



# The Norwegian Climate Prediction Model (NorCPM)

**Noel Keenlyside, Francois Counillon, Ingo Bethke, Yiguo Wang, Mao-Lin Shen, Madlen Kimmritz, Marius Årthun, Tor Eldevik, Stephanie Gleixner, Helene Langehaug, Anne Britt Sandø, Lea Svendsen, Yongqi Gao**

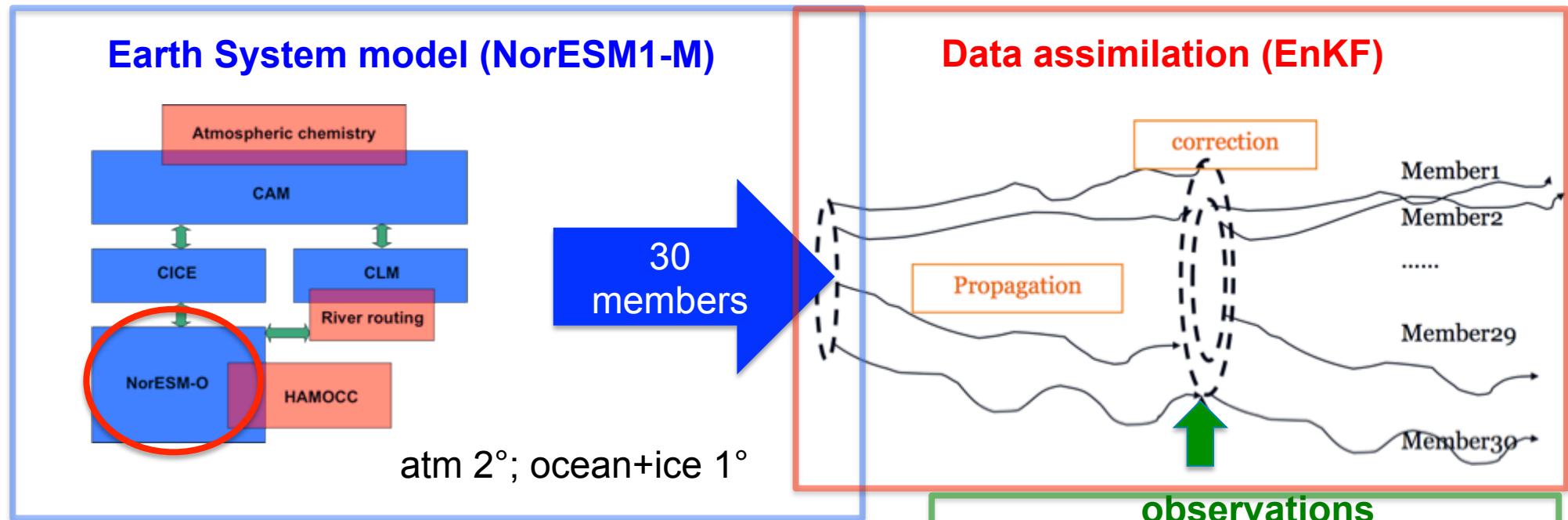
BCCR - Bjerknes Centre for Climate Research, Geophysical Institute (U. of Bergen), NERSC - Nansen Environmental and Remote Sensing Center, IMR - Institute of Marine Research

**Yvan Orsolini\***, Fei Li

NILU - Norwegian Institute for Air Research, \*BCCR - Bjerknes Centre for Climate Research



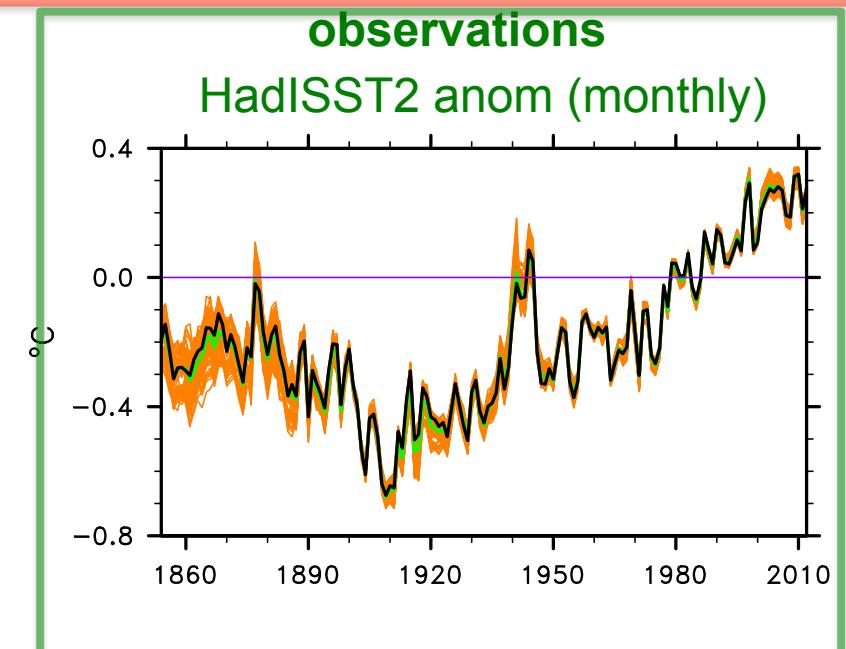
# Norwegian Climate Prediction Model (NorCPM)



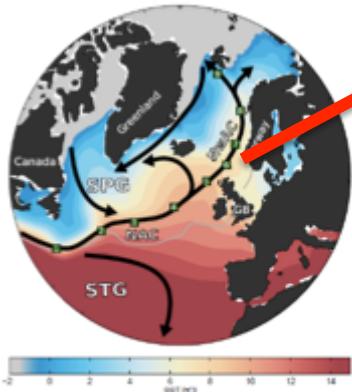
Potential for long-term reanalysis  
(1850 – present), but so far from 1950-2010

V0 system: **SST anom**  
V1 system: **SST anom + ocean Temp-Salinity**  
V2 system (in prep): **Ice-concentration**

