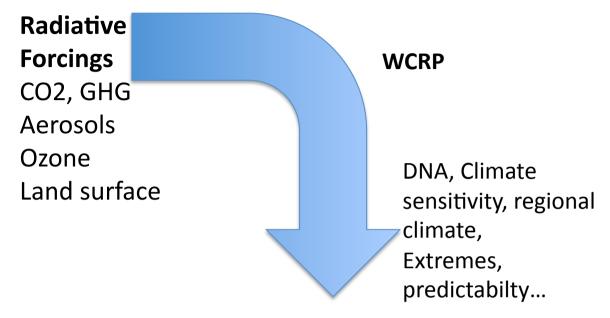
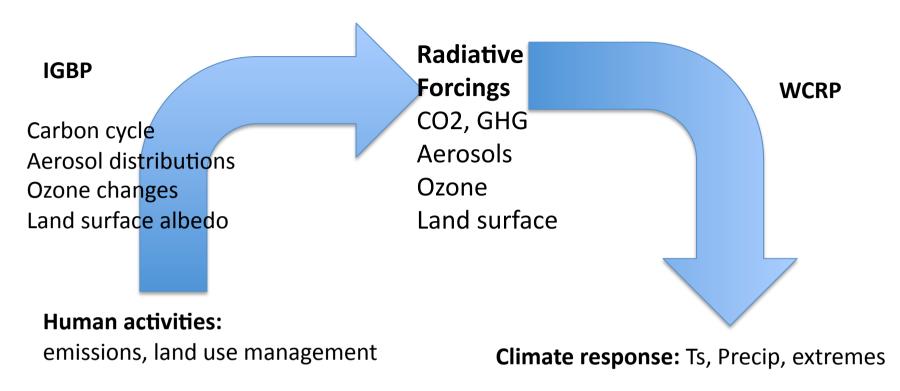
### Working Group I



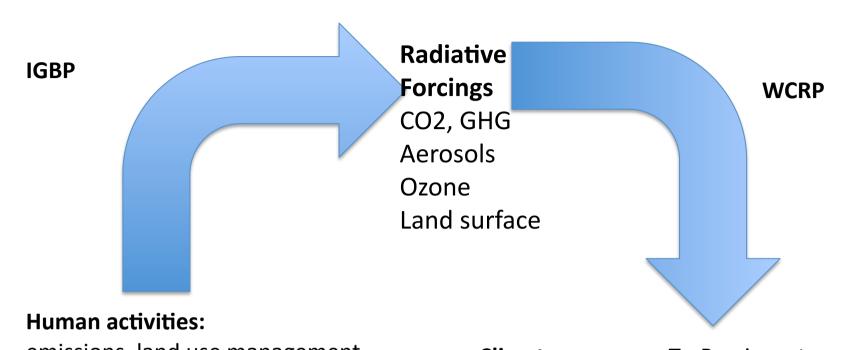
Climate response: Ts, Precip, extremes

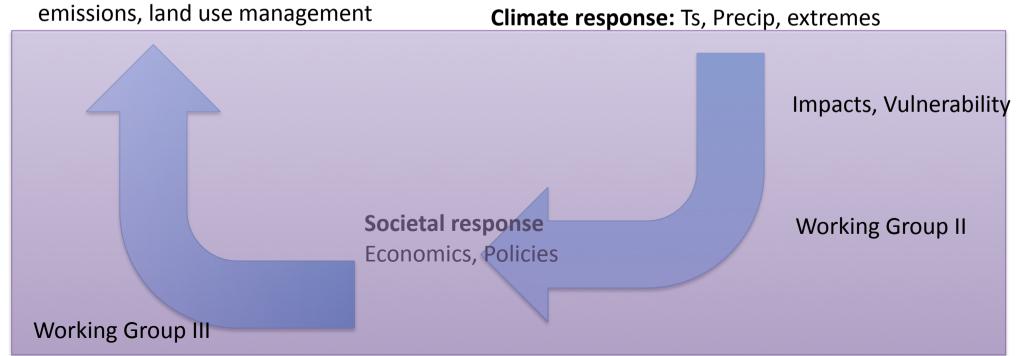
#### Working Group I



Arguably, half the uncertainty in going from human emissions and land use management to climate response comes from left hand side

