



NextGen “climate-and-society” forecasts

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Outline

1. NextGen
2. NextGenMig: human migration
3. NextGenNut: food security



Some Context

As we all know, decision makers require **tailored information**:

- a **wide range of predictands**, well beyond rainfall totals and temperatures. E.g., onset, duration and demise of the rainy/monsoon/dry season(s), crop yield, planting *dates*, energy consumption, ...
- a **flexible format approach** (e.g., use the entire PDF —forget about terciles until they're really needed).



The unseen driver behind the migrant caravan: climate change



▲ Honduran migrants taking part in a caravan heading to the US, walk alongside the road in Huixtla, Chiapas state, Mexico, on 24 October. Photograph: John Chirac/AP/Getty Images

While violence and poverty have been cited as the reasons for the exodus, experts say the big picture is that changing climate

Some Context

- Can we go beyond climate variables and target a set of (complementary) predictands of direct use for decision makers?
- What is the predictive skill and forecast horizons for those predictands?

climate forecasts
are more relevant

climate forecasts
are less relevant

Climate and Health

Food Security

Human migration



The unseen driver behind the migrant caravan: climate change



▲ Honduran migrants taking part in a caravan heading to the US, walk alongside the road in Huixtla, Chiapas state, Mexico, on 24 October. Photograph: John Ochoaiz/AP/Getty Images

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#NextGen

NextGen is a systematic general approach for co-designing, implementing, producing and verifying objective forecasts *at multiple timescales*.

NextGen is designed by the user, and offers **tailored probabilistic forecasts** at **multiple timescales**, providing information on how the rainfall will be distributed: frequency of rainy/dry days in the target season, onset, demise and duration of the rainy season(s); as well as information on other variables of interest, such as min, mean and max temperatures.



NextGen CS

Some new papers on the cross-timescale NextGen methodology for climate and “climate-and-society” predictions:

- Muñoz et al., 2020 (Nature Sci Rep – *Aedes*-borne diseases)
- Goddard, González Romero et al., 2020 (WMO Bull. – ecosystem of Climate Services)
- White et al., 2021 (BAMS – undernutrition)
- Pons et al., 2021 (WAF – coffee yield)
- DeMott et al. 2021 (EOS – ocean subseasonal forecasts and tools)
- Becker et al., 2021 (BAMS – NMME and NextGen)
- Domaisen et al. (BAMS, under revisions – compound volcano-rainfall extremes)

NextGenMig:

Can we predict “climate migrations”?

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Why Guatemalans migrate?

“Better opportunities”

- Better jobs (seasonal to Mexico, long-term to the US and Canada)
- Pay debts (home, land, coyotes, ...)
- *Increasing* infant mortality after 2012
- Family/friends abroad
- Violence
- Political instability
- Inequality
- Environmental conflict (e.g., dams in Ixquisís, Huehuetenango).

The number of Guatemalans apprehended by the U.S. Border Patrol jumped to 117,000 in 2018, a 75 percent increase from the year before. Migrants to the U.S. from the Northern Triangle—Guatemala, Honduras, and El Salvador—now outnumber those from Mexico.



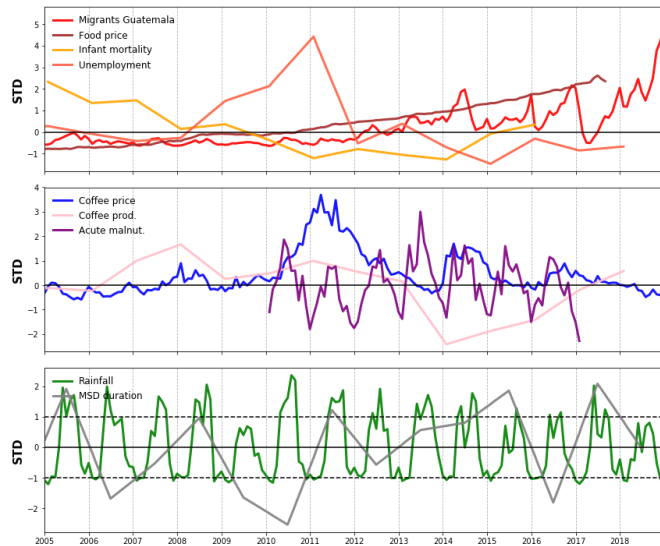
RYAN MORRIS AND MATTHEW W. CHWASTYK, NGM STAFF
SOURCES: MISSING MIGRANTS PROJECT, INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR MIGRATION; U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION

NextGen Methodology for Migration

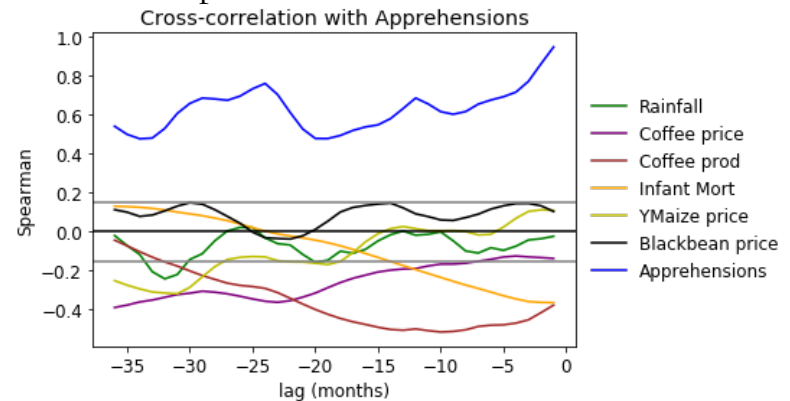
Conceptual Model



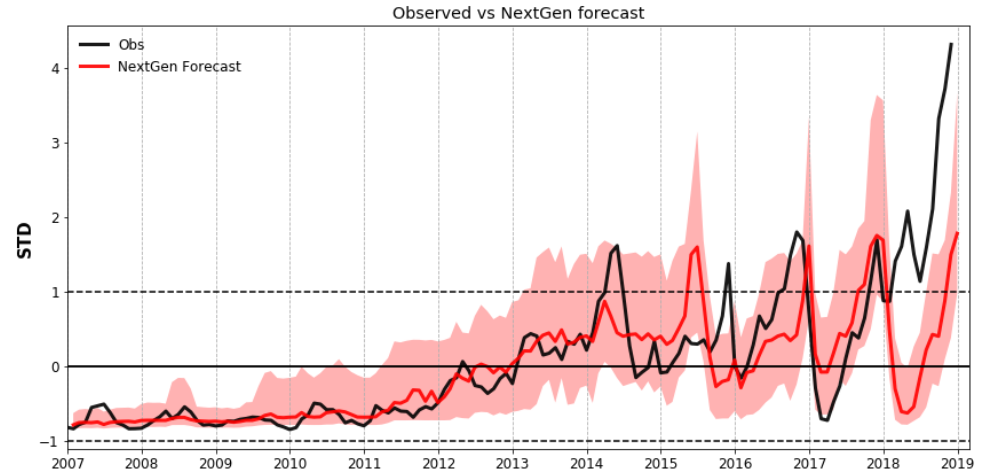
Analysis of evidence supporting
or not the conceptual model
(hypothesis)



Candidate predictors and models selection



Ensemble (combination) of multiple, cross-
validated forecast models for **migration**



Why Guatemalans migrate?

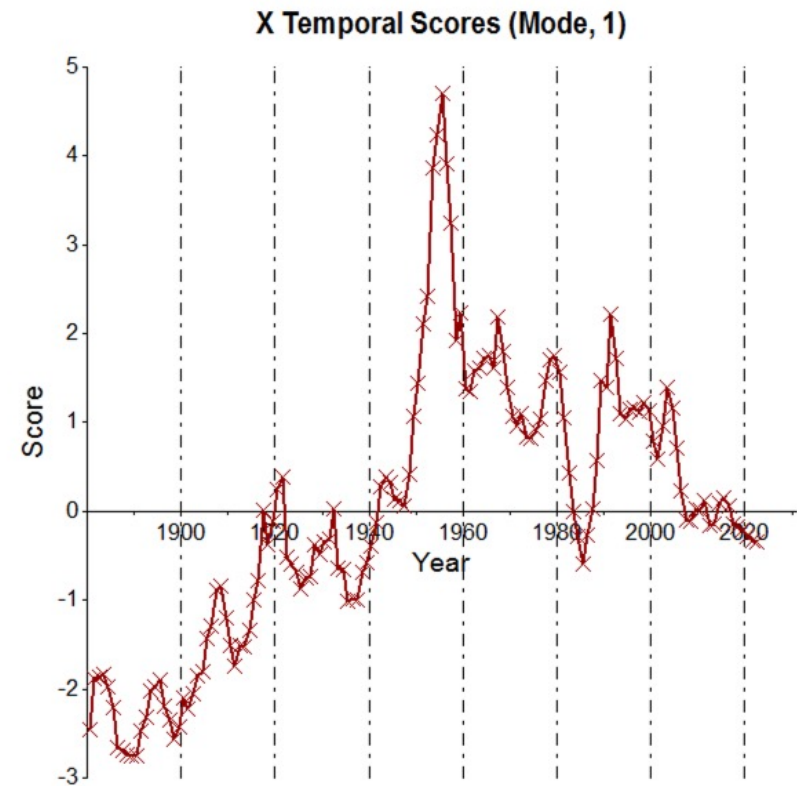
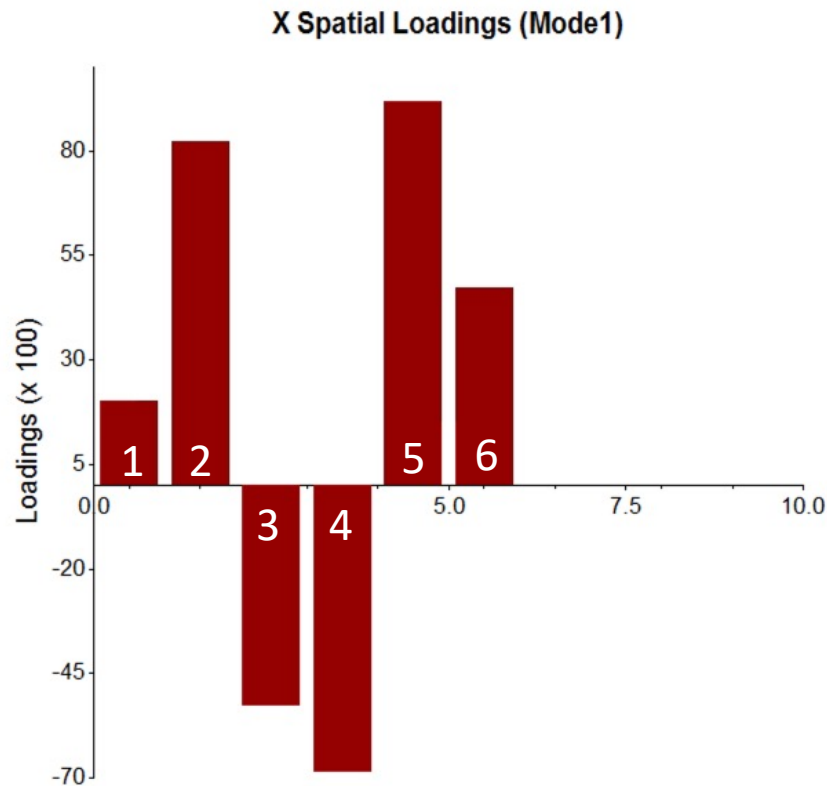
“Better opportunities”

- Better jobs (seasonal to Mexico, long-term to the US and Canada)
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Candidate predictors?