Counillon et al., Tellus 2014 & 2016

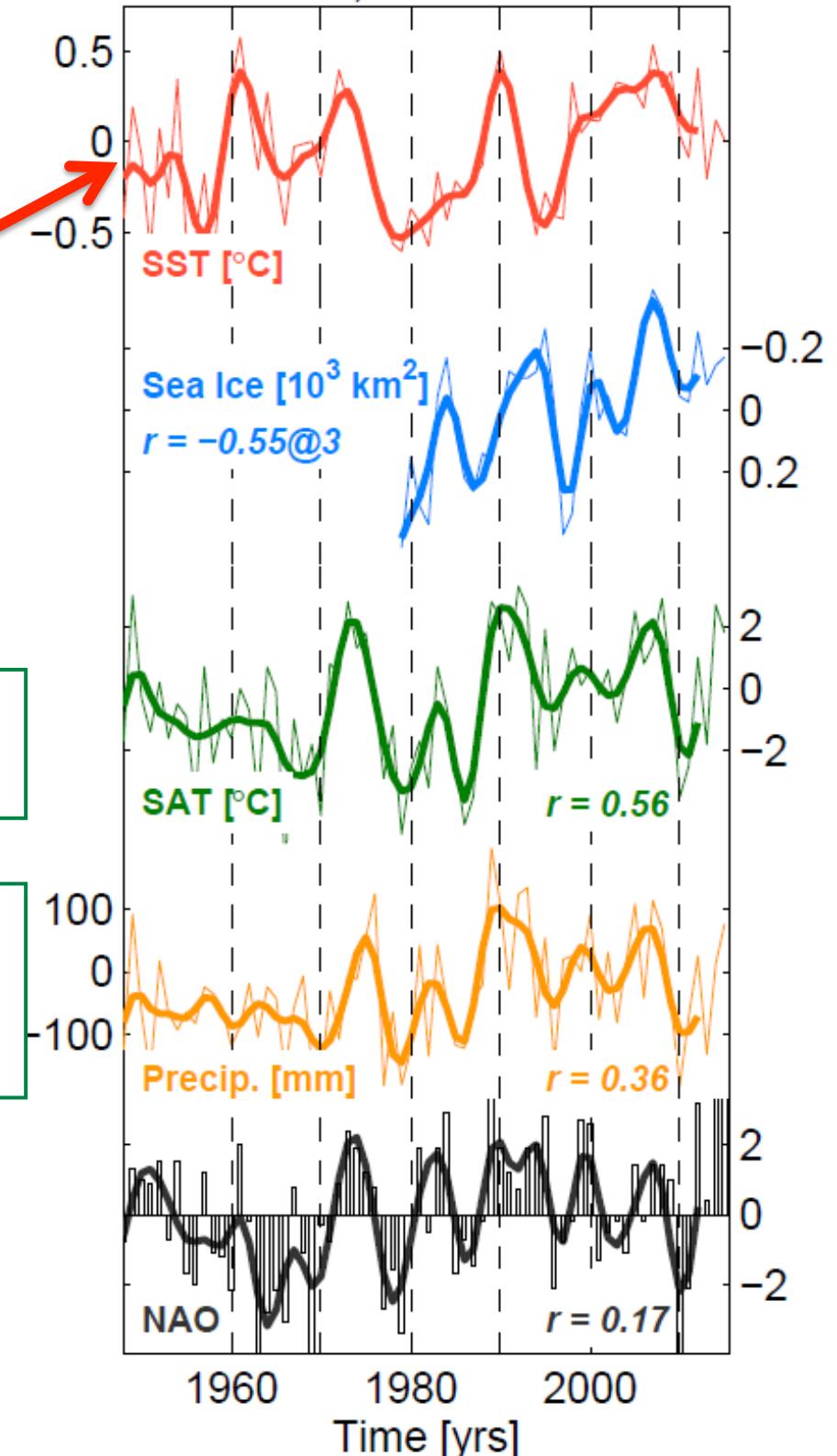


# Focus on Arctic - North Atlantic climate



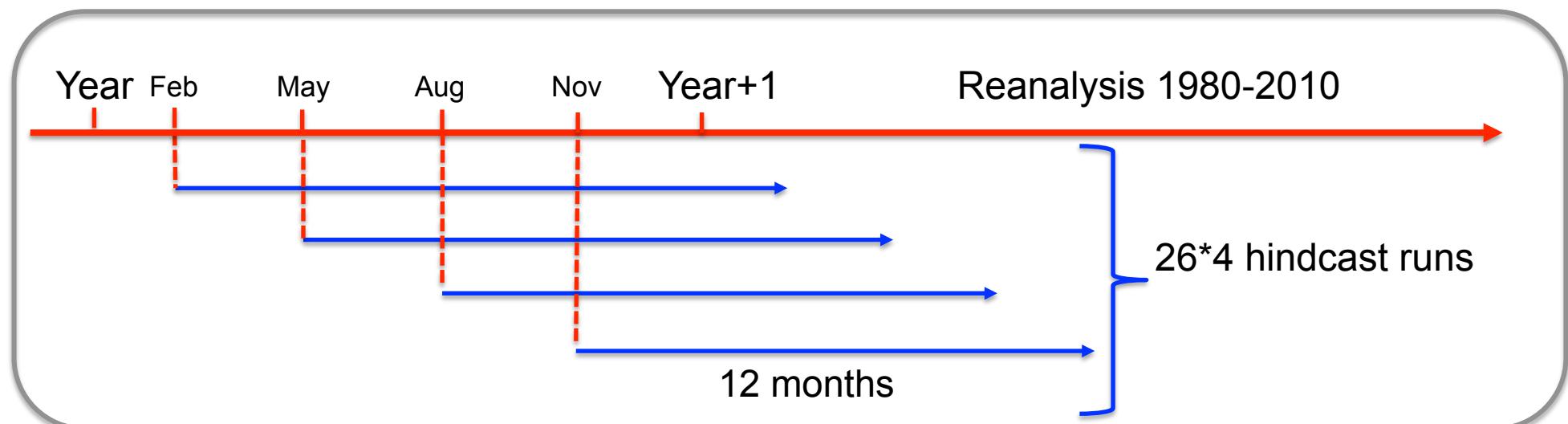
## Oceanic influence

- Norwegian **SAT**, **precipitation**, and Arctic **sea ice** co-vary with Norwegian Sea **SST**.
- Climate impacts associated with regional SST anomalies are complementary to those of the **NAO**.