#### Working Group I





## WCRP Grand Challenges structure the science that is advocated in WCRP

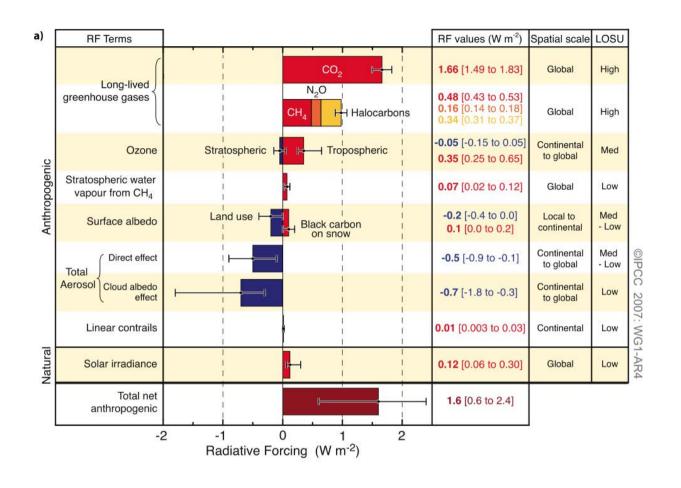
- Clouds, circulation and climate sensitivity
- Changes in cryosphere
- Climate extremes
- Regional climate information
- Regional sea-level rise
- Water Availability
- Goal: provide actionable information for decision makers
- Missing half the uncertainty

# Gap: From human emissions and management to climate forcing

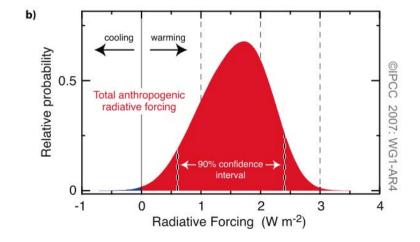
- Carbon cycle: emissions and management
  - 50% of current co2 emissions are taken up by land and ocean. Will this continue?
  - 40% uncertainty of future temperature in physical climate exists in carbon cycle
  - Both emissions, uptake and land use
- Aerosols: emissions to RF
  - Net negative forcing with large uncertainties?
  - Models had uncertainty of factor of 2-3 in terms of AOD in CMIP5 (models did not match existing observations)
- Land albedo
  - Not assessed in AR5 (fell between cracks)
  - Very different in different models (but could be assessed and improved).
- Other feedbacks, e.g. permafrost melting-->methane and co2, natural wet land methane, biogenic compounds >ozone and aerosols, fires...

# Forcing workshop Forcing estimates 1870 to present

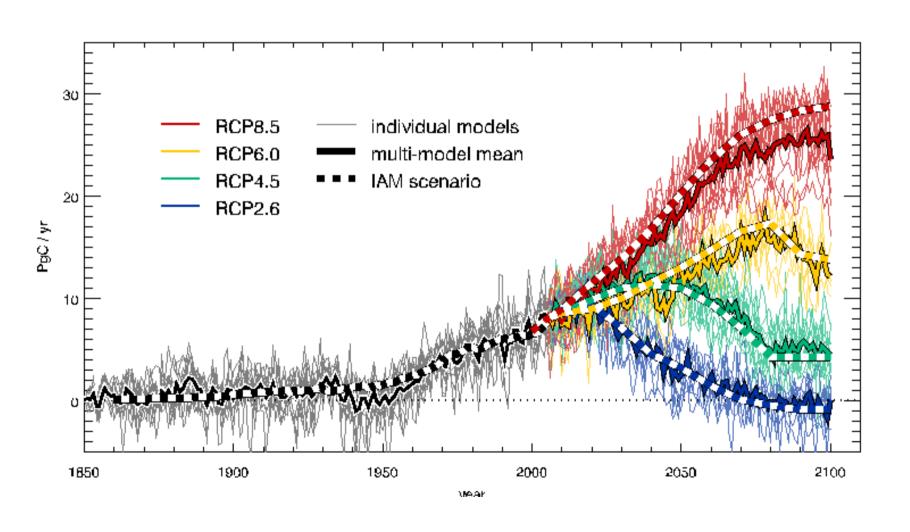
- Focus: provide improved aerosol forcing, land use (biophysical) for DNA
  - Carbon cycle done elsewhere (know co2 time series)
  - Also ozone? Also snow albedo?
- DNA community
  - Claudia Tibaldi, Nathan Gillett, Ben Santer
- Aerosol community
  - AEROCOM:
  - Natural aerosols
  - Observations: satellite and aeronet people
  - Olivier Bouchier, Steve Ghan, Stephan Kinne, Michael Schulz, Ken Carslaw, Aiko Voigt, Ralph Kahn, Dave Winker, Francois-Marie Breon
- Land biophysical response
  - Victor Brovkin, , Nathalie de Noblet, David Lawrence, Johannes Feddema, Andy Pittman
- Radiation
  - Piers Forster, Bill Collins,
- Workshop
- Product: (multiple) time series of radiative forcing and uncertainty in two years.

