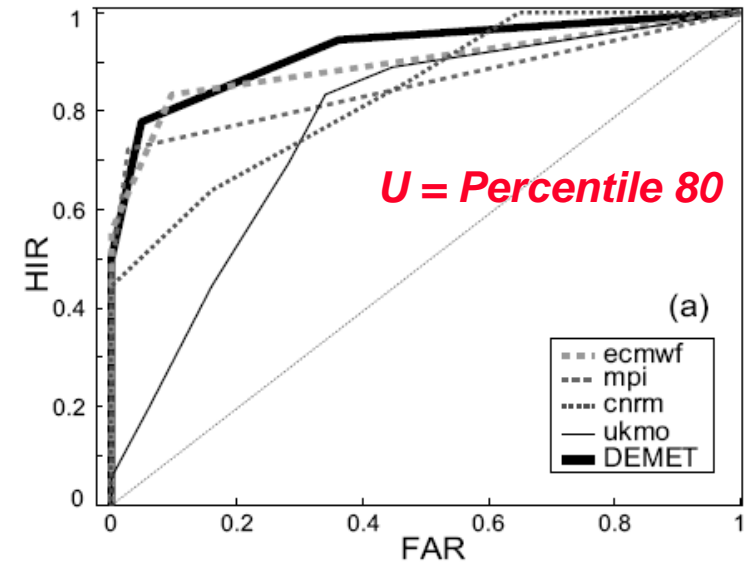
A Probabilistic Bayesian Adaptation of the Analog Downscaling Method for Ensemble Forecast Systems. Submitted.

# Downscaling Method (Numeric vs Probabilistic). Skill.

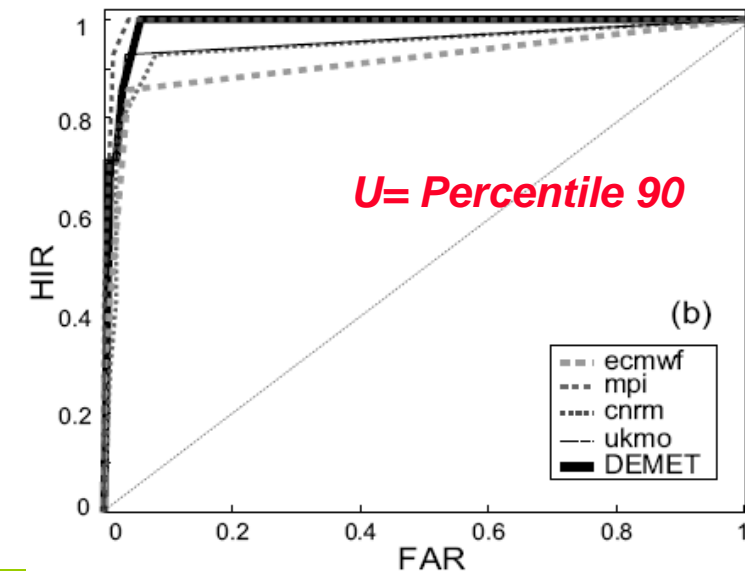
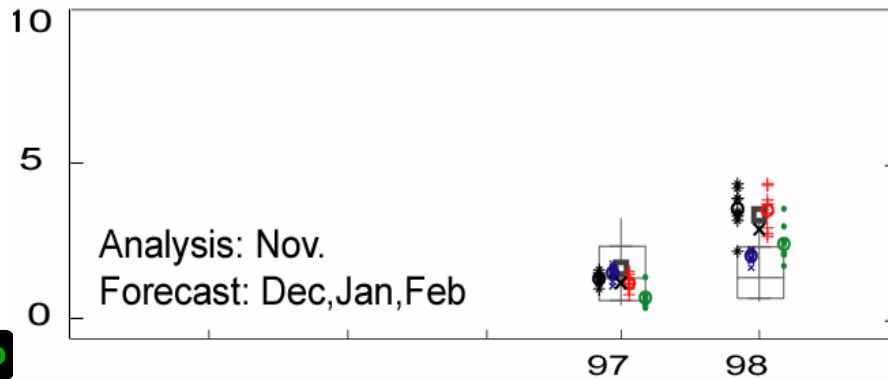
**Numeric Forecast: Precip = \***



