School of Earth and Environment INSTITUTE FOR CLIMATE & ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCE



Do externally forced North Atlantic circulation trends resemble modes of internal variability?

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Motivation



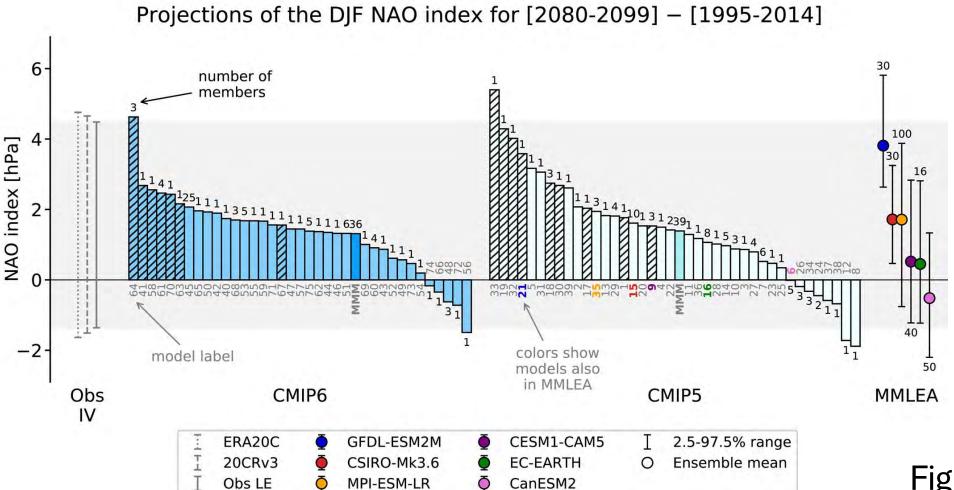


Fig 1, McKenna & Maycock (2021).

Motivation



Detecting forced differences in the DJF NAO index

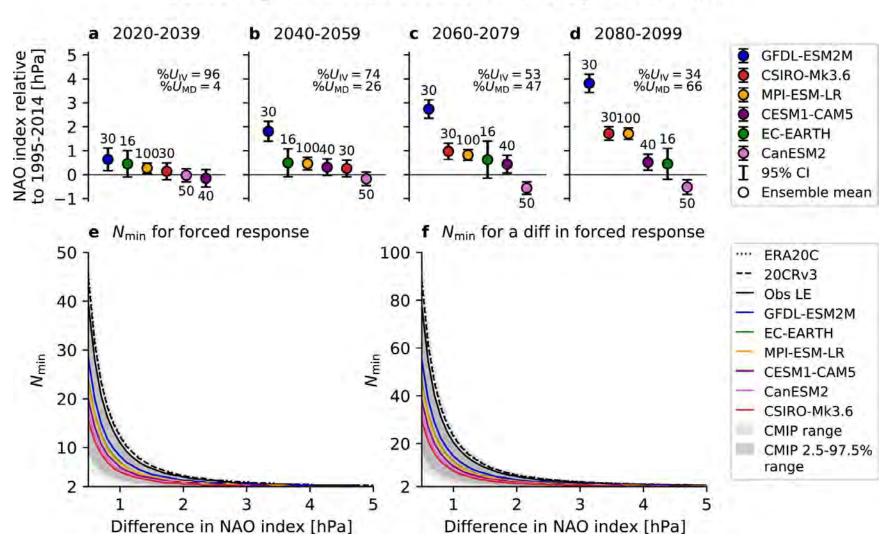


Fig 3, McKenna & Maycock (2021).

Motivation



- Blackport & Fyfe 2022: positive trend in the NAO index (1951-2020) in **tails of model distribution**.
- Smith et al. 2025: multidecadal NAO variability **forced** by natural forcings (volcanic) and models **underestimate** the amplitude.
- Circulation trends are important for regional climate unclear how much the forced responses resemble modes of internal variability.



Do externally forced North Atlantic circulation trends resemble modes of internal variability?

