

The ACCESS submission to CMIP6

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ACCESS – Australian Community Climate and Earth System Simulator

INSTITUTE: CSIRO-ARCCSS-BoM

- CSIRO Climate Science Centre
- Australian Research Council Centre of Excellence for Climate System Science (ARCCSS)
- Bureau of Meteorology

ACCESS – Australian Community Climate and Earth System Simulator

ACCESS-CM2 (AOGCM for CMIP6)

- Atmosphere – UK Met Office GA7.1 UM10.5, currently testing with GA7.0, UM10.3
- Ocean – NOAA/GFDL MOM5 working
- Sea ice – LANL CICE5.1 working multi-layer (4 layers, 5 categories following UKMO)
- Land surface – CABLE2.0.x Community Atmosphere Biosphere Land Exchange, implementing (currently using UKMO/JULES)

ACCESS-ESM2 (ESM for CMIP6)

ACCESS-CM2+

- Terrestrial biogeochemistry - CASA-CNP
- Oceanic biogeochemistry – WOMBAT (Matear, CSIRO)

ACCESS-CM2 Resolution

Standard Resolution

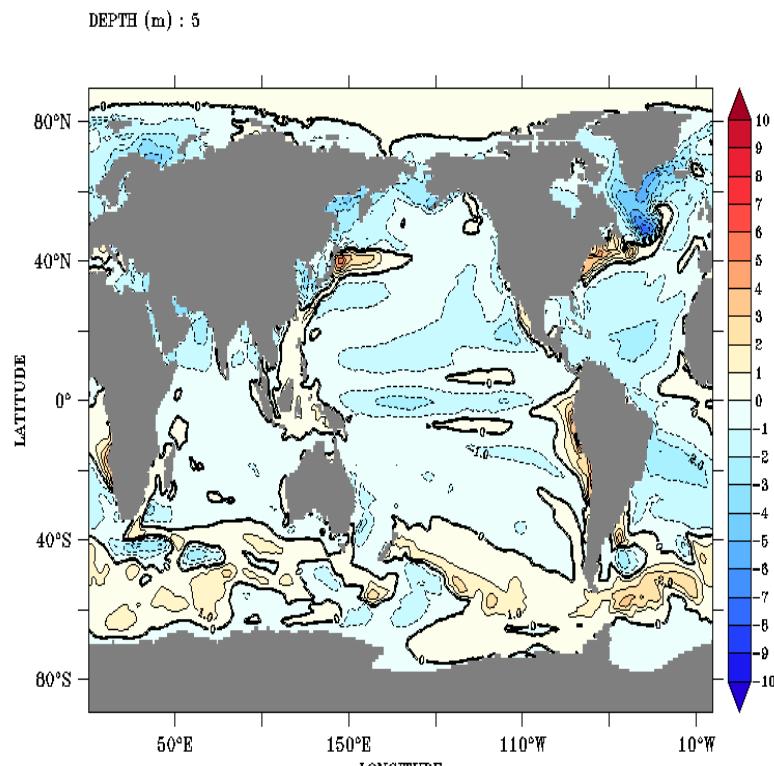
- Atmospheric resolution – N96 ($\sim 1.2^\circ$ lat; $\sim 1.8^\circ$ lon); L85
- Ocean/ice resolution – ~ 1 deg. (enhanced tropics, high latitudes); L50
- Will form basis of ACCESS-ESM2