**Probabilistic:  $P(\text{precip} > u) = *$**



SAUSAL DE CULUCAN



# Assessing the Confidence of a Particular Prediction.

$$E(P) = - \sum_i p_i \log p_i.$$

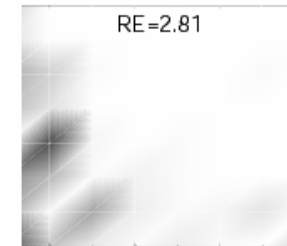
$$RE(P|Q) = \sum_{q_i \neq 0} p_i \log \frac{p_i}{q_i}.$$

Measures the “distance” between two distributions.

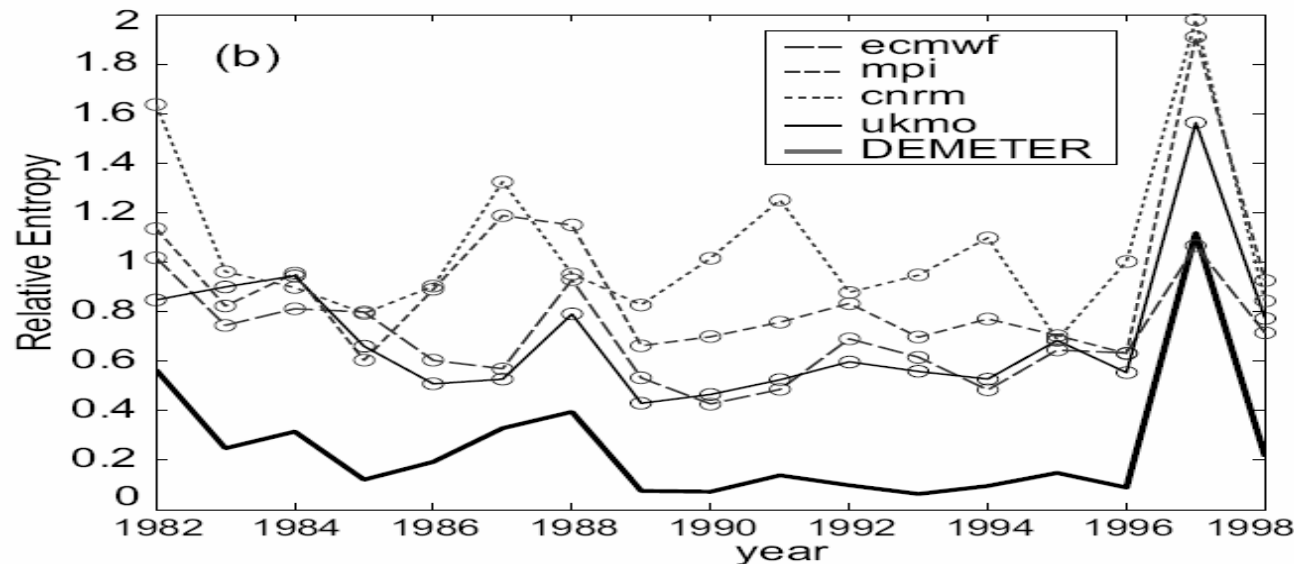
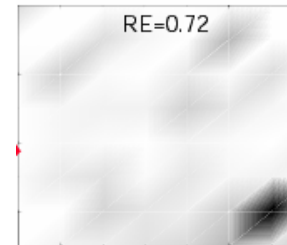
(a) Demeter DJF 1979-1993