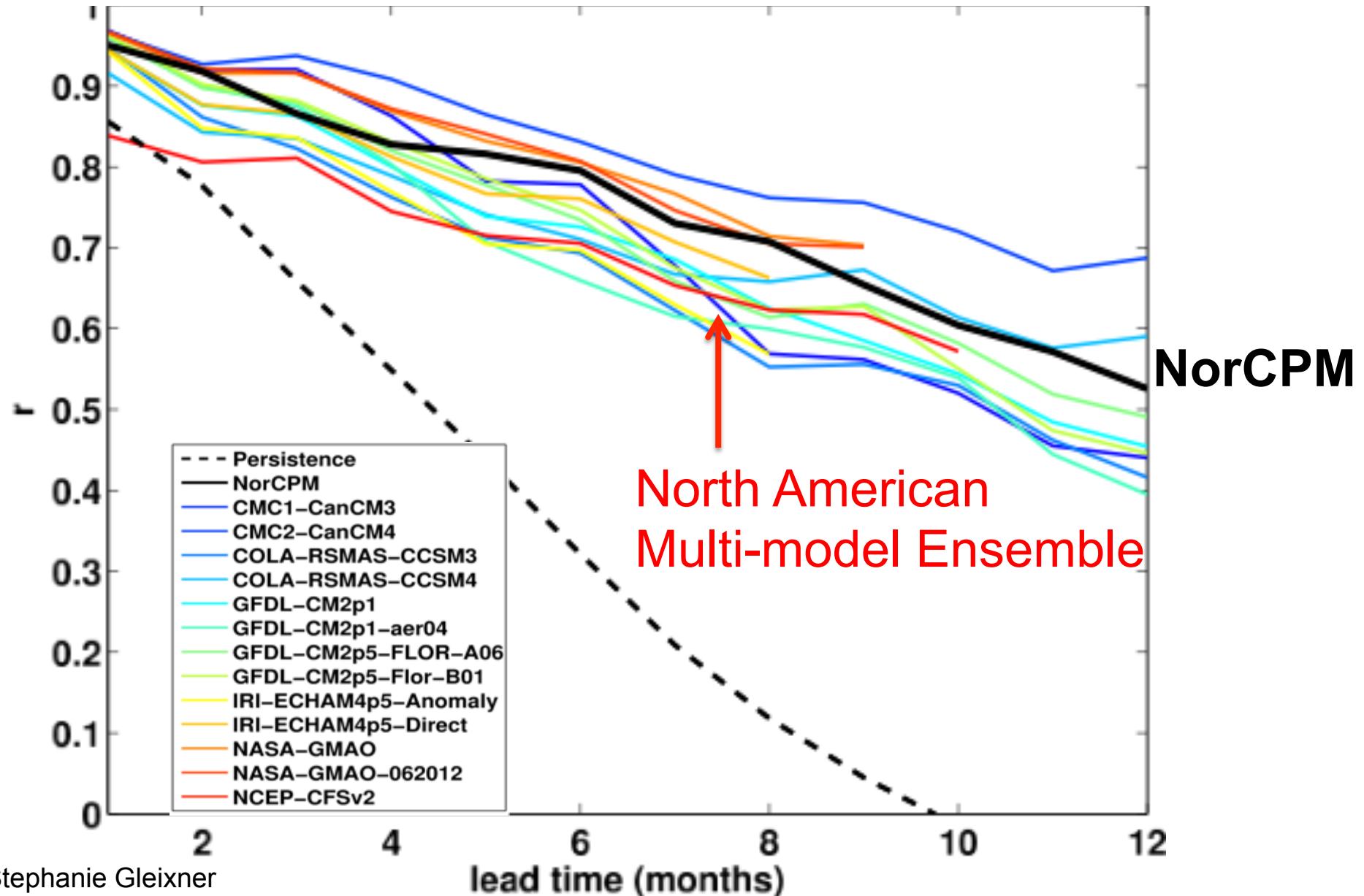
# NorCPM : Annual Hindcasts

- 9 ensemble members
- Retrospective forecast period from **1985** to **2010**
- Forecast start from **Feb, May, Aug** and **Nov**
- Forecast length: **12 months**
- Historical external/RCP8.5 forcing
- Ocean/Atm/Land initialised with re-analyses with SST anom assimilation



# ENSO seasonal prediction skill matching other systems, but initialised only with SST

Anomaly Correlation Sea Surface Temperature for Niño 3.4 index (NOAA OISST) 1985-2010