- Food cost
- Maize and beans prices
- Coffee (cash crop) price
- Coffee (cash crop) yield
- Rainfall
- Infant mortality
- “Recent” migration

Actual Predictor Analysis for Migration



1: Rainfall 2: Coffee price 3: Coffee product 4: Infant Mort 5: Yellow Maize Price 6: Past apprehensions

Actual Predictor Analysis

1: Rainfall

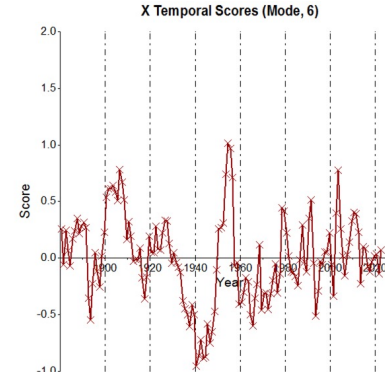
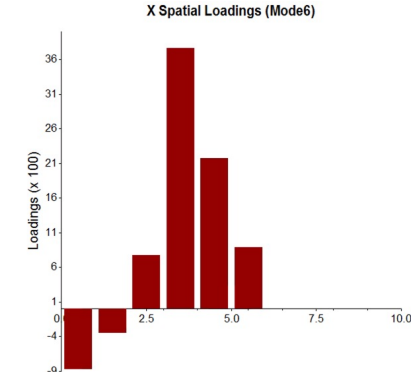
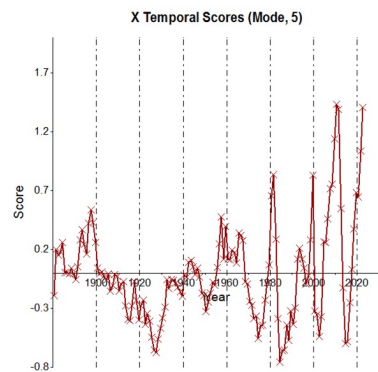
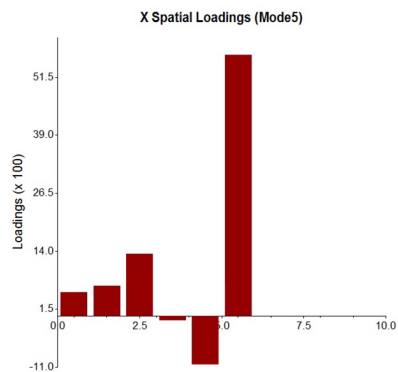
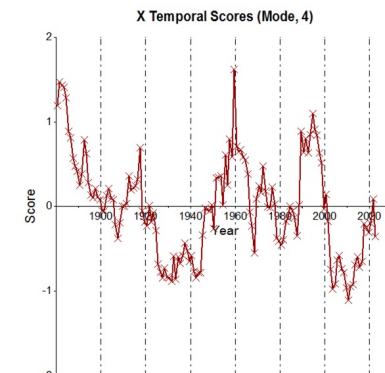
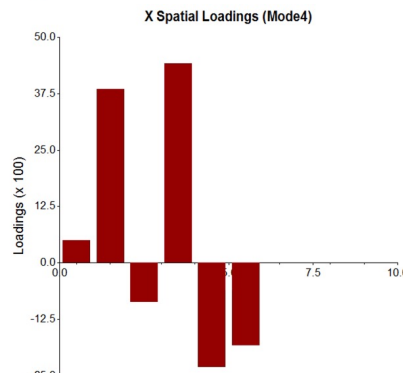
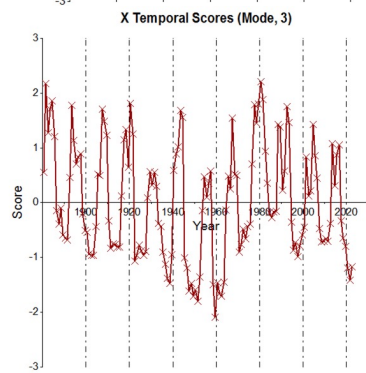
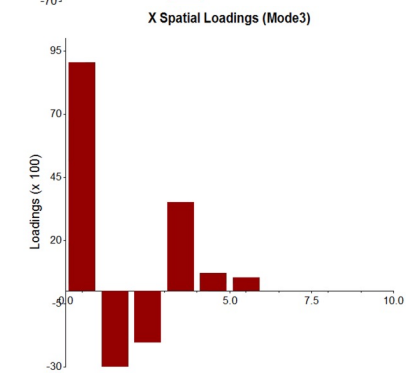
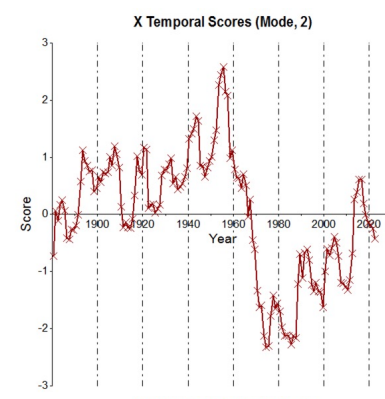
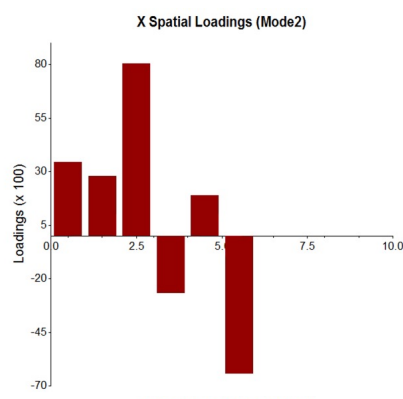
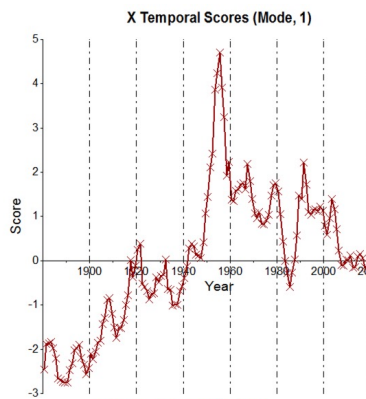
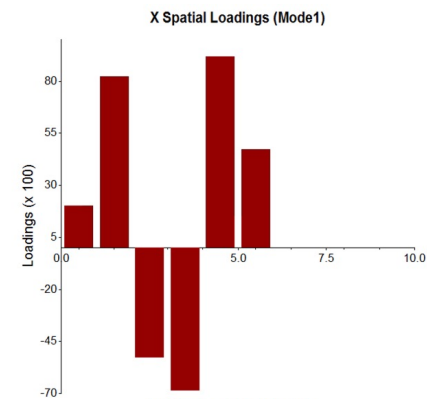
2: Coffee
price