Methodology

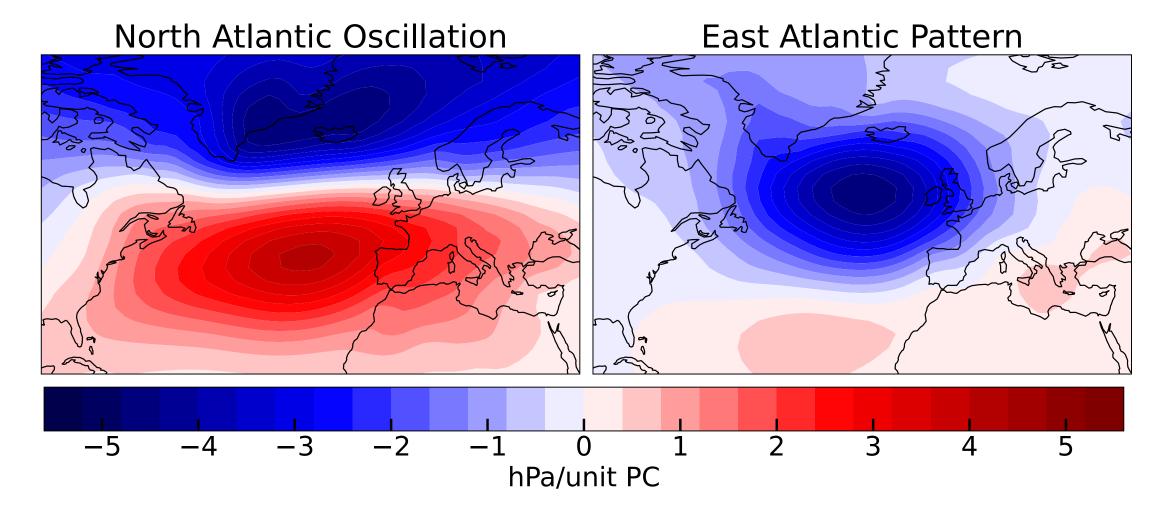


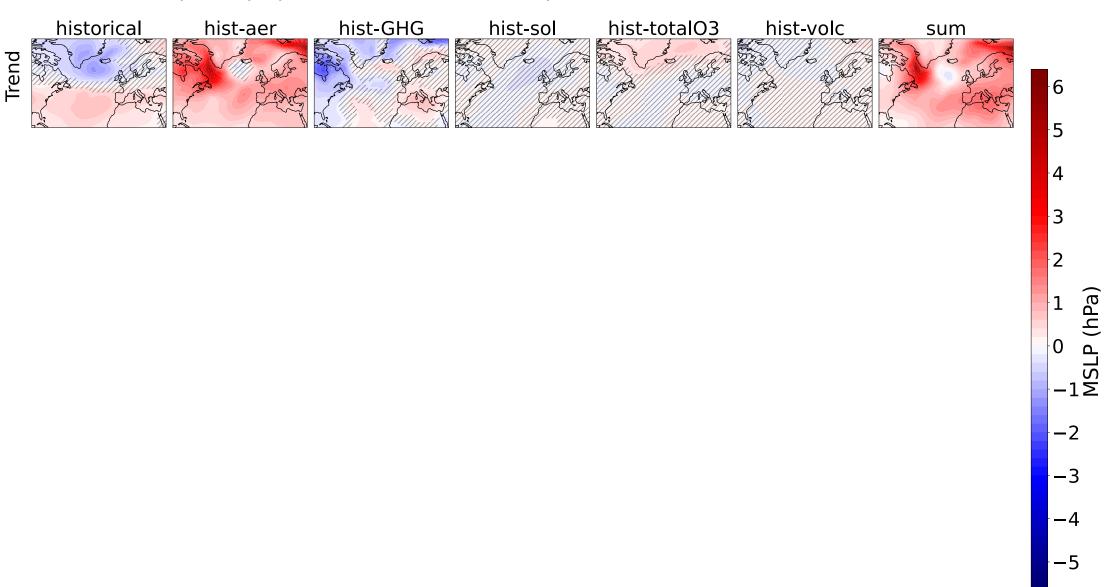
- 1. Take the ensemble mean and find the **forced response** (linear trend) across all the experiments (1850-2014).
- Find spatial patterns for the internal modes of variability in the historical experiment by regressing pressure anomalies onto the leading EOFs (EOF1 - NAO and EOF2 – East Atlantic pattern).
- 3. **Project** the forced response onto the historical regression patterns and quantify the residuals.