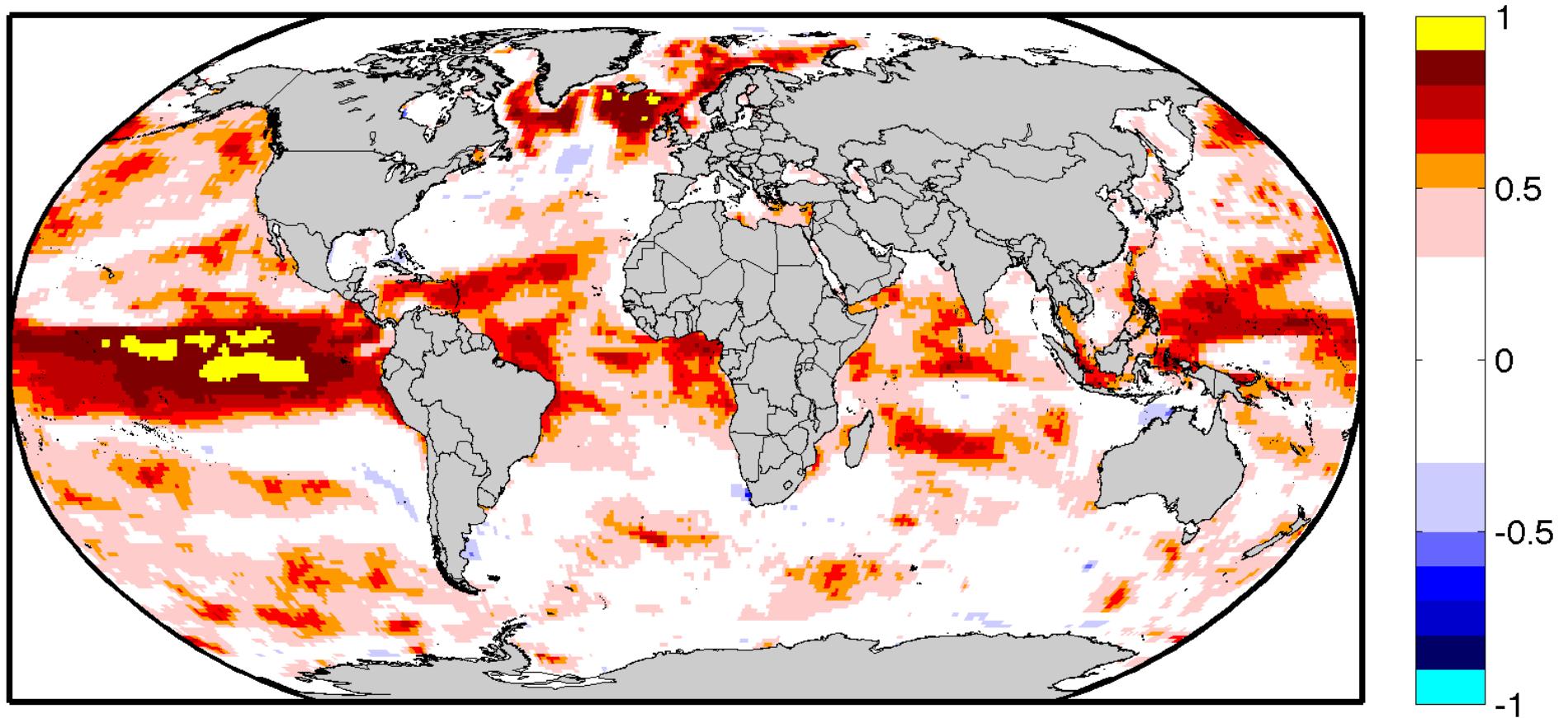


# SST seasonal prediction skill high in Nordic Seas

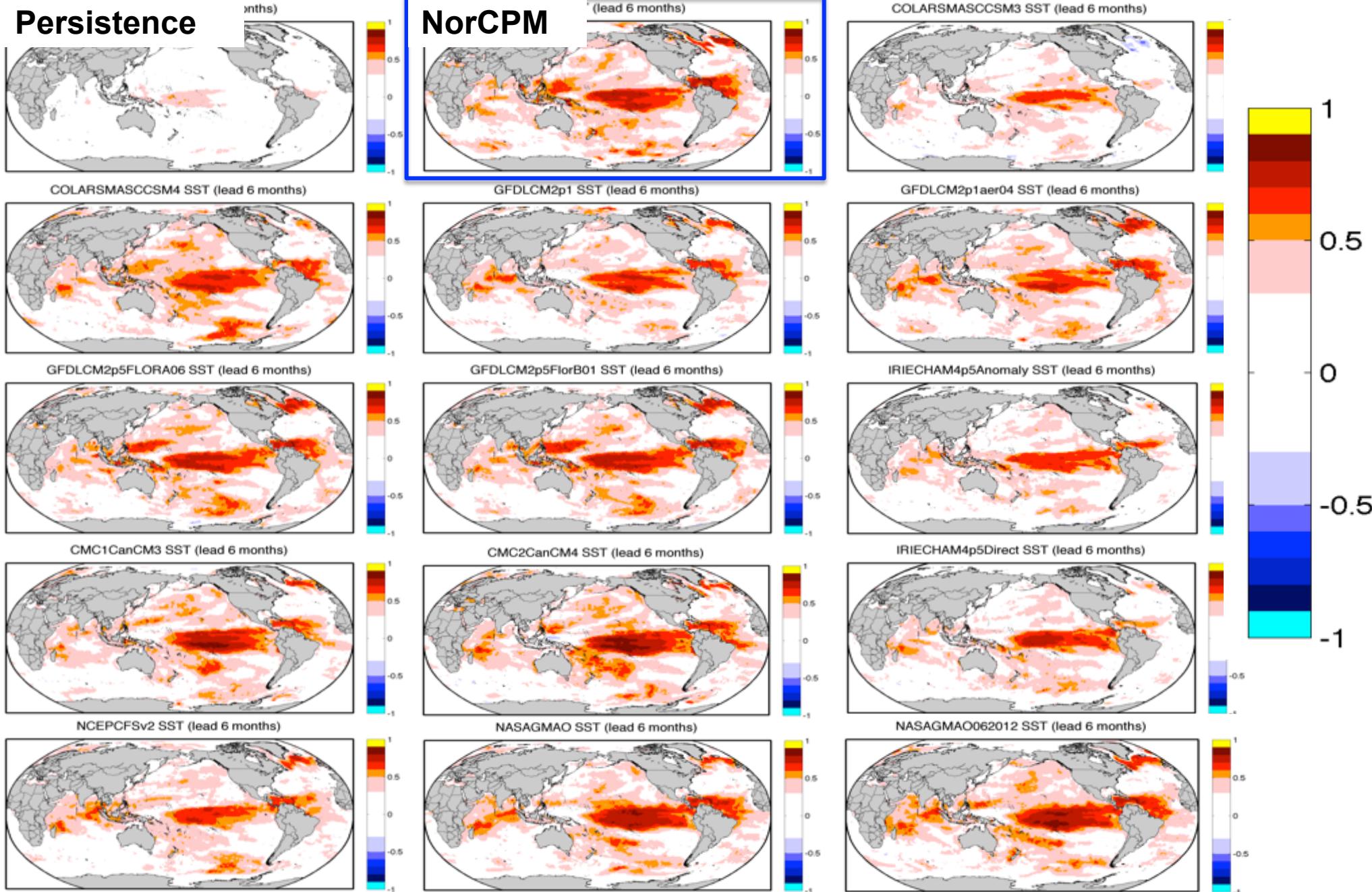
Anomaly Correlation for Sea Surface Temperature with observations

Period 1985-2010, 9 ensemble members

6-month lead from 1<sup>st</sup> of August



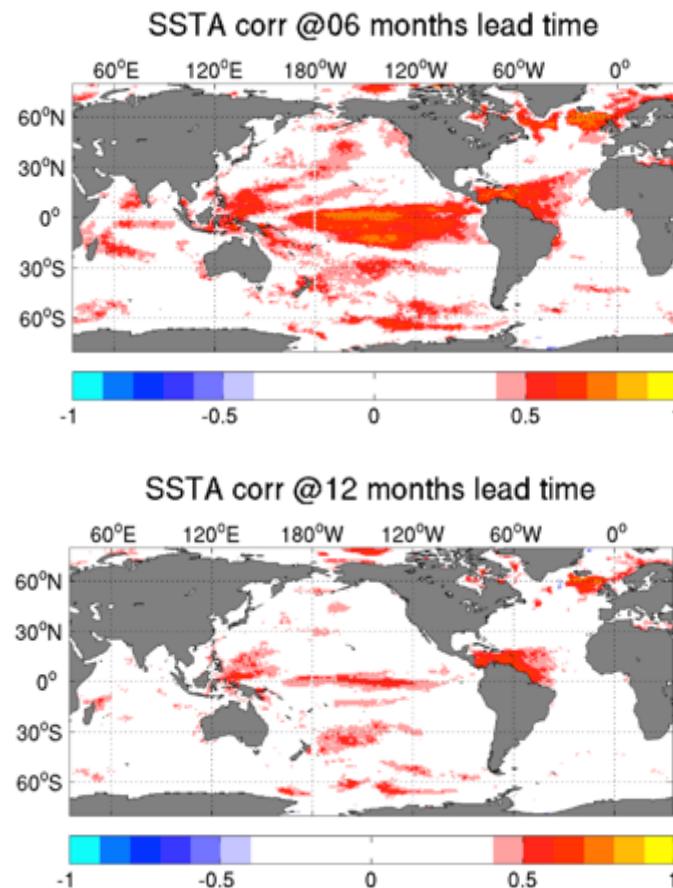
# Anomaly correlation skill, 6-month predictions, SST NorCPM, North American Multimodel Ensemble



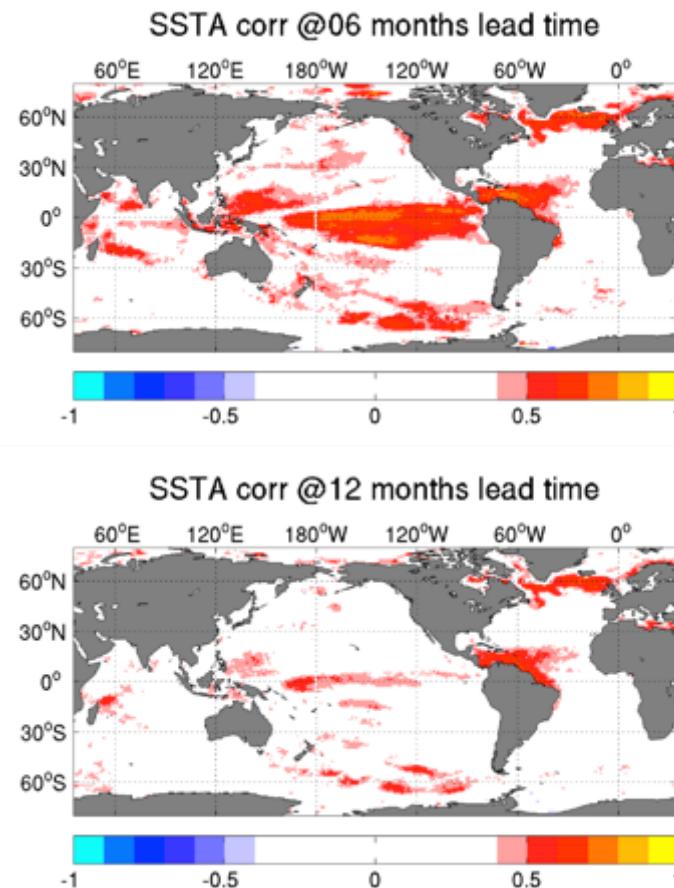
# Assessing the benefit of ocean T-S data for seasonal prediction skill