High Resolution

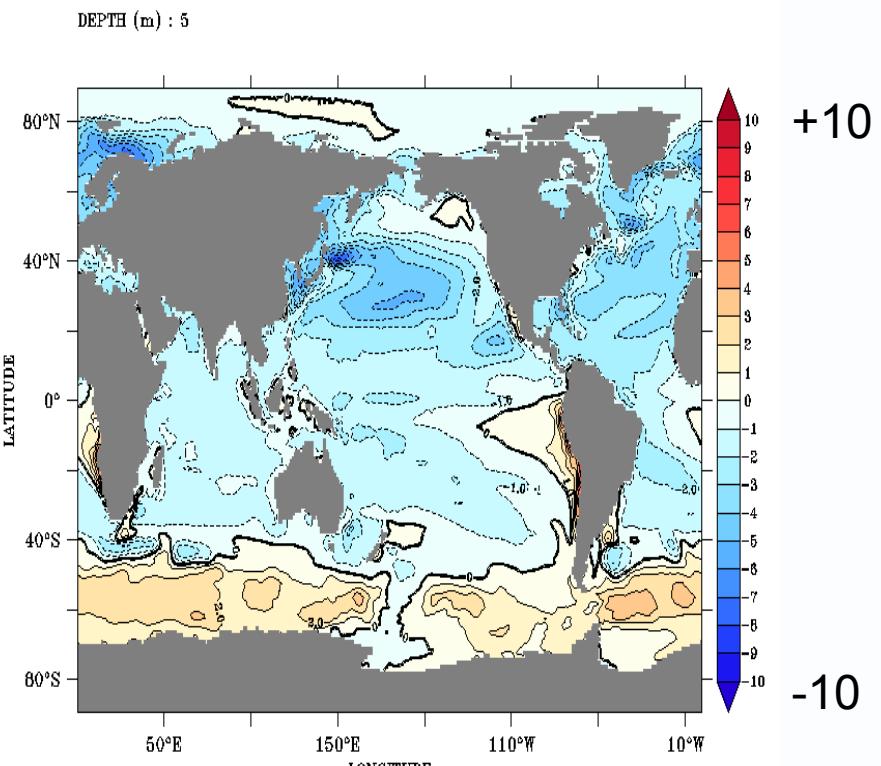
- Atmospheric resolution – N216 ($\sim 0.55^\circ$ lat; $\sim 0.8^\circ$ lon), 85 levels
ESM not computationally viable for CMIP6
- Oceanic resolution – 0.25 degrees horizontal for DECK, historical, ScenarioMIP
- Subject to adequate computational resources
- AOGCM only

Sea Surface Temperature Bias (yrs 41-50)