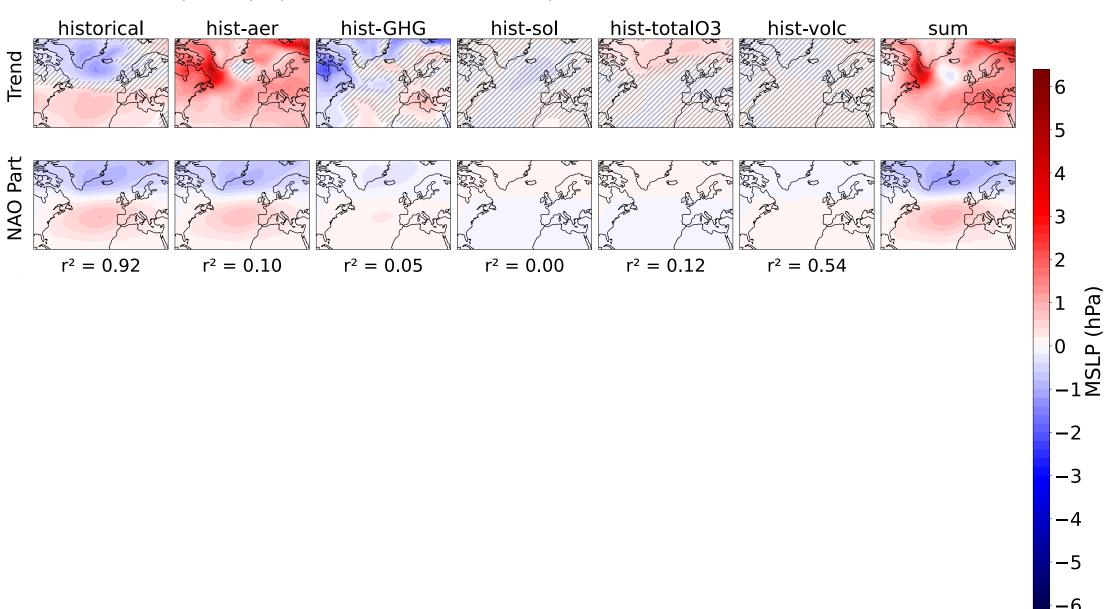
Spatial patterns of modes

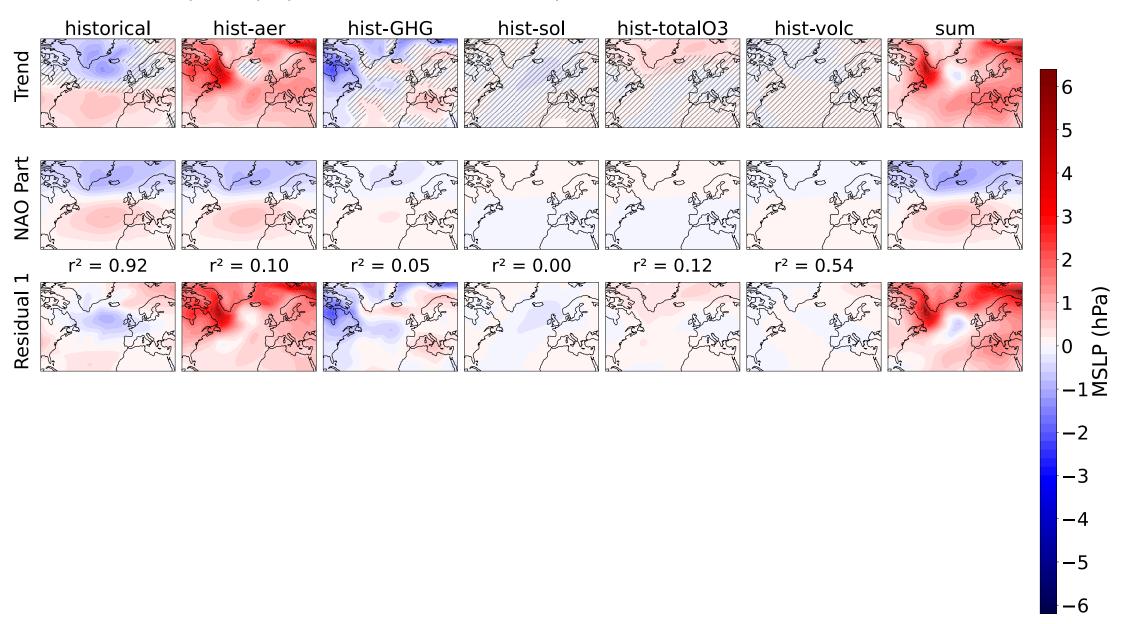