3: Coffee
product

4: Infant
Mort

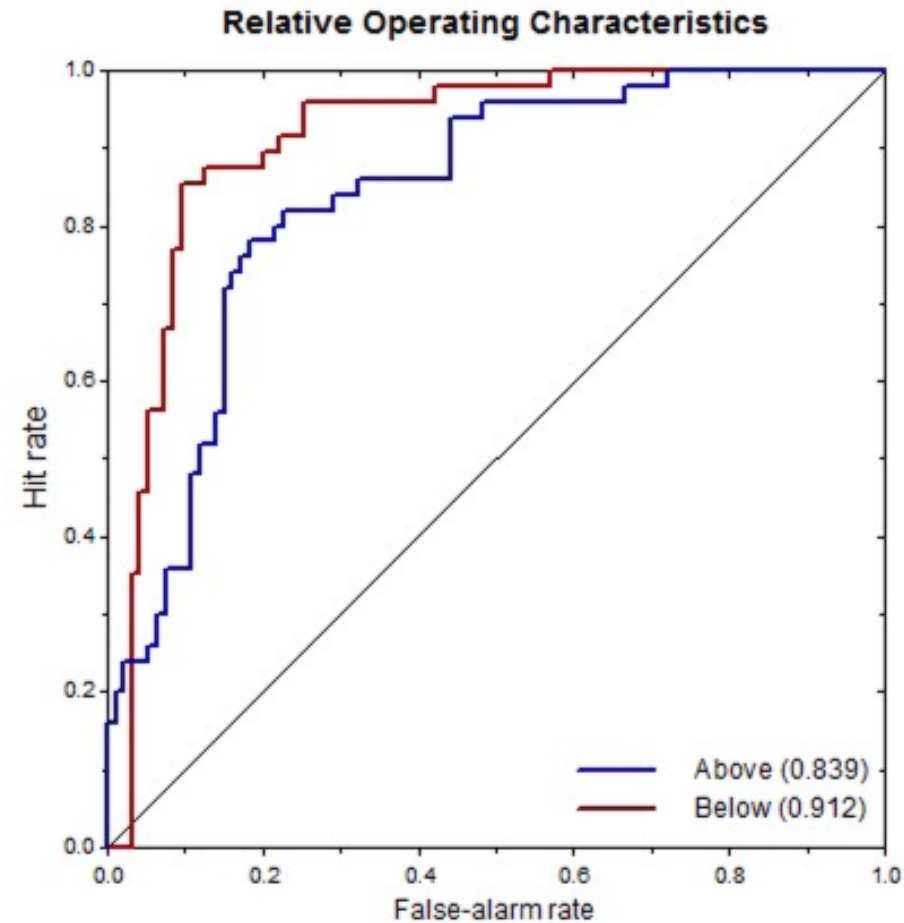
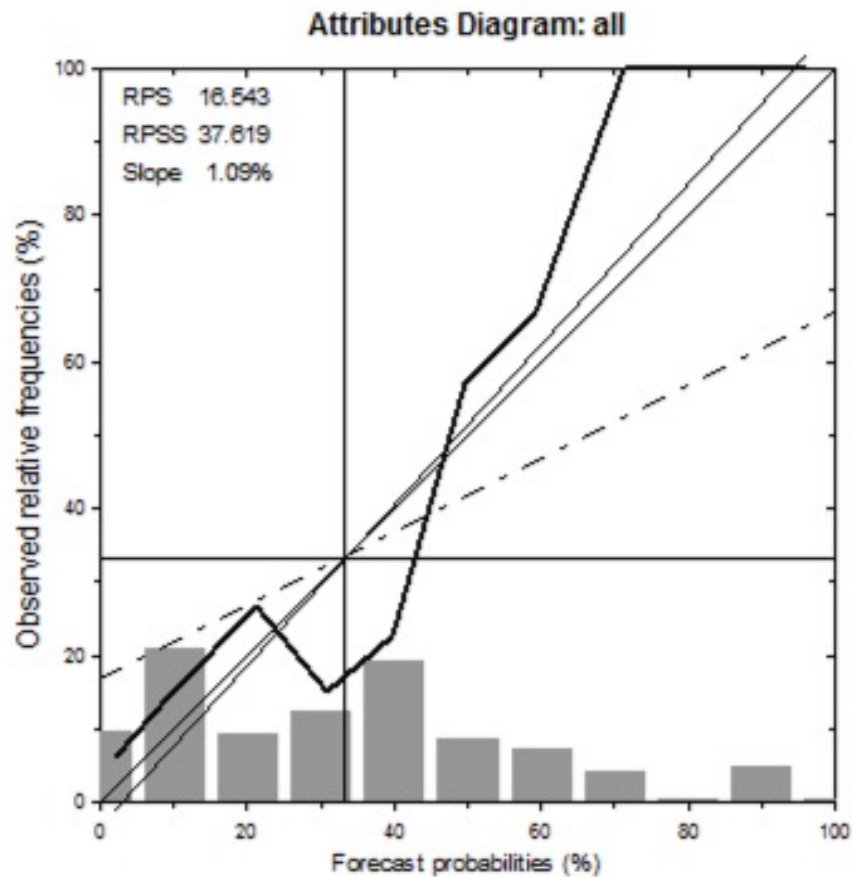
5: Yellow
Maize Price