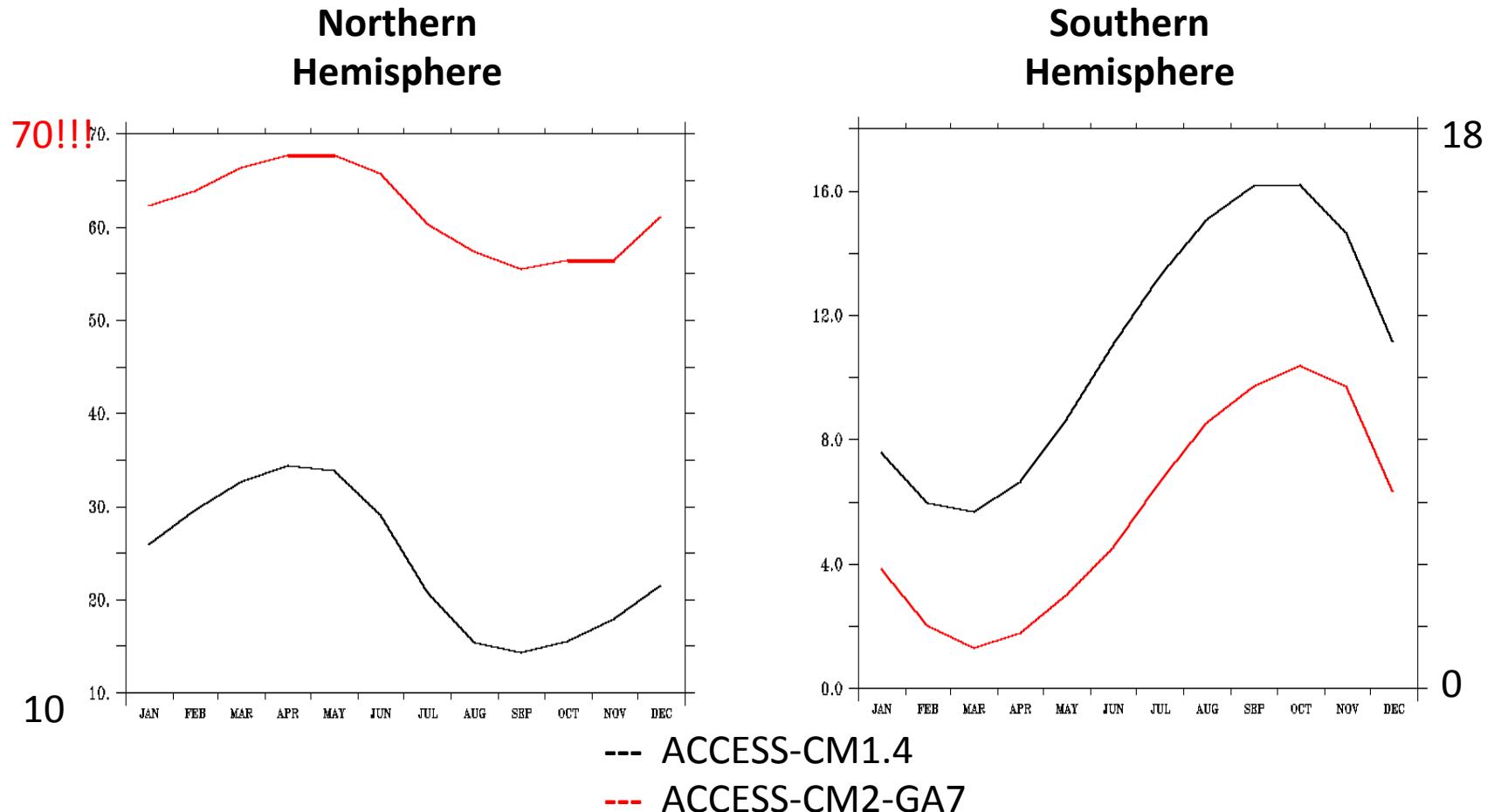
ACCESS-CM1.4



ACCESS-CM2-GA7



Sea Ice Volume Climatology (yrs 41-50)



- Arctic too thick, Southern Ocean too thin
- Multi-layer sea-ice issues resolved with thanks to Alex West (UKMO)

ACCESS CMIP6 Participation

Why?

- Demonstrate ACCESS is a world-class system
- CMIP6 developed to address important science questions (GC's etc.)
- Large uptake via Earth System Grid

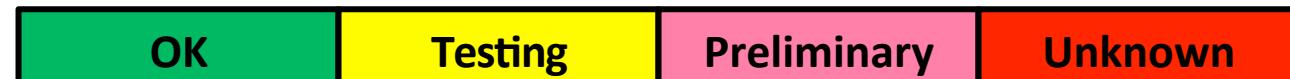
CMIP6 Model Intercomparison Project commitments

- DECK – Simon Marsland (CSIRO)
- ScenarioMIP – Simon Marsland
- DAMIP (detection/attribution) – David Karoly (ARCCSS)
- C4MIP, LS3MIP, LUMIP (land use) – Rachel Law (CSIRO) ???
- OMIP, FAFMIP (oceans) – Simon Marsland
- GeoMIP (geoengineering) – Andrew Lenton (CSIRO)
- RFMIP - Marsland

Model Name: ACCESS-ESM2;
Institution: CSIRO-ARCCSS-BoM; Country: Australia

Forcing Dataset	Will be used (YES/NO)	Pre-industrial	Historical
SLCF Emissions	YES	Preliminary	Preliminary
Biomass Burning	YES	Preliminary	Preliminary
GHG Emissions	YES	Preliminary	Preliminary
Land-use	YES	Preliminary	Preliminary
GHG concentrations	YES	Preliminary	Preliminary
Ozone concentrations	YES	Preliminary	Preliminary
Nitrogen deposition	YES	Preliminary	Preliminary
Simple plume aerosol	NO		
Solar	YES	Preliminary	Preliminary
Stratospheric aerosol	YES	Preliminary	Preliminary
AMIP SST and SIC	YES	Preliminary	Preliminary

KEY:



Some history

1990/2

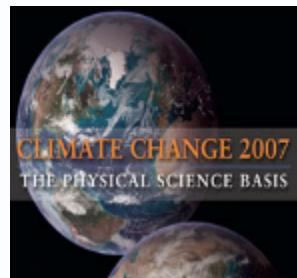
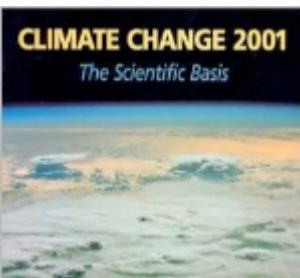
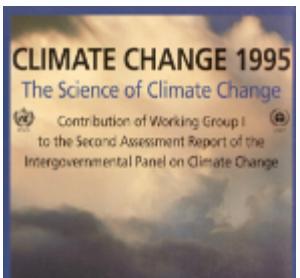
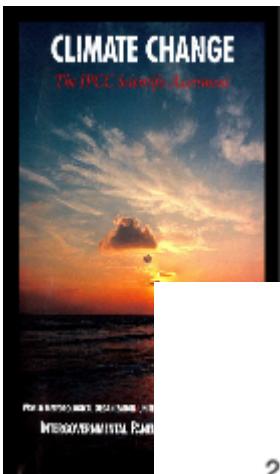
1995