Lead month 06  
Lead month 12

## Initialisation with SSTA



## Initialisation with SSTA and T-S anomalies

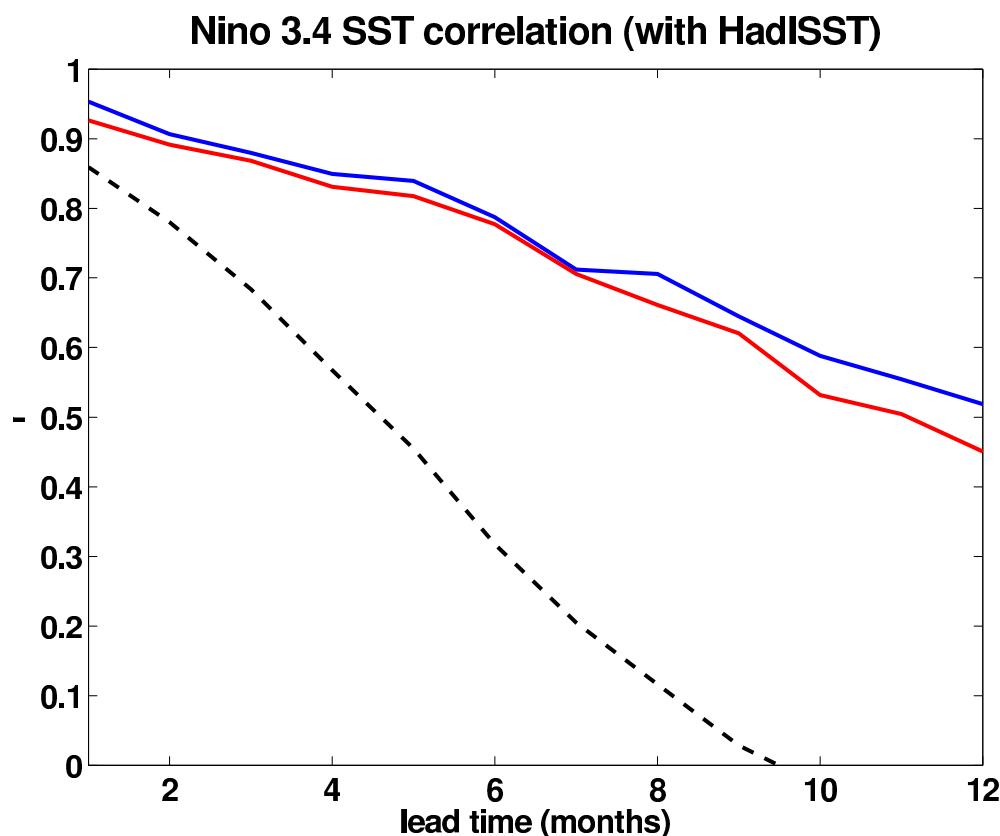


Seasonal forecast skill (currently) not improved by adding subsurface ocean temperature and salinity data

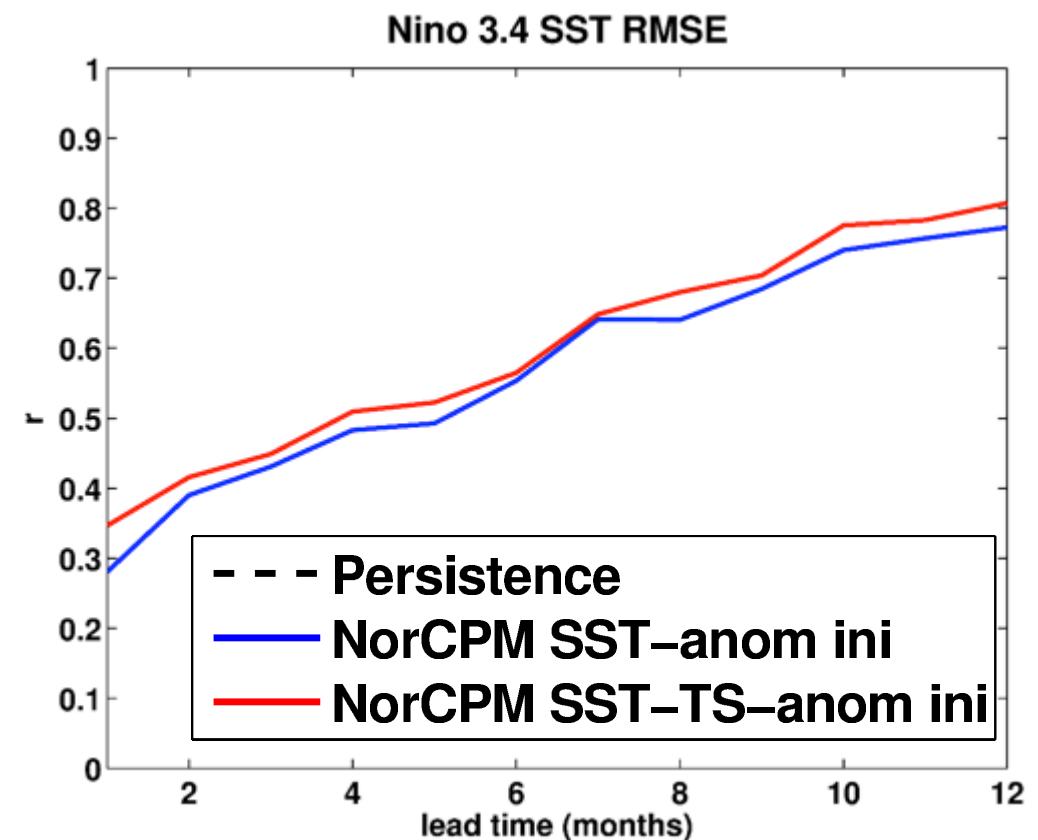
Courtesy of Yiguo Wang

## Nino 3.4 SST, 1985-2010, 4 start dates per year

### Anomaly Correlation



### Root mean square error

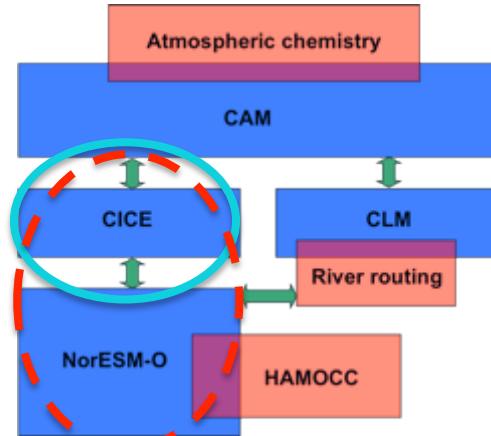


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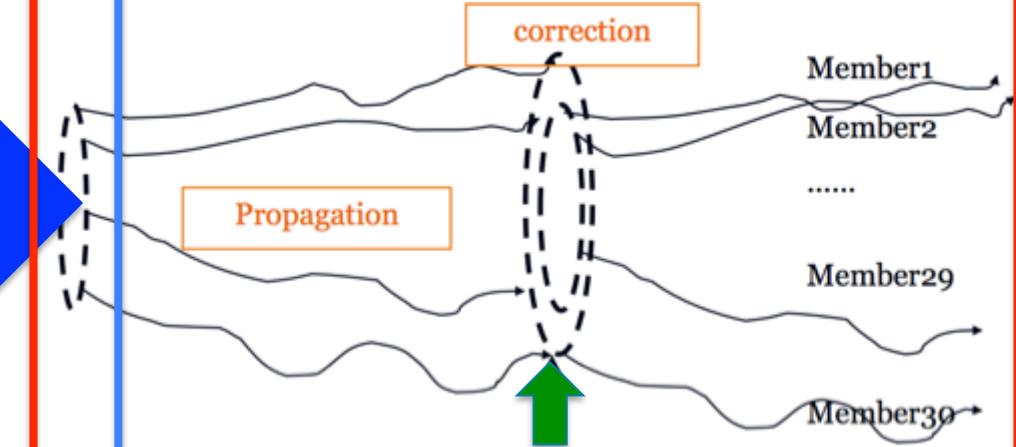
# Testing assimilation of ice concentration

## Earth System model (NorESM)



Only ice / ice + ocean

## Data assimilation (EnKF)



- V0 system : SST
- V1 system: SST+T-S
- V2 system: **Ice-concentration**

**What is the best way to assimilate this data:**

- Weakly coupled DA / Strongly coupled DA ?  
(i.e assimilation with/o. ocean)