6: Past
apprehensions

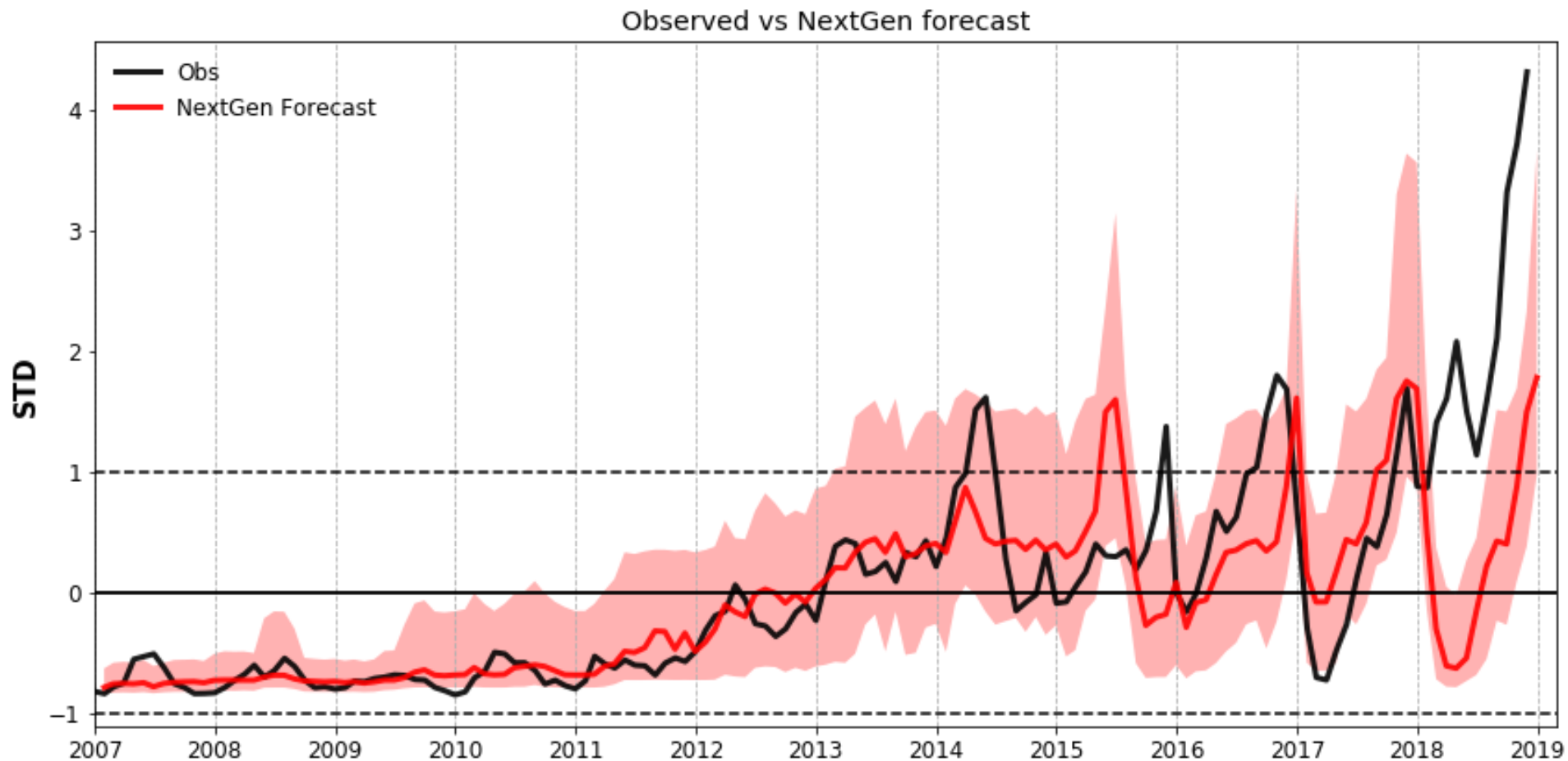


NextGen (PCR) model

Predictive Skill for Human Migration



NextGen Multi-Model Ensemble for Migration



When hunger meets rainfall in Guatemala

A stylized map of Central America is visible in the background. The landmasses are depicted in shades of blue and grey, while the surrounding oceans are a darker blue. Overlaid on the map are large, irregular regions of yellow and red, likely representing different climate or rainfall zones.

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Understanding food insecurity and its drivers in Guatemala

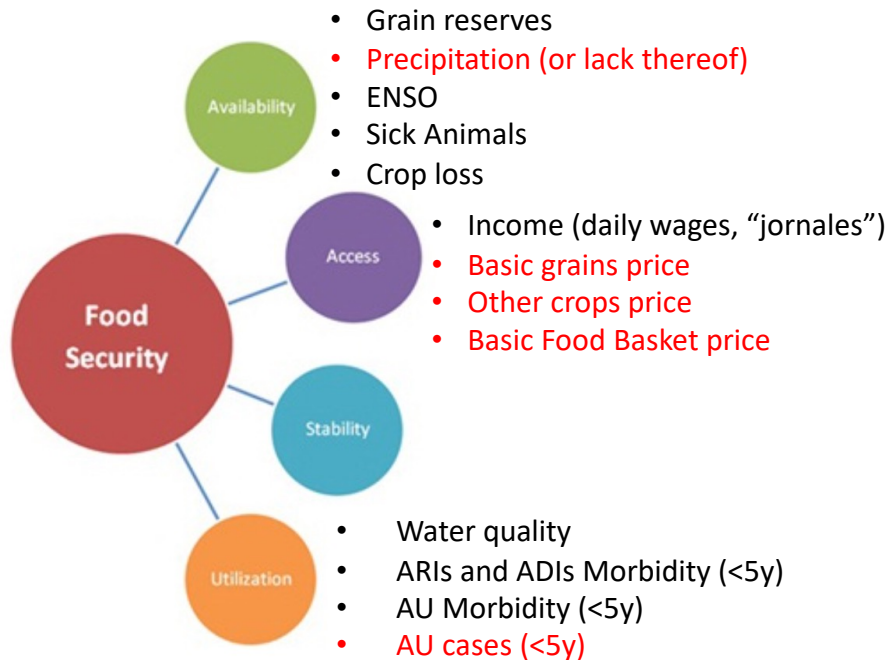


Image courtesy of Tufts University
<http://cfarnutrition.tufts.edu/food-insecurity.htm>

