



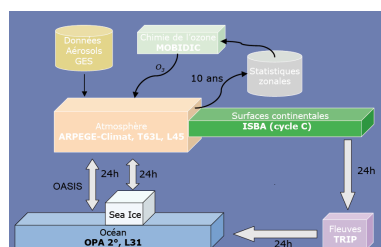
*Etude des Scénarios Climatiques
Réalisés par l'IPSL et Météo-France*

French groups: IPSL Météo-France

French participation to CMIP5

- Collaboration IPSL, Météo-France, Cerfacs

Modèle CNRM

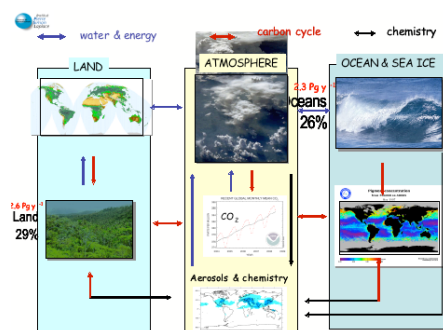


- New model version (OA)
- Improved horizontale and vertical resolution

- CNRM simulations « long term », no carbon cycle
- CERFACS short term

Atm	Ocn
256x128 x L31	362x292 x L42

Modèle IPSL



- ESM = with carbon (aerosols) interactive
- Improved resolution
- All CMIP5 simulations

- IPSL IGCM group coordinates the simulations across 5 labs

- ESM only physical part at high resolution
- Subset of simulations

Atm	Ocn
96x95 x L39	182x149 x L31
144x142 x L40	182x149 x L31

- New model physic
- Subset of simulations

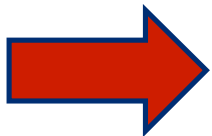
Simulations

PI
historical
Future climate
Palaeoclimate
Idealised
experiments and
carbon cycle

Type d'expérience	IPSL		CNRM	
	Simulations prévues (version modèle)	Nbr années	Simulations prévues (version modèle)	Nbr années
Simulation de contrôle pré-industriel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CO2 imposé (5-BR, 5-MR, 6-BR) CO2 calculé (5-BR) 	3100	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CO2 imposé 	850
Historique (1850-2005)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Simulation forçage (5-BR) Tous forçage (3 membres)* (5-BR, 5-MR, 6MR) Chaque forçage (*3) (5-BR) 	3750	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Forc. anthro. (GES + aéro) x10 Forc. anthro (GES seuls) x 5 Forc. naturels + anthro. x 10 Forc. naturels x 5 	4680
Climat futur	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Simulation forçages (5-BP) Scénario RCP4.5 (*3) (5-BR, 5-MR, 6-MR) Scénario RCP 8.5 (*3) (5-BR, 5-MR, 6-MR) Scénario RCP2.X (*3) (5-BR, 5-MR) Scénario RCP 6 (*3) (5-BR, 5-MR) 	3700	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Scén. RCP 4.5 (2006-2300) Scén. RCP 8.5 (2006-2300) Scén. RCP 2.6 (2006-2100) Scén. RCP 8.5 (2006-2100) x 4 	1065
Paleoclimat	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Simulation Holocène (5-BR, 5-MR, 6-MR) Simulation LGM (5-BR, 5-MR) Simulation dernier millénaire (5-BR, 5-R) 	6000	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Simulation Holocène Simulation LGM 	850
Sensibilité climatique et étude des rétroactions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1%CO2/an (5-BR, 5-MR) RCP4.5 pour cycle du carbone (5-BR) 1%/an jusqu'au quadruplement, 4CO2 brutal (5-BR, 5-MR, 6-MR) 	1200	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1% CO2 (-> quadruplement) 4 x CO2 brutal 	290

Computing

- Meteo-France :
Computer : 12x8 proc NEC SX8
Production : 1.5 years
Storage : 400 To
- IPSL
Computer : 6*16 proc NEC SX9 + some simulations on // machine
Production : 2 years
Storage : 2 Po
- Some experiments still running



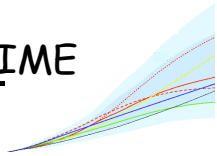
Huge exercise possible only if :
dedicated computer
specific storage* and dedicated infrastructure