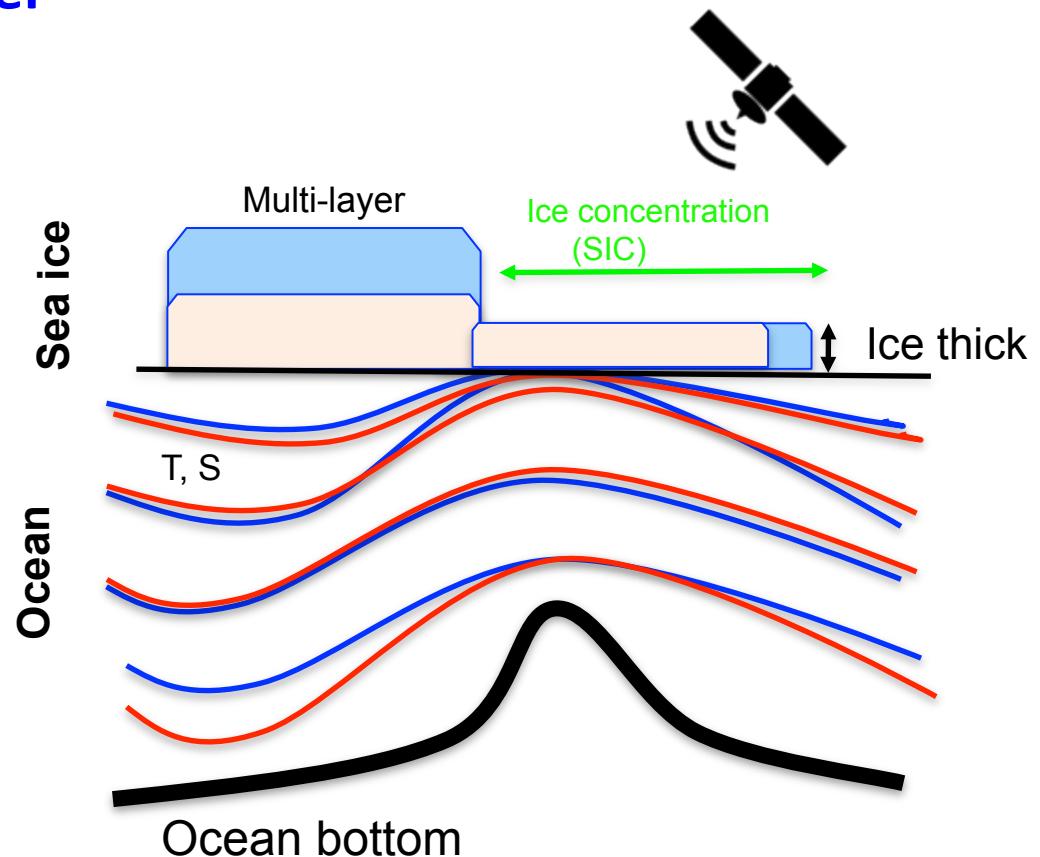
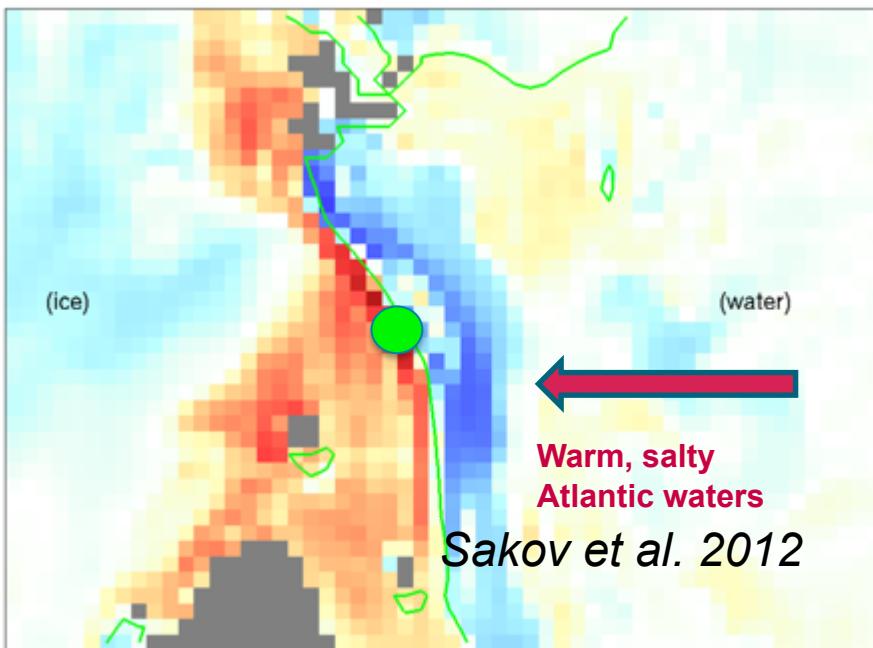
## Synthetic sea ice

Monthly aggregated ice conc.  
from model : NorESM at a  
different time (pre industr.)

→Future : satellite-derived SIC,  
thickness

# Test assimilation of SIC with a fully coupled system (ocean-sea ice) (i.e. strongly coupled data assimilation) and with a multi-category sea ice model

Correlation between ice concentration at green dot and sub-surface Salinity



## Strong coupled DA :

- ✓ SIC, thick, and thermos in every category
- ✓ T and S in the mixed layer depth

Ensemble KF : handle the flow-dependent and strongly anisotropic cross-covariance between ocean and sea ice

Lisæter et al. 03

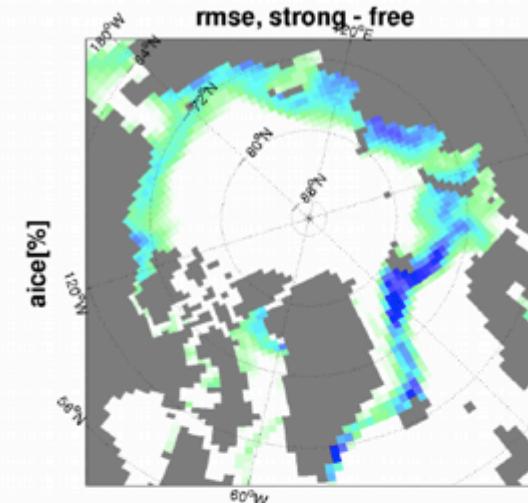
Courtesy of F. Counillon, M. Kimmritz, Y Gao



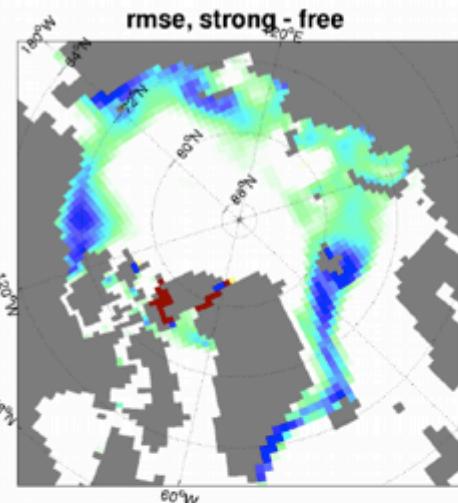
# What do we gain by assimilating ice concentration compared to a free ensemble run