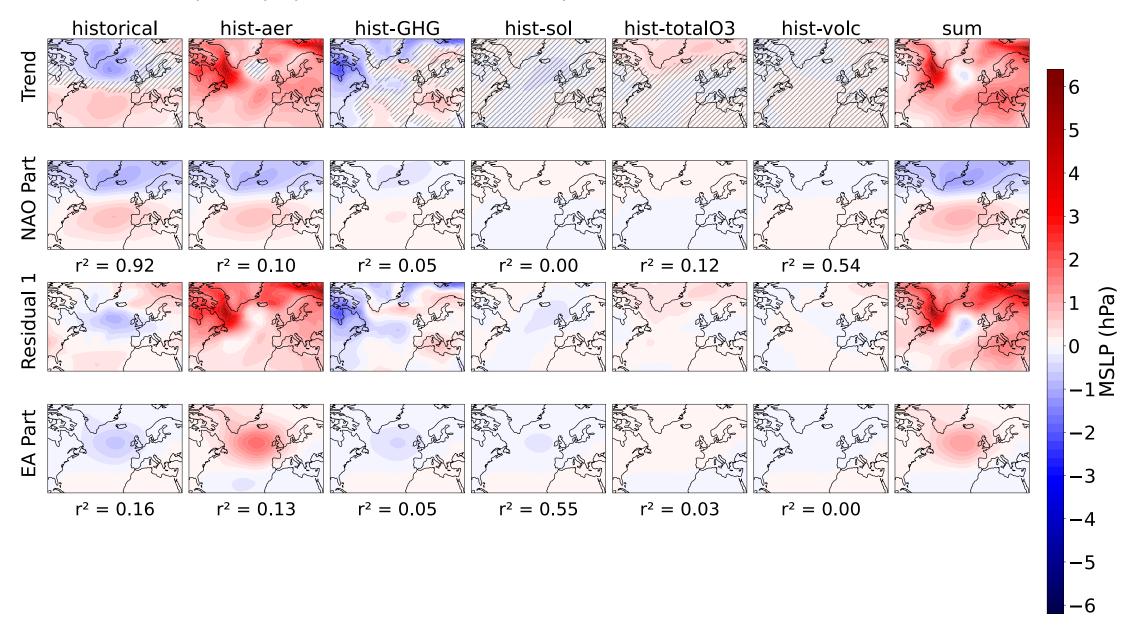
HadGEM3-GC31-LL's historical regression pattern (1850-2014)