(c) Demeter DJF 1998



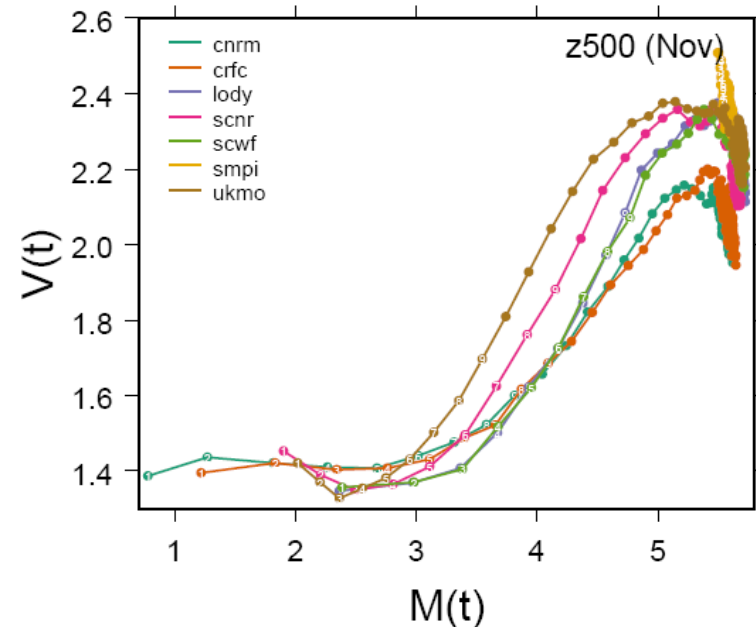
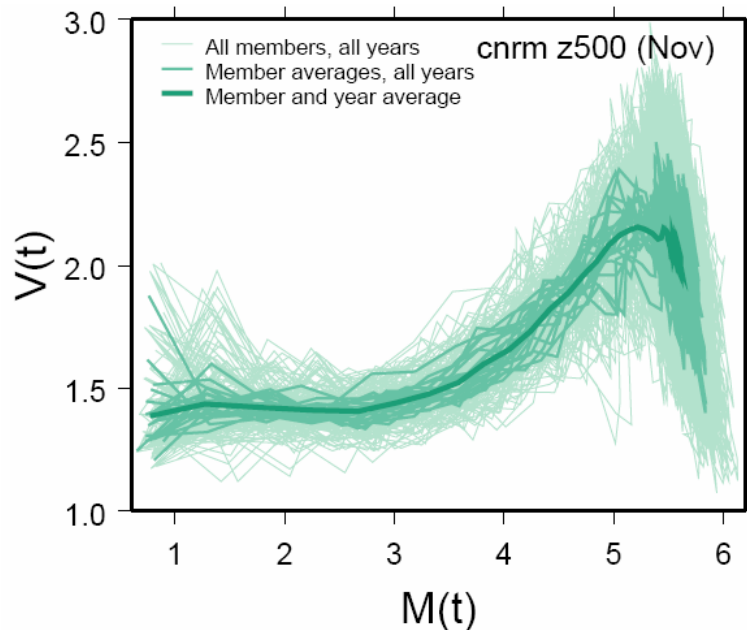
(b) Demeter DJF 1990



## Combining the Models of the Ensemble.

In most of the cases, equal probabilities are assigned to each of the models forming the ensemble. There are some alternatives:

- **Bayesian model averaging** uses model's performance in a reference period to weight the models.



**Error Growth Patterns in Systems with Spatial Chaos:  
From Coupled Map Lattices to Global Weather Models**  
C. Primo, I. G. Szendro, M. A. Rodríguez, and J. M. Gutiérrez,  
Physical Review Letters **98**, 108501 (2007)