Mean RMSE reduction compared to FREE over 10-year reanalysis

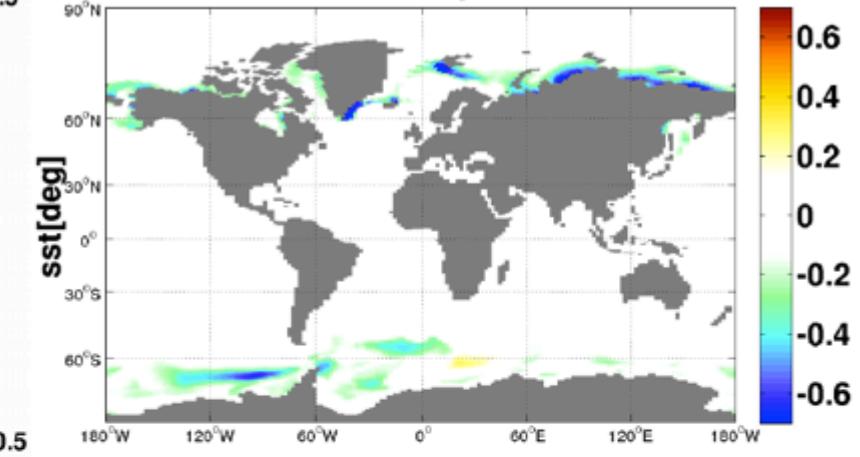
SIC



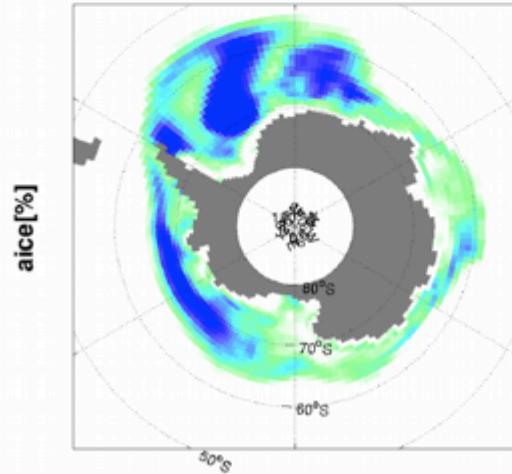
thickness



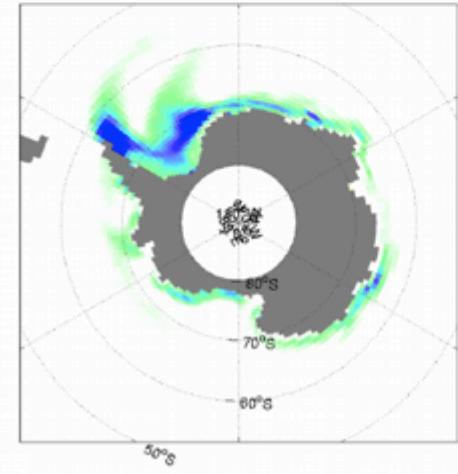
rmse, strong - free



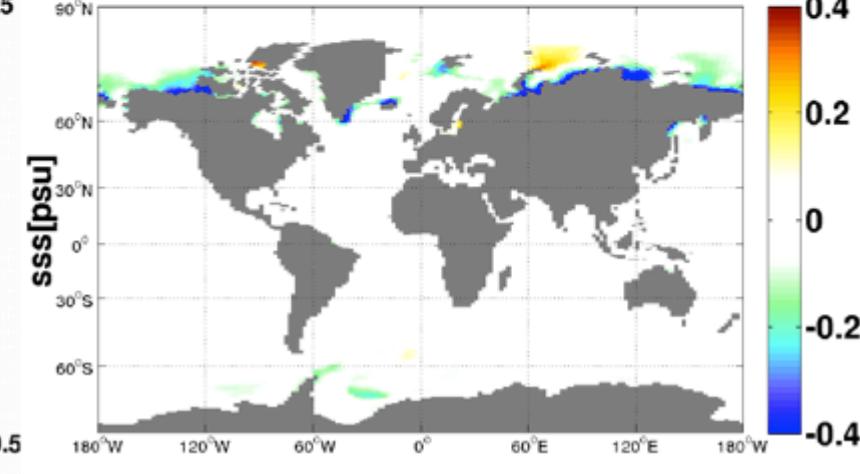
rmse, strong - free



rmse, strong - free



rmse, strong - free



Blue means improvement !

Courtesy of F. Counillon, M. Kimmritz, Y Gao

# Norwegian Climate Prediction Model (NorCPM) : used in SNOWGLACE

## Seasonal hindcasts (3 months)

Land: **land model (CLM) off-line run**  
Atmosphere: **nudging period with ERAINT**  
**Ocean & sea ice: NorCPM re-analyses**

Also : High top (WACCM) : 140 km (full stratos chemistry)

## YOPP Proposal submitted

### SUBSEASONAL-TO-SEASONAL PREDICTION FOR THE ARCTIC (S2S-ARCTIC)

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Jun Inoue, National Institute of Polar Research, Japan

Francisco Doblas-Reyes, Barcelona Supercomputing Centre, Barcelona, Spain

Cecilia Bitz, Univ. of Washington, Seattle, USA

Daniela Domeisen, ETH Zurich, Switzerland

# Conclusions

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- Weakly coupled data assimilation of SST anomalies using EnKF has potential for skilful long-term reanalysis (1850 to present) in the North Atlantic, North Pacific, and Tropical Pacific.
- NorCPM with only SST achieves competitive skill in seasonal predictions compared to NMME systems.
- **(decadal prediction)** good skills up to 3-4 years for S2D, with degradation beyond due to model limitation in east subpolar gyre
  
- Ongoing development for assimilation of ice concentration tested in idealised experiment: it is best to update the multicategory sea ice & ocean (Strongly coupled DA) with flow dependent covariance (EnKF)
  - Assimilation of ice concentration reduces substantially error in thickness, and ocean T & S without introducing a drift