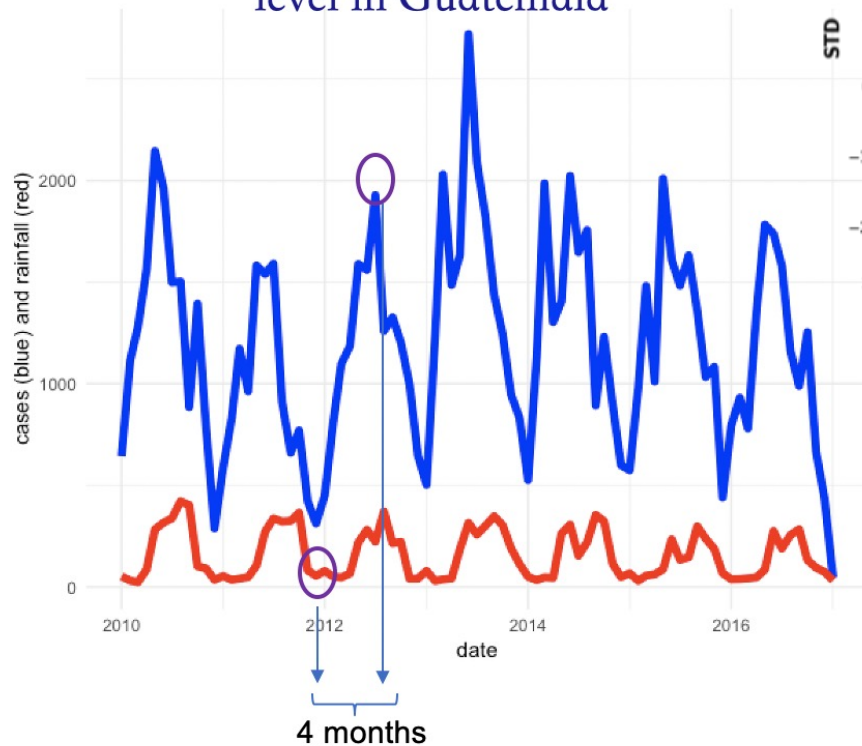
IRI aimed to create an **objective, operational** Early Warning System:

- Starting from SESAN’s conceptual model
- Limitations of the model (e.g. number of variables, some of them are correlated)
- Data limitations and restrictions

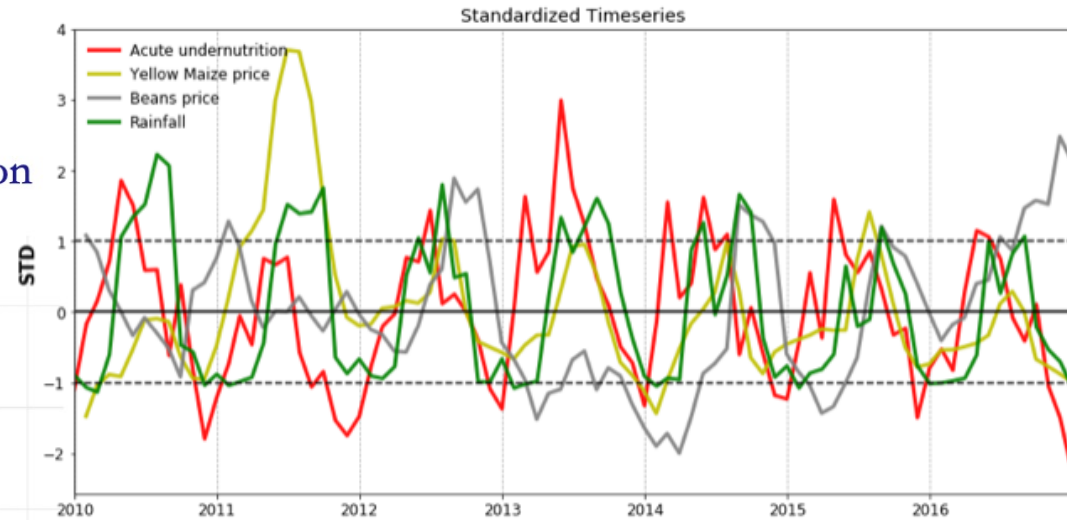
Testing SESAN's conceptual model for acute undernutrition

All-Guatemala Diagnostic

Cases of AU for Children and Precipitation level in Guatemala



White et al., BAMS sub-judice, Gonzalez Romero et all (in prep)



Gonzalez Romero et all (in prep)

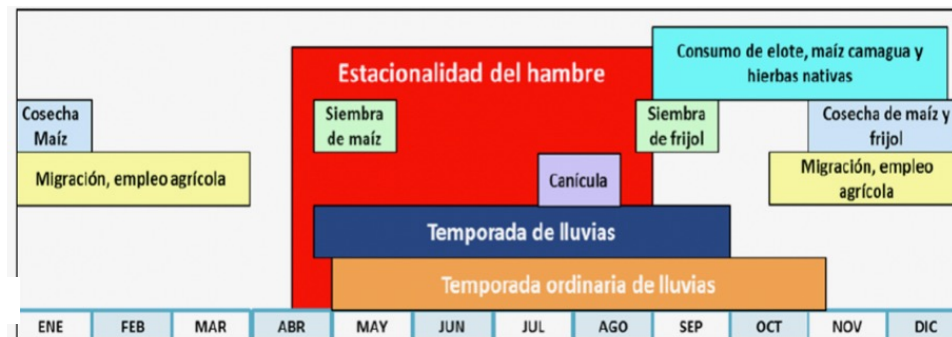


Image courtesy of FEWSNET

Can we skillfully forecast acute undernutrition?