## Skill in Mid-Latitudes (Z500)

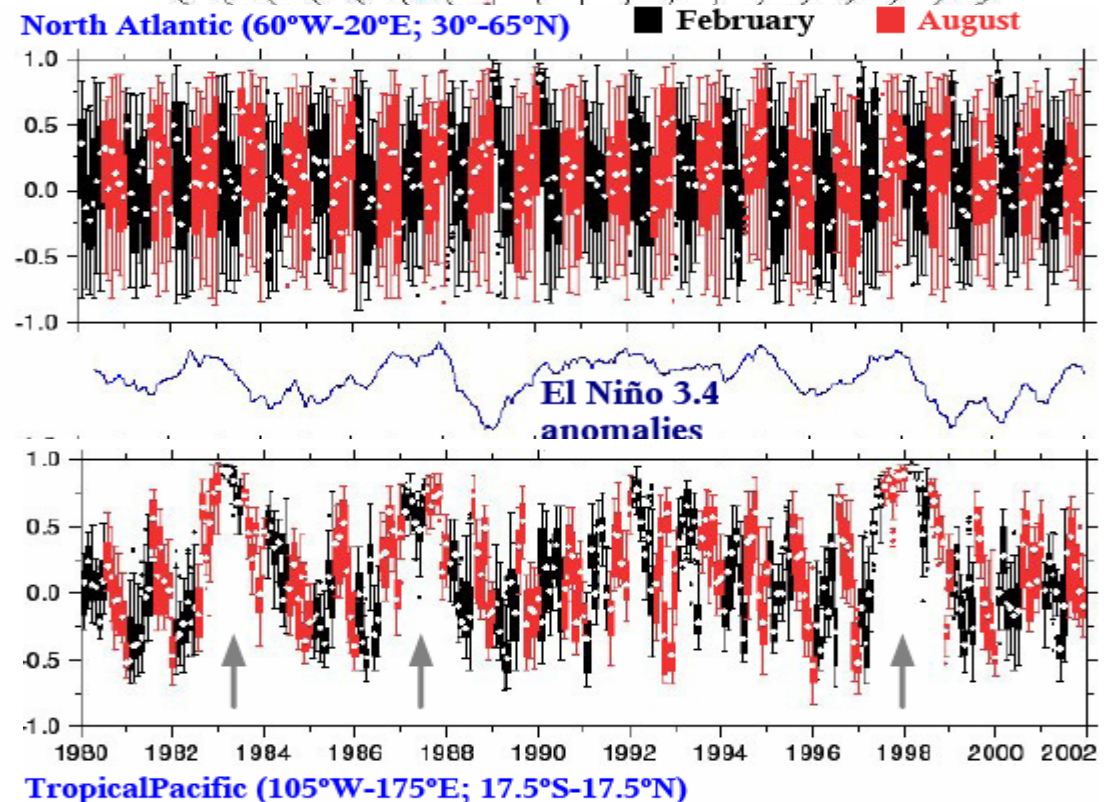
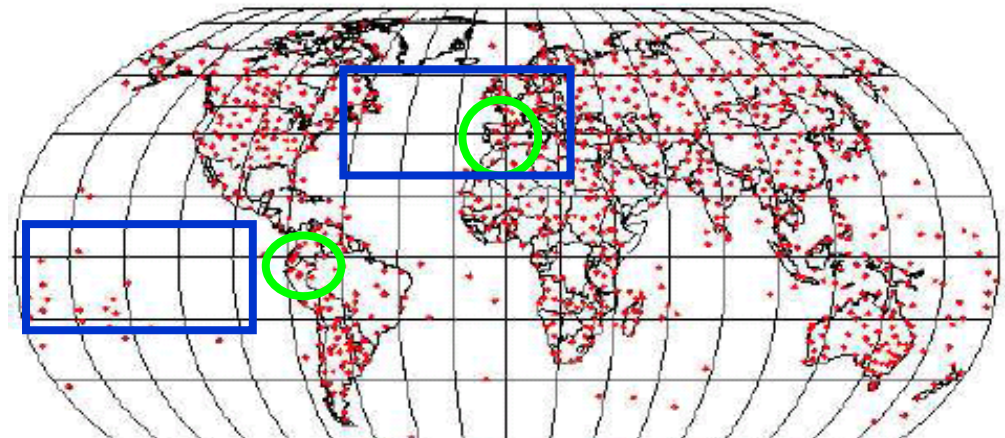
*Many validation measures:*

*Deterministic:*

- ACC (Anom. Correlation coef.)
- RMSE (Root Mean Squared Error)

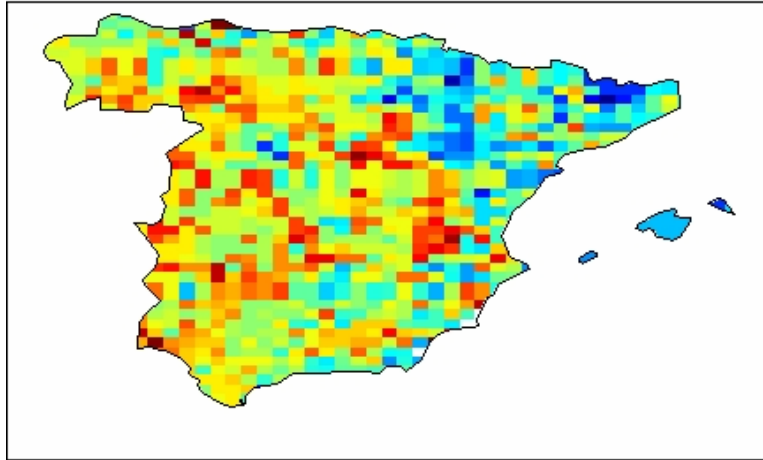
*Probabilistic:*

- Brier Score / Brier Skill Score
- ROC Area / ROC skill Area
- Economic Value
- Entropy / Information Theory



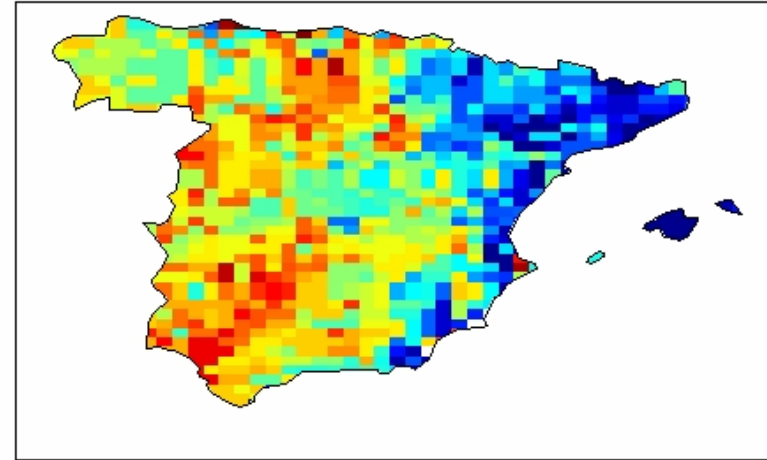
# Teleconnection with ENSO Events. Precip Winter DJF

T1-Down ( $\mu=0.10, \sigma=0.33$ )



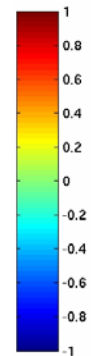
Seasonal forecast: downscaling

T1-Mod ( $\mu=-0.00, \sigma=0.44$ )



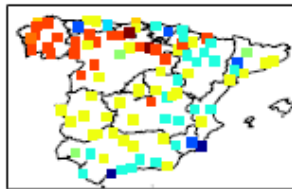
Seasonal forecast: model output

RSA

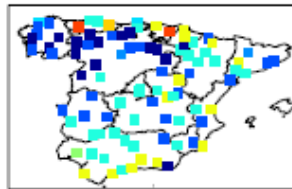


90 %

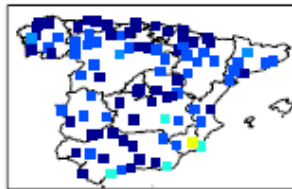
1st tercile (dry)



2nd tercile (normal)



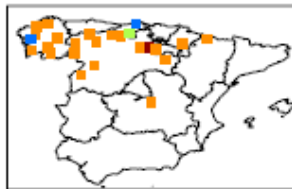
3rd tercile (wet)



Probability

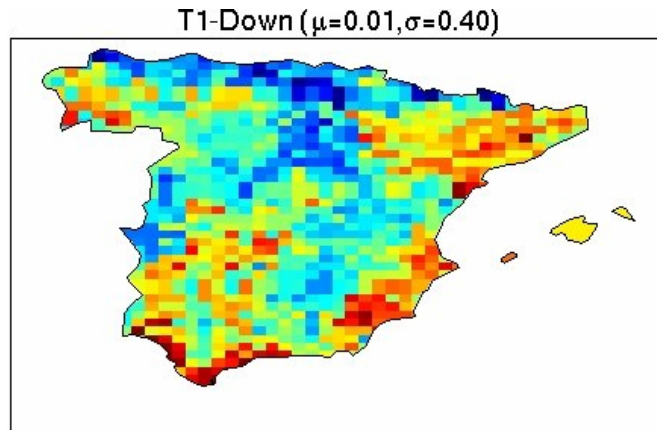
Confidence %

La Niña, INM

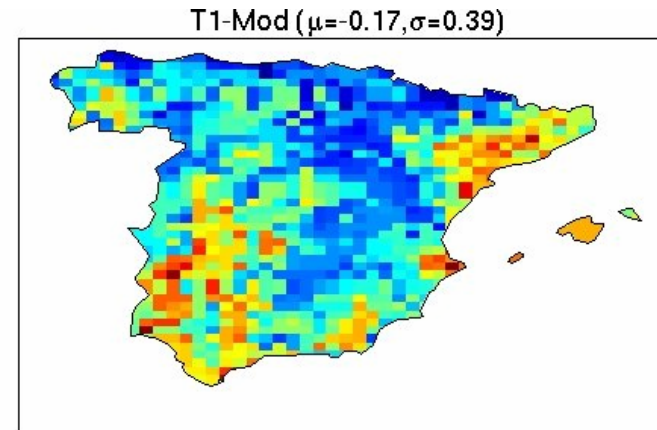


AI  
met  
group

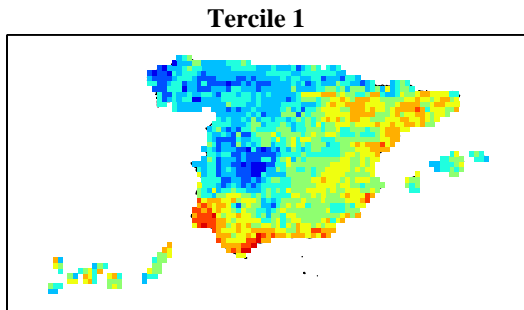
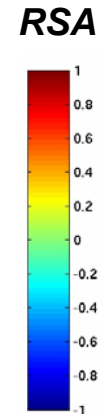
# Teleconnection with ENSO Events. Precip Spring MAM



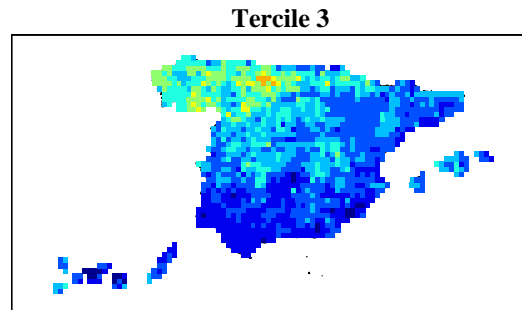
Seasonal forecast: downscaling



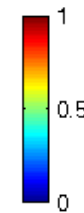
Seasonal forecast: model output



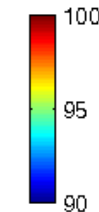
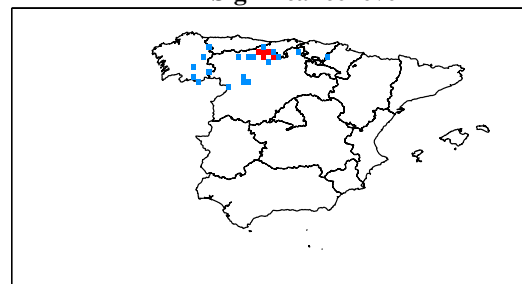
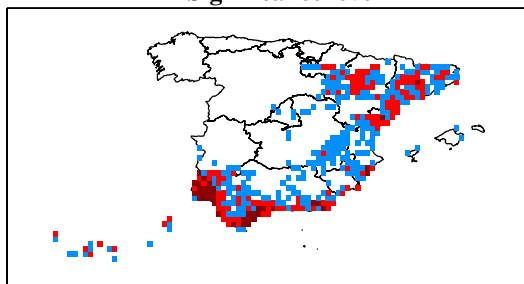
Significance level



Significance level



Poster Session III –  
Seasonal prediction  
regional skill applications



Seasonal predictability  
over the Iberian  
peninsula associated  
with ENSO Events  
M.D. Frías et. al.



# Teleconnection with ENSO Events. **EUROPE**