2001

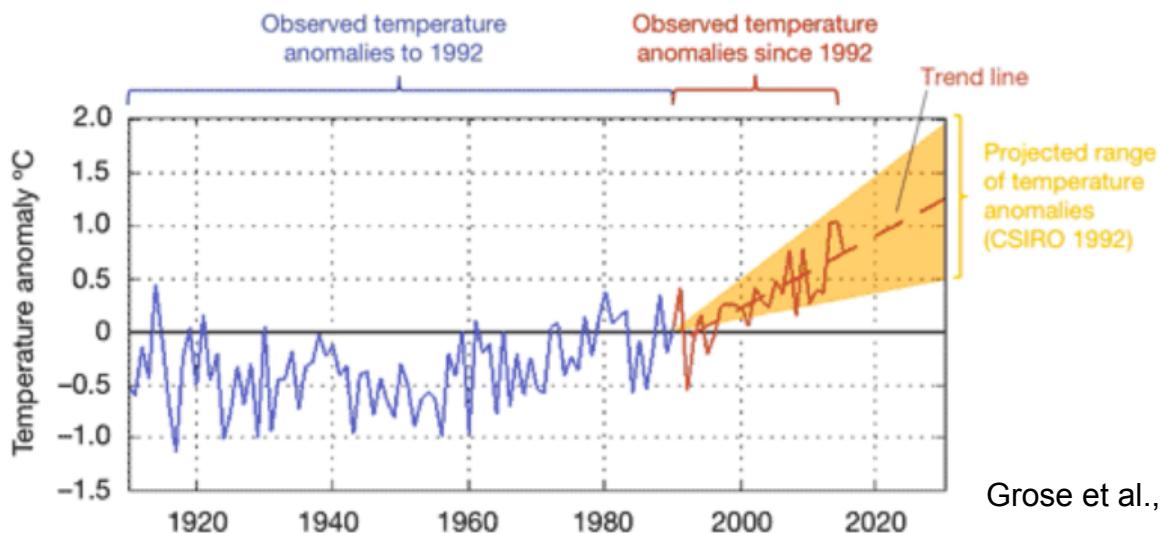
2007

2013

2021



Southern Australia temperature anomaly



Grose et al., 2016

National Environmental Science Program (NESP) Earth System and Climate Change Hub (ESCC) Research Projects



INFORMATION PRODUCTS AND SERVICES FOR NEXT- AND END-USERS

2.8 Extreme weather projections

2.11 NCCC

2.9 Risk assessment of future carbon sources and sinks

2.7 Refining Australia's water futures

2.10 Coastal hazards

2.3 Towards an ACCESS decadal prediction system

2.6 Regional climate projections, information and services

2.5 Improving Australia's climate model (ACCESS)

2.4 Changing oceans and Australia's future climate

2.2 Enhancing Australia's capacity to manage climate variability & extremes in a changing climate

2.1 Preparing ACCESS for CMIP6

Summary and future work

Work to do

- UM10.x with GA7
- CABLE2.x implementation
- Model tuning - scientific performance (about **half** a year)

Risks

- CMIP6 funding for ACCESS-CM2 is available (NESP) – **but limited**
- Funding for ACCESS-ESM2 less certain (but likely, CSIRO) – **less likely?**
- Compute/Storage: NCI commitment to CMIP6?
- **Model untested:** Fallbacks ACCESS1.4/ESM1 and ACCESS-CM2 (UM GA6.0)
- ACCESS staffing has declined 25% over last 3 years, but more experienced and growing collaboration with ARCCSS (5x Universities in Centre of Excellence)
- **Further 33% reduction in staffing in 2016**