* was under estimated + trouble (IPSL) for the migration on a new storage system

Climate Dynamics special issue

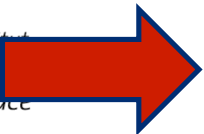
Guest editors : S. Bony and J. Mignot

- The general purpose of this issue is:
 - To present the IPSL and CNRM Earth System Models.
 - To discuss few results obtained in the framework of the CMIP5 relative to the CMIP3, in terms of simulations and forcings.
- Contributions IPSL/CNRM/LGGE
- Major topics
 - Model description and basic evaluation (accepted : 5 revision : 3)
 - Climate variability and dynamical studies (accepted : 7 , revision: 3)
 - Analysis of the climate response to external forcings (anthropogenic, paleo, volcanic..) (accepted : 4)
 - Regional studies (accepted : 1, revision : 1)
 - Earth-System interactions (chemistry, bio-geochemistry) (accepted : 2)



Data distribution

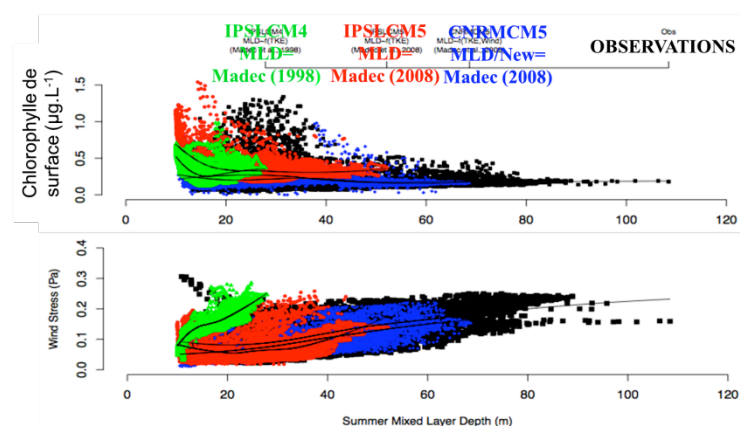
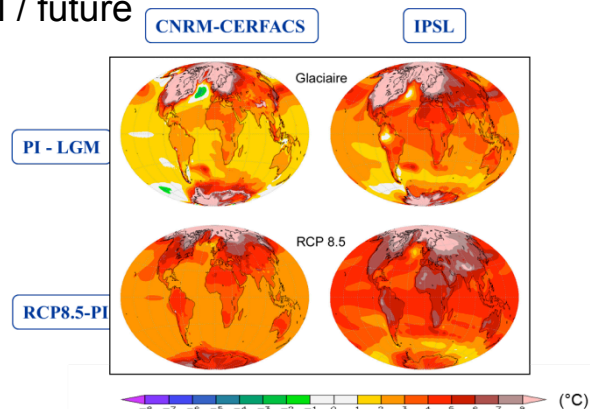
- Contributing/leading partners to METAFOR, IS-ENES and ExArch (IPSL)
- Strong cooperation wrt data distribution process (CMORE, ESGF ...)
- Data online since April 2011 from 2 datanodes.
 - 15 to 45 To downloaded / month / node (IPSL ; CNRM-CERFACS)
- ESGF p2p index node at IPSL since April 2012
 - French CMIP5/Obs4MIPs/TAMIP/PMIP3/GeoMIP/Lucid
 - indexPMIP3 data and index node
- synchro-data distributed to the community since September 2011 (CMIP5 download managers)
- Leading developer of the ES-DOC software ecosystem (front-end ; back-end)
- Super data cluster on line since April 2011.(IPSL,CNRM,CERFACS access only)
 - 250 cores and 600 To. Climate analysis enabled cluster (software+services)CMIP5 subsets based on scientists needs.
 - Scientist do not directly download the data ; synchro-data will.



Positive aspects in CMIP5

- Same model version between MIPs
 - Progress past/future ; climate /carbon ; previsions/ projections

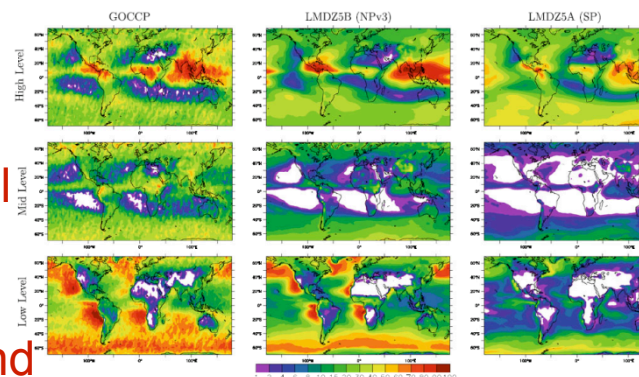
LGM / future



Evaluation of 3 models with same ocean biochemistry

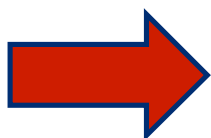
- Role of idealised experiments (cf Sandrine's talk)
- COSP simulator
-