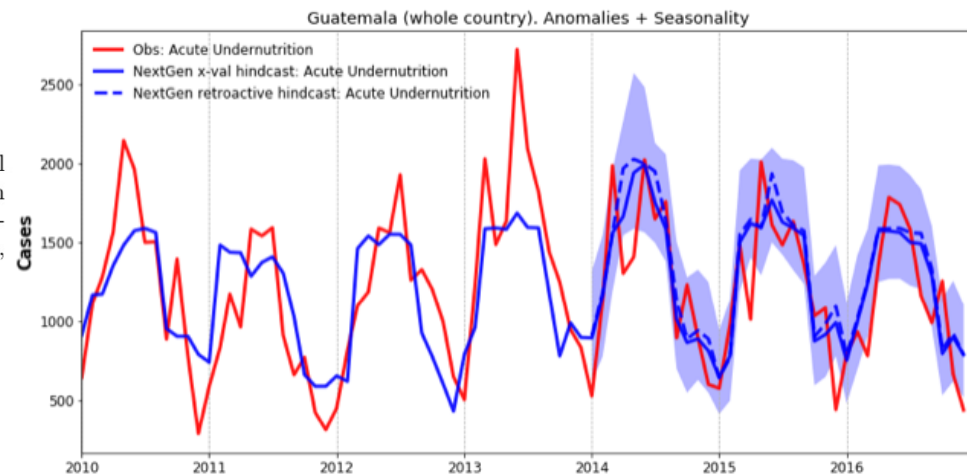
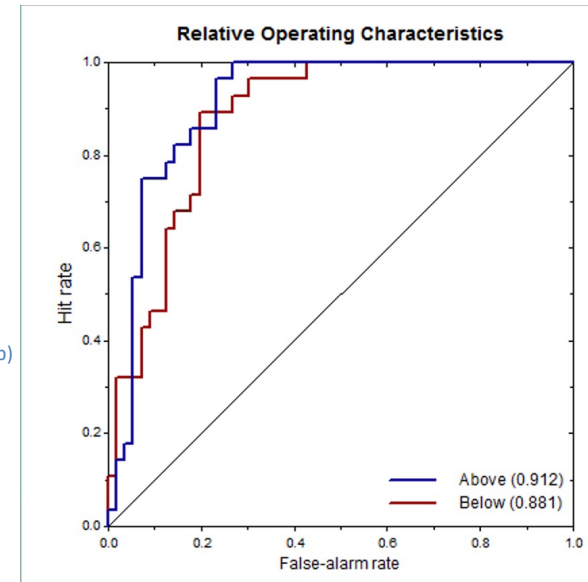
Monthly temporal resolution at the country level

Model	Predictor(s)	lag (mo)	BIC	τ
1	R	-4	144357734.0	0.540
2	FDD	-4	144359058.6	0.491
3	YMaize	-4	144382235.2	0.267
4	BBeans	-4	144383270.7	0.294
5	Coffee	-3	144396520.4	0.099
6	R,YMaize	-4,-4	144352354.3	0.550
7	R,BBeans	-4,-4	144350579.0	0.571
8	R,Coffee	-4,-3	144354089.7	0.554
9	R,YMaize,BBeans	-4,-4,-4	144344286.5	0.590
10	R,BBeans,Coffee	-4,-4,-3	144347540.8	0.573
11	R,YMaize,Coffee	-4,-4,-3	144352071.6	0.556
12	R,YMaize,Beans,Coffee	-4,-4,-4,-3	144344240.3	0.587

Table 1: Simple and multiple linear regression model configurations, selection and skill assessment. Lag is indicated in months. Model selection is conducted using the Bayesian Information Criterion (BIC). Forecast skill is assessed using Kendall's τ (forecast discrimination), via a retroactive forecast approach, using the first 50% of the period for training, and 50% for out-of-sample verification.

Gonzalez Romero et al (in prep)

Gonzalez Romero et al (in prep)

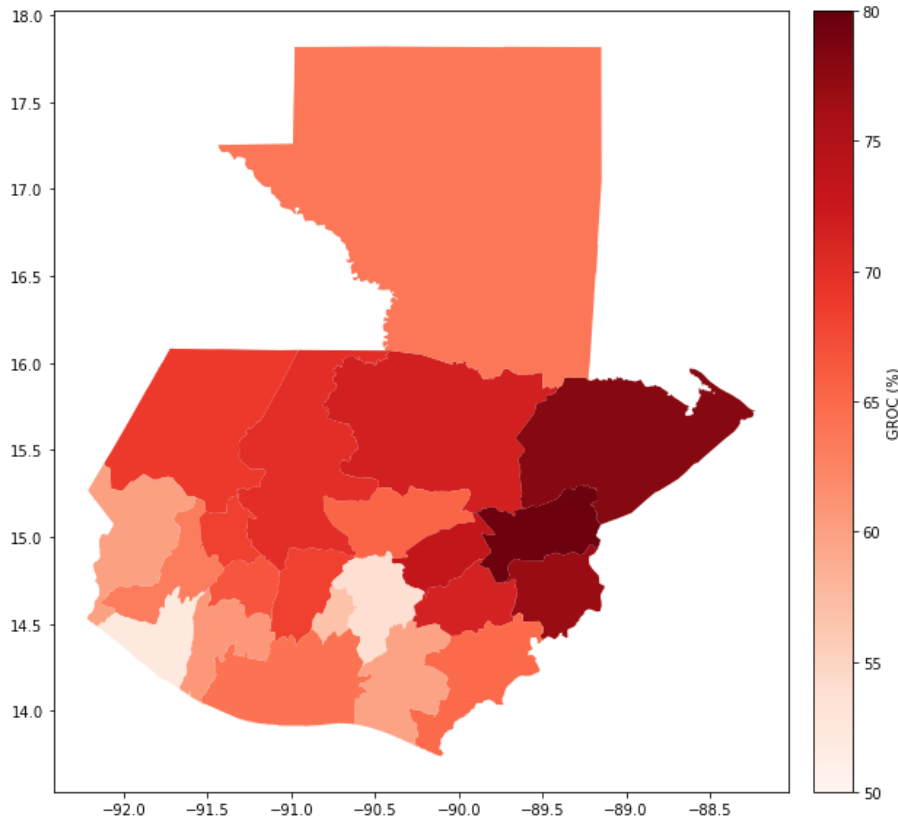


Gonzalez Romero et al (in prep)

... And now it's the time for a NextGen Forecast!!