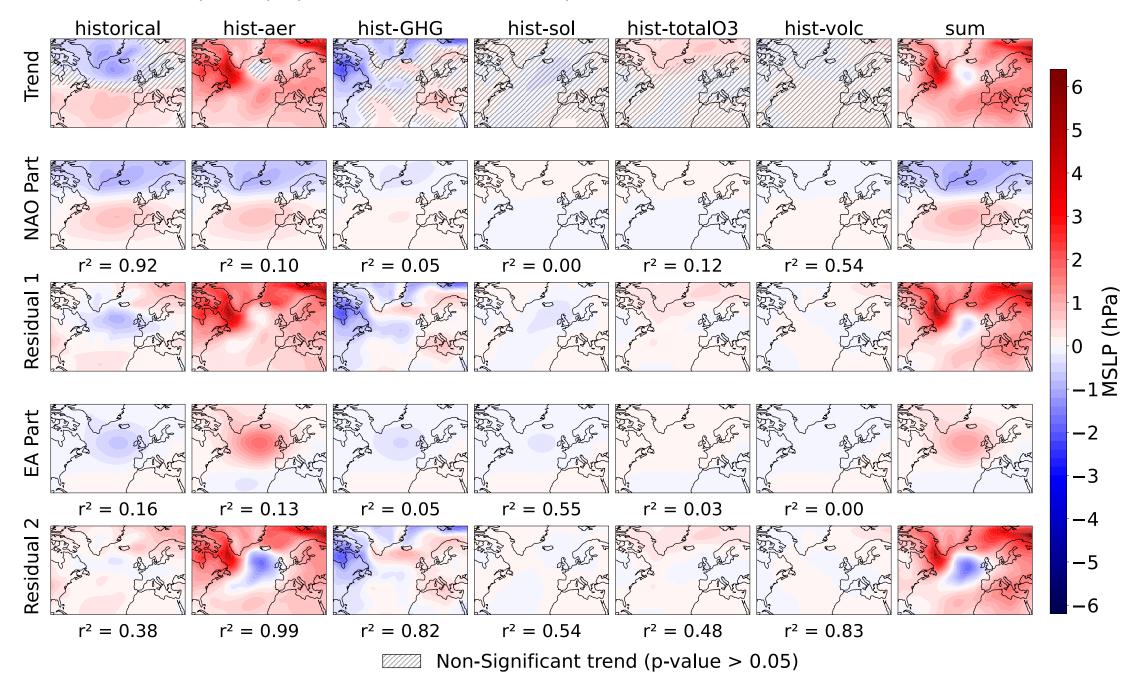




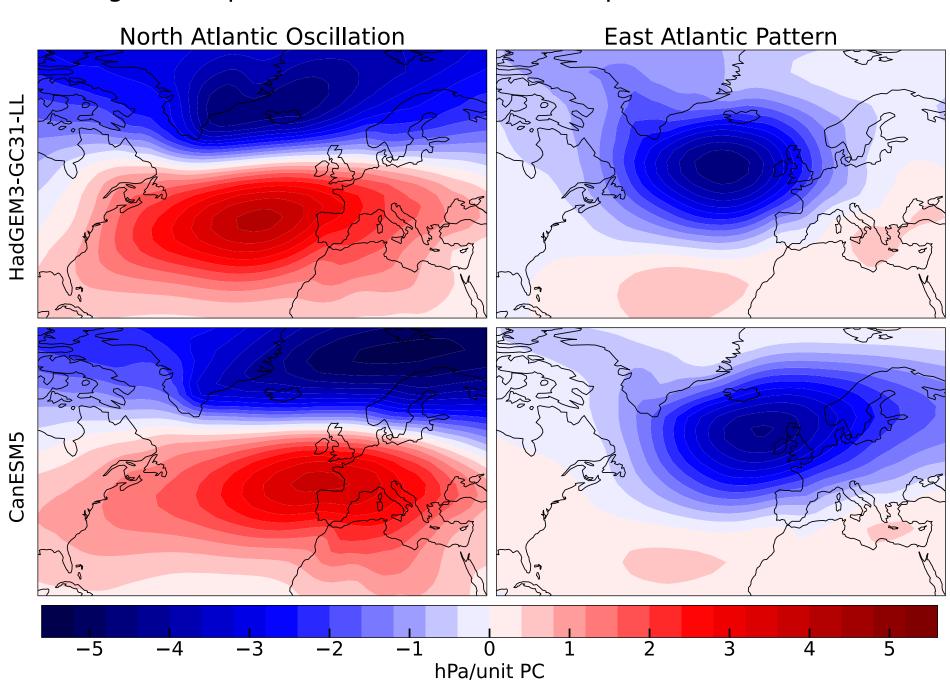


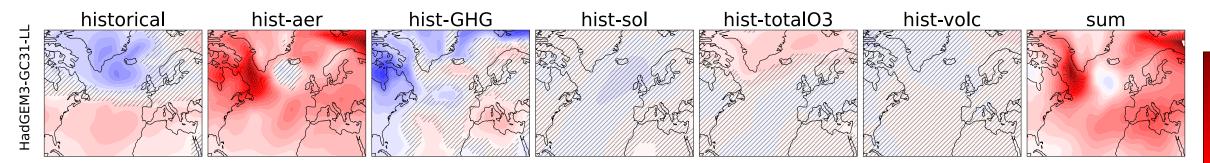


Forced response projections onto NAO and EA patterns - HadGEM3-GC31-LL 1850-2014

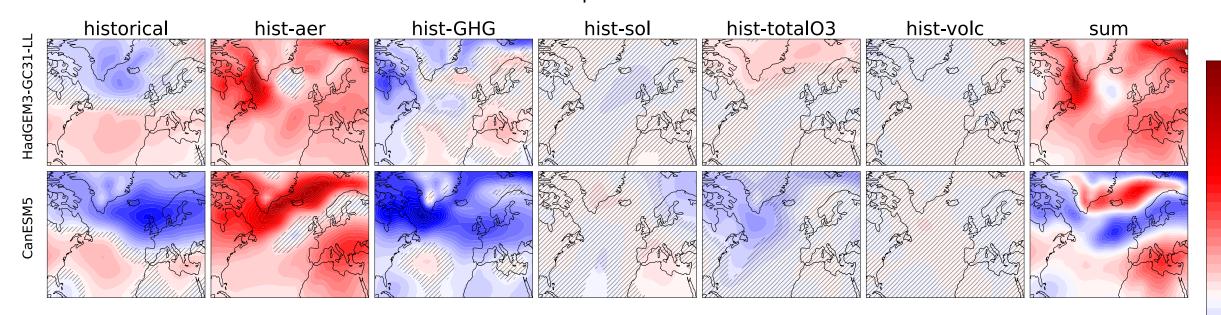


Regression patterns for the historical experiment (1850-2014)