Evaluation of 2 versions of LMDZ using COSP



Set up and simulations that will remain a standard for several years

Need to ensure discussions and cross analyses between groups and MIPs



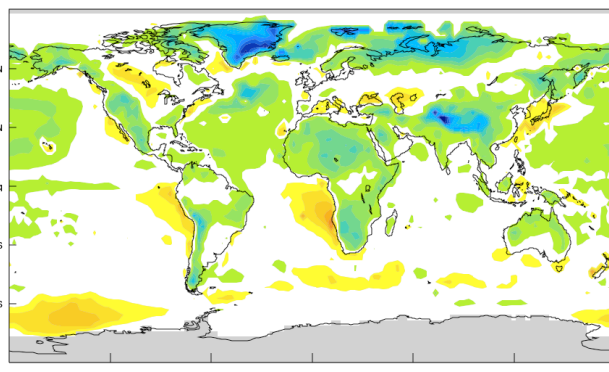
A trigger for model improvement

Ex: (Mainly oceanic) updates of CNRM-CM5

Ocean salinity and water conservation (water discharge from temperate regions, ice-ocean water+salt exchanges...) CNRM-CM (CMIP5) → CNRM-CM5.2 (COMBINE EU project)

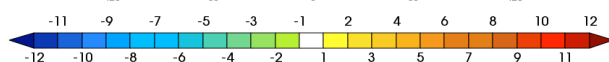
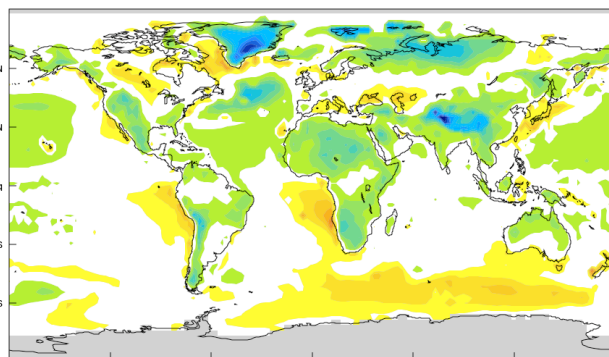
SST-T2M anomalies /
HadSST-CRU2

CNRM-CM5.2



CNRM-CM5.1 ALL MEAN = -0.39 RMS = 1.70

CNRM-CM5.1

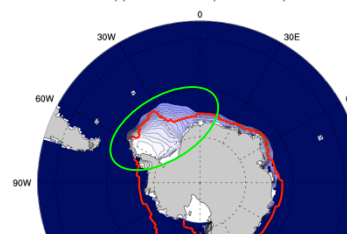


SEA ICE
MARCH

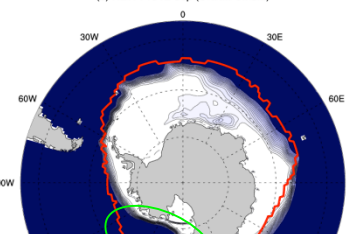
SEPTEMBER

Sea Ice Fraction (%)

(a) NEW PICTL Mar (CNRM-CM5.2)



(b) NEW PICTL Sep (CNRM-CM5.2)

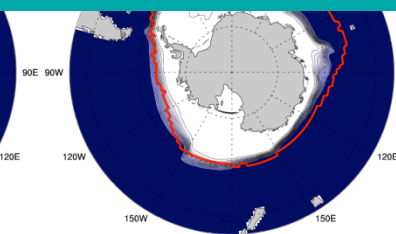


Mass transport at Drake Passage

CNRM-CM5.1 : 87Sv

CNRM-CM5.2 : 133Sv

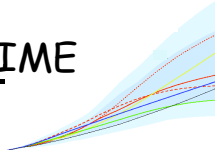
Cunningham et al. (2003) : 137Sv



g-S...

Aspects to consider

- Organization for the definition and harmonization of lists of variable and diagnoses
- ESGF
 - Transparency / key decisions
 - Roadmap (short/medium/long term) available to all
 - User needs to drive ESGF development
 - Climate modeling representative
 - Open source approach
- CMIP5 : Have a synthesis of results + feedback on the whole project in 2-3 years + conference



CMIP6?

- Need to define key questions (ex: CMIP5 / carbon feedback, decadal prediction and extremes)
- Should be “reasonable” (smaller gap than between CMIP3 and CMIP5) : CMIP5 as a baseline + additions to cover gaps or new questions
- Results CMIP3/CMIP5 → need to have a focus on model systematic biases
- Need better link with aerosols and land use modeling communities (regional changes)
- Timing with IPCC (different steps?)
- Have time to discuss and share expertise on model development
- Anticipation needed / computing centers, data distribution, software for analyses...