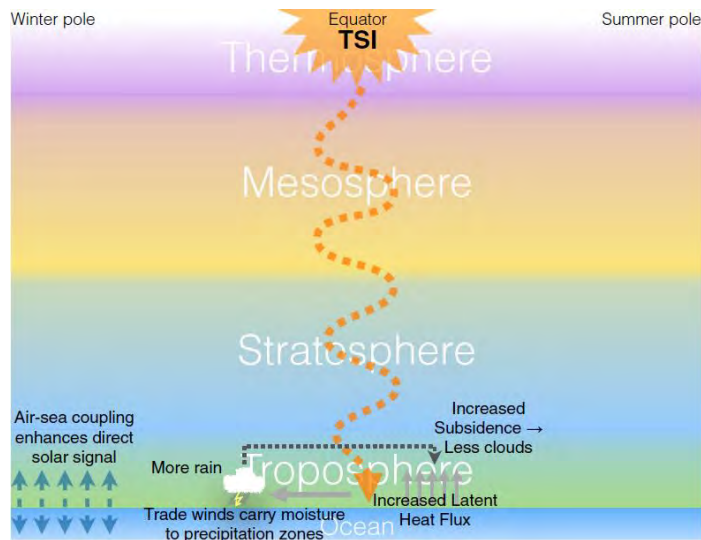


Retrospective analysis of climate response to solar variability

Wenjuan Huo,

Chaim Garfinkel, David Avisar, Aleš Kuchař, Stergios Misios, Shoshiro Minobe

bottom-up VIS/NIR (0.1%)

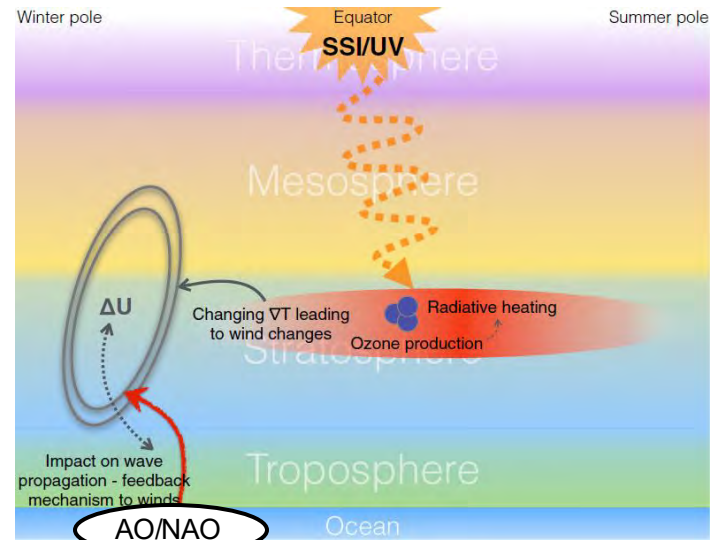


“ENSO-like”, phase-locked

Weak warming

(Meehl et al. 2009, Van Loon et al. 2007; (Tung and Zhou
Meehl et al. 2009; Huo et al. 2021, 2022) 2010; Roy 2014)

top-down UV (6-10%)



AO/NAO

Seppälä et al. 2014

(Kodera 2002; Gray et al. 2013;
Scaife et al. 2014; Thiéblemont et al. 2015; Ineson et al.
2015; Drew et al. 2021; Kuroda et al. 2022)

Large Ensemble Single Forcing MIP (LESFMIP)

Experiment name	Description
hist-GHG	Well-mixed greenhouse-gas-only historical simulations (WMGHGs)
hist-aer	Anthropogenic-aerosol-only historical simulations (BC, OC, SO ₂ , SO ₄ , NO _x , NH ₃ , CO, NMVOC)
hist-sol	Solar-only historical simulations (solar irradiance)
hist-volc	Volcanic-only historical simulations (stratospheric aerosol)
hist-totalO3	Ozone-only historical simulations (stratospheric and tropospheric ozone)
hist-lu	Historical simulations with only land use changes

Hist-sol