# RESERVE SLIDES

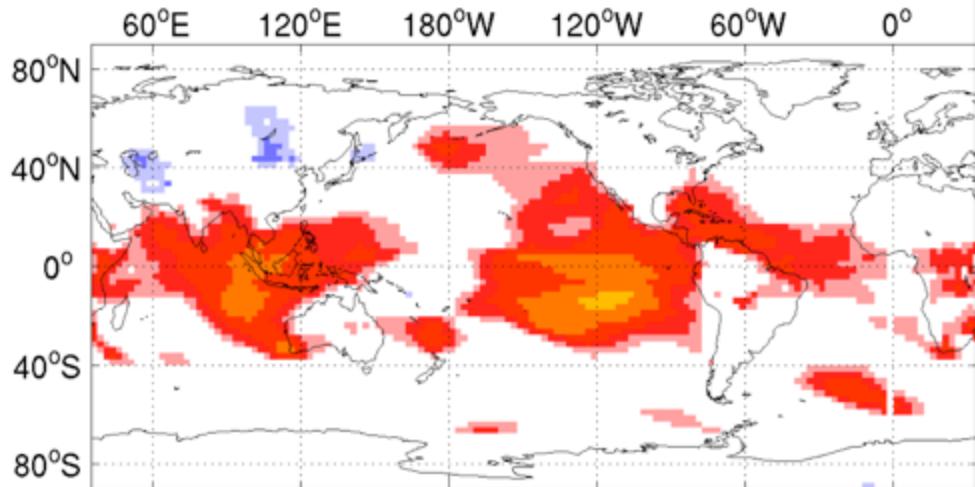
# SLP in winter

Anomaly Correlation (NCEP) 1985-2010

Initialisation with SSTA

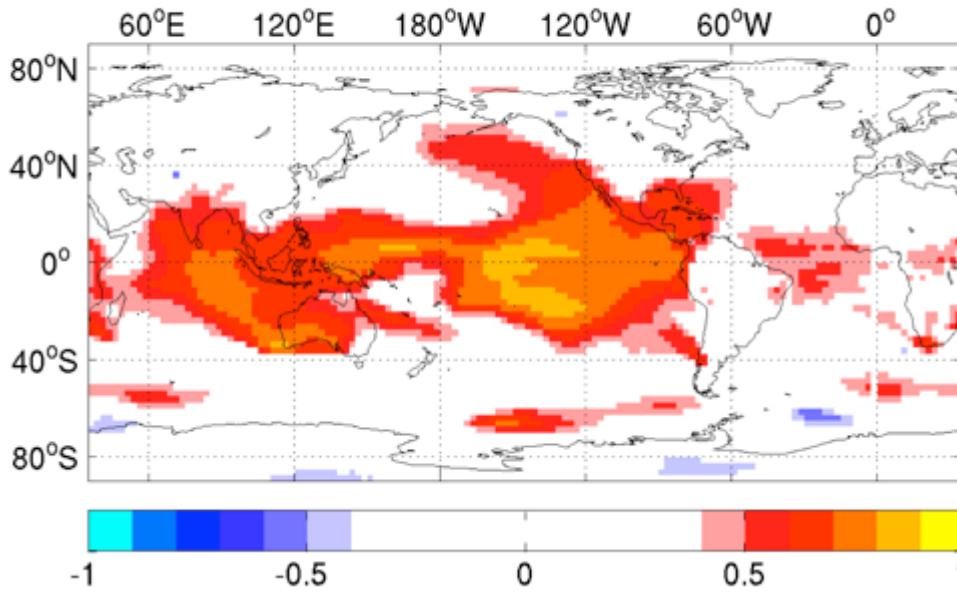
SLP correlation @ DJF

start date April



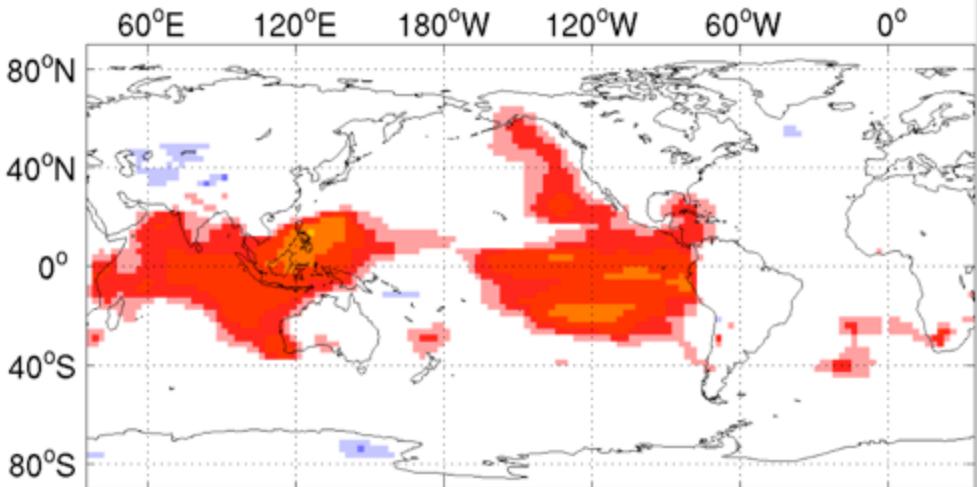
SLP correlation @ DJF

start date July

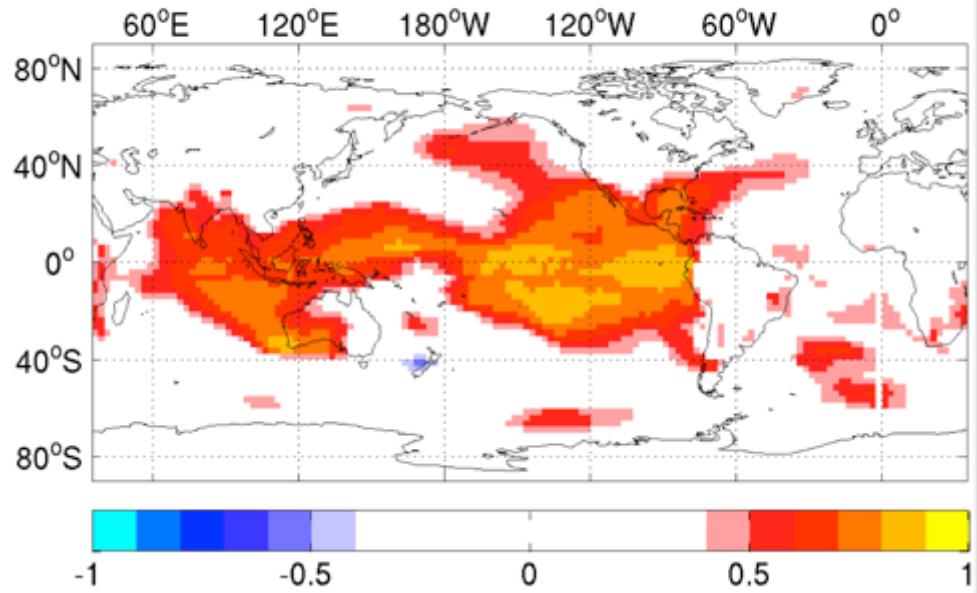


Initialisation with SSTA, T-S A

SLP correlation @ DJF



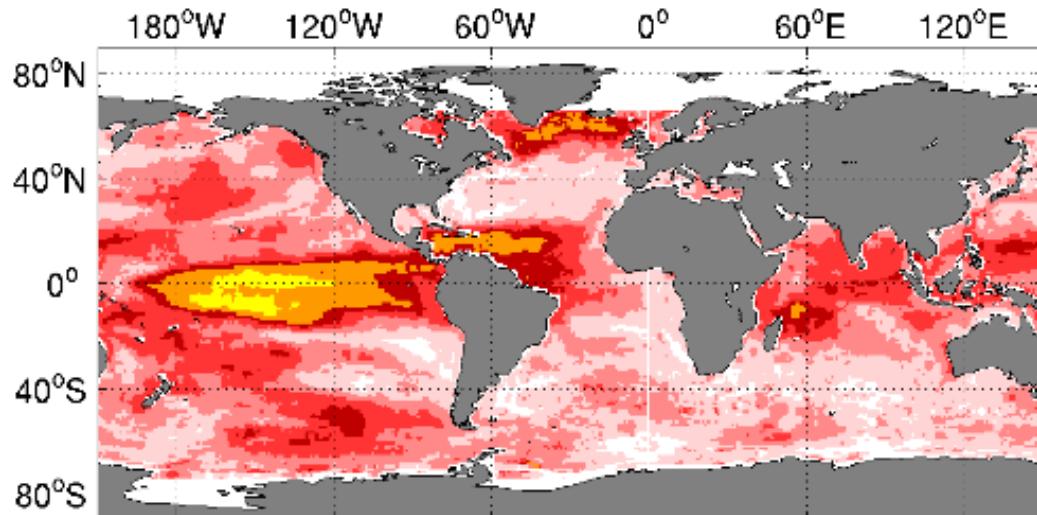
SLP correlation @ DJF



# Anomaly correlation skill, 6-month predictions, SST

## NorCPM, North American Multimodel Ensemble

**NMME (Average)**



**NorCPM**