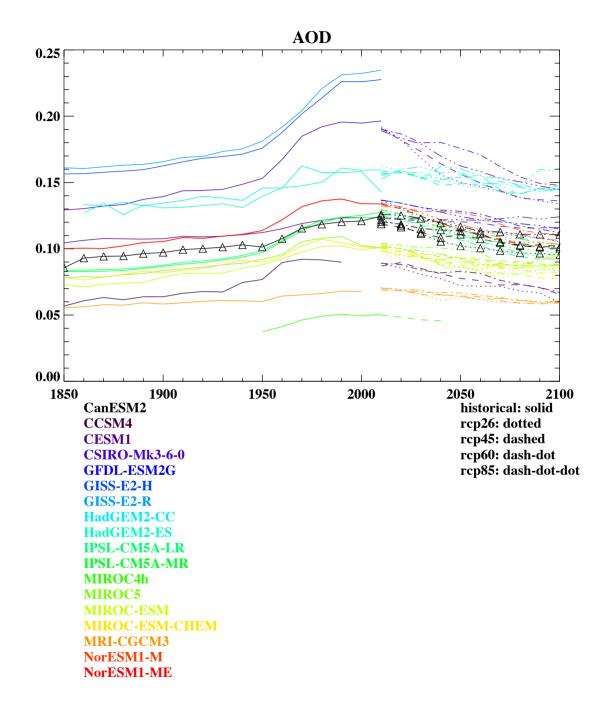


Radiative forcing (RF)
Estimation of how much the energy budget is perturbed by individual forcings



### Allowable C emissions

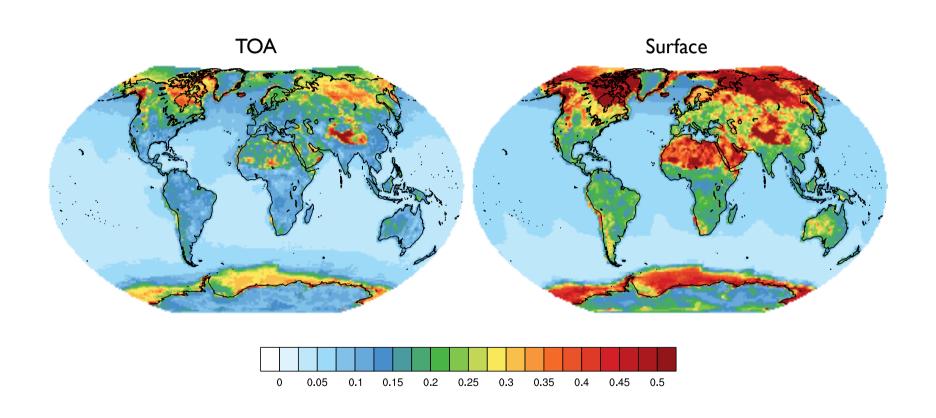




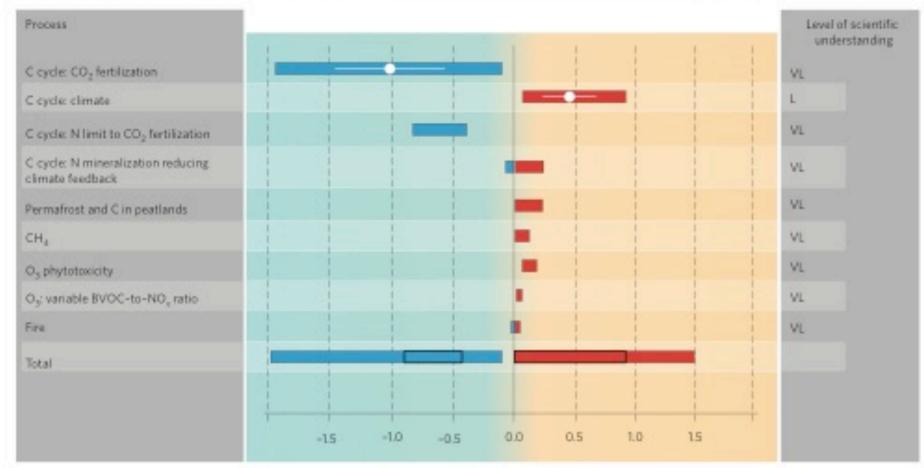
Strong correlation between Globally averaged AOD and aeronet AOD

e.g. these differences are observed at aeronet sites, and represent 'fixable' errors.

# RMS error in albedo compared to satellite



## e.g. terrestrial biogeochemical feedbacks on climate



Feedbacks associated with human-mediated changes in the biosphere (W m<sup>-2</sup> K<sup>-1</sup>)

Figure 1 | Radiative forcing from terrestrial biogeochemistry feedbacks in response to anthropogenic atmospheric and climate changes. Bars indicate the approximated minimum-to-maximum feedback range over the twenty-first century. The carbon cycle CO<sub>2</sub> and climate feedbacks include average and standard deviations (white). For calculations, adopted from ref. 6, and data sources see Supplementary Information. Totals include top-end estimates, without and with (black rectangle) C-N interactions. Estimates are based on a number of assumptions that had to be made and clearly point to the need to be considered as a constant of the const

### Leverage existing projects

- C4MIP
- Global carbon project, LUCMIP, AEROCOM
- RFMIP (WGCM)
- (don't reinvent the wheel)

 But make sure we are going from emissions or land use projections all the way to RF for the climate community.