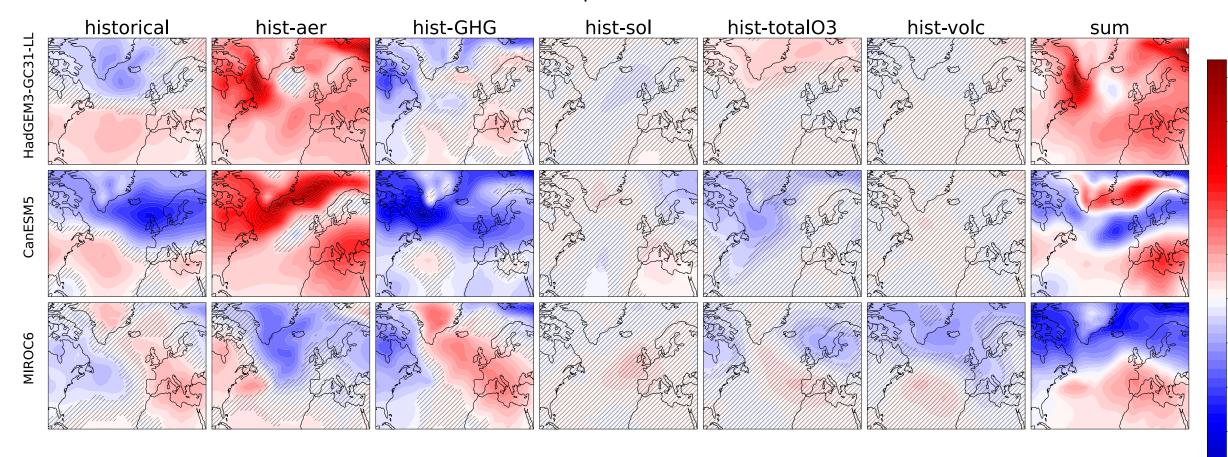




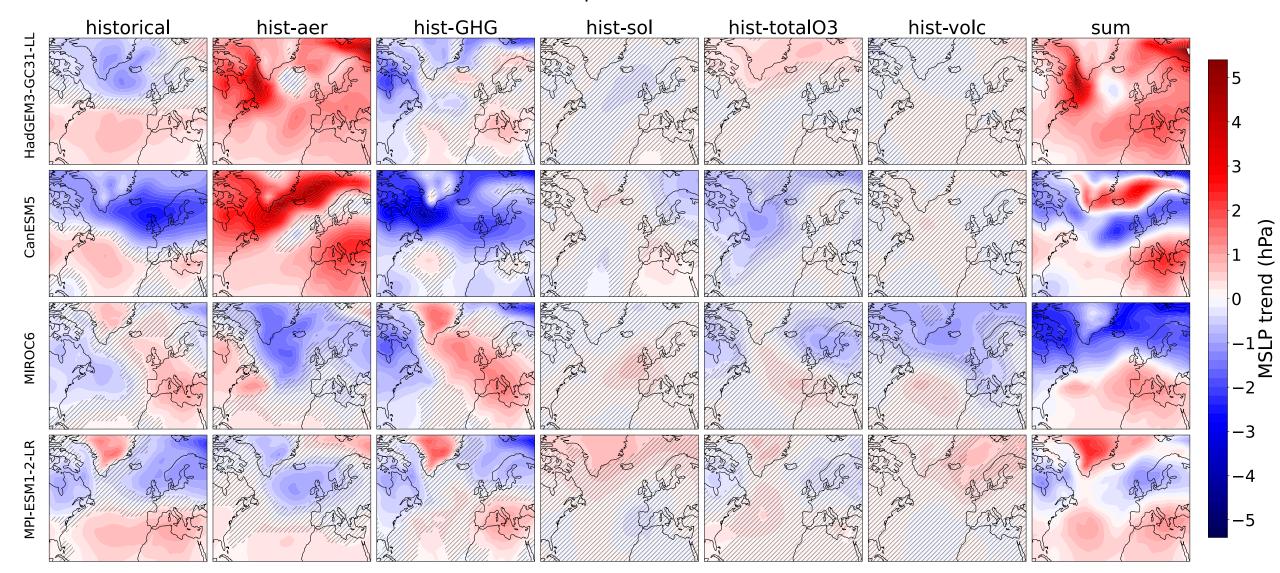
L 0 L 5 MSLP trend (hPa)



NSLP trend (hPa)



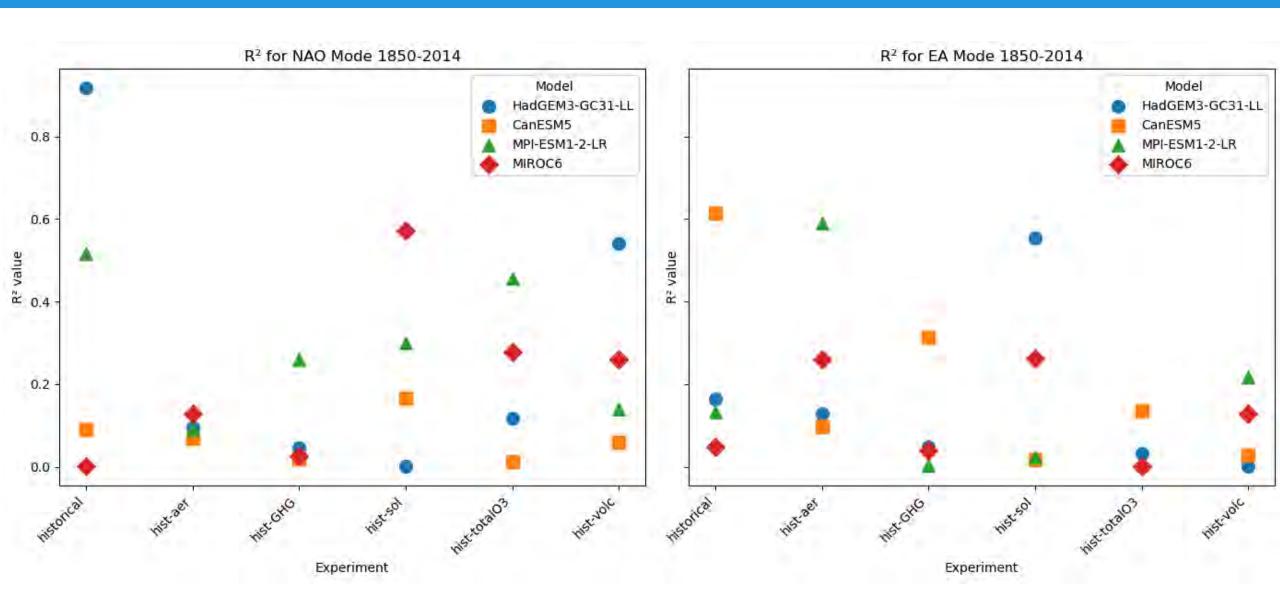
trend (hPa)



Non-Significant trend (p-value > 0.05)

Summary of projections across models





Future Work



- Expand to other:
 - Models.
 - Seasons.
 - Modes of variability in different regions.

• Investigate the differences between the models.