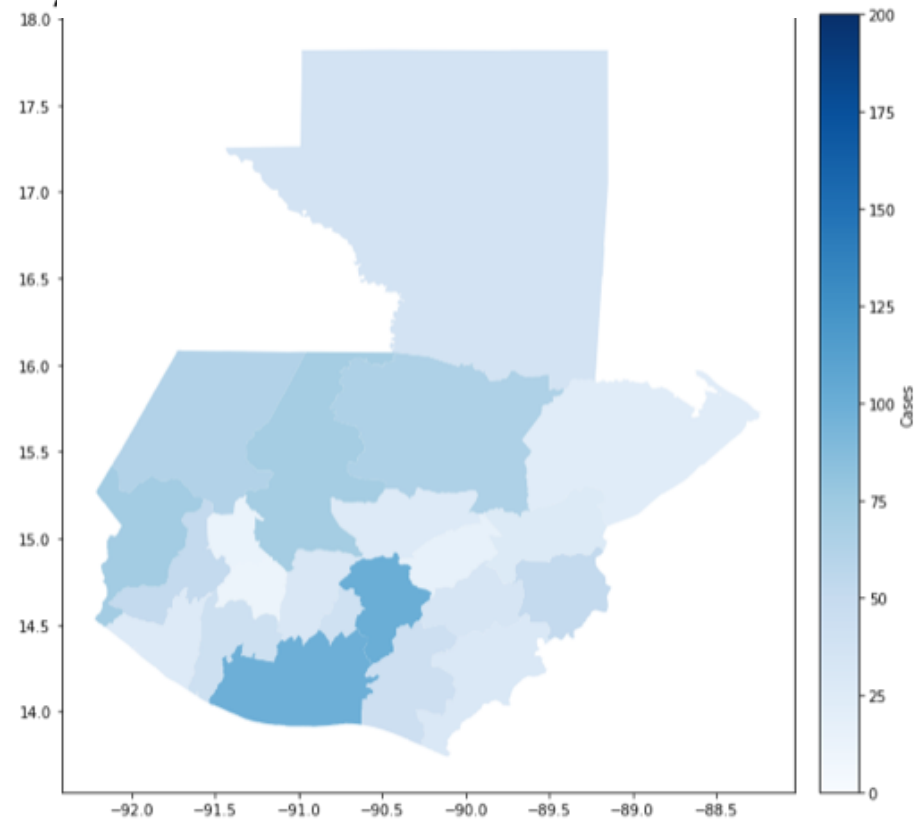
Gonzalez Romero et al (in prep)

Skill map (GROC)

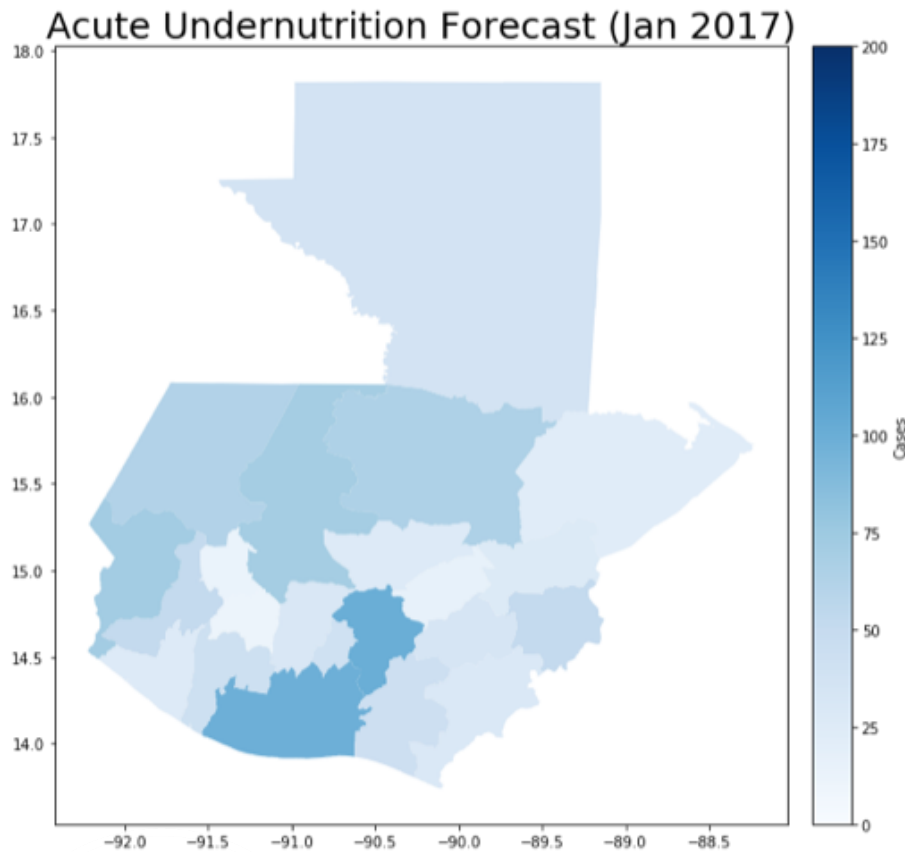


Gonzalez Romero et al (in prep)

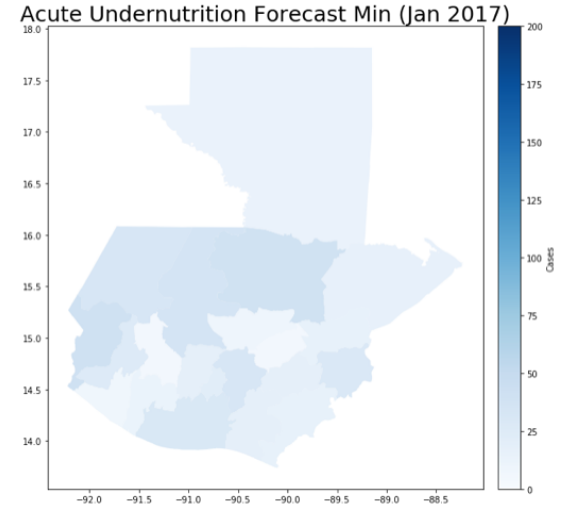
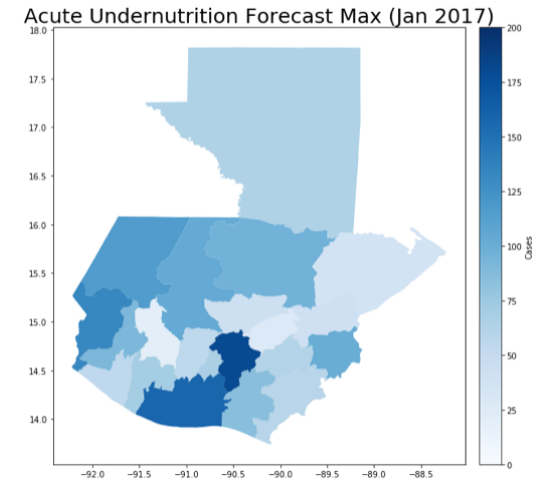
AU Forecast (June 2017)



... And now it's the time for a NextGen forecast!!



Gonzalez Romero et al (in prep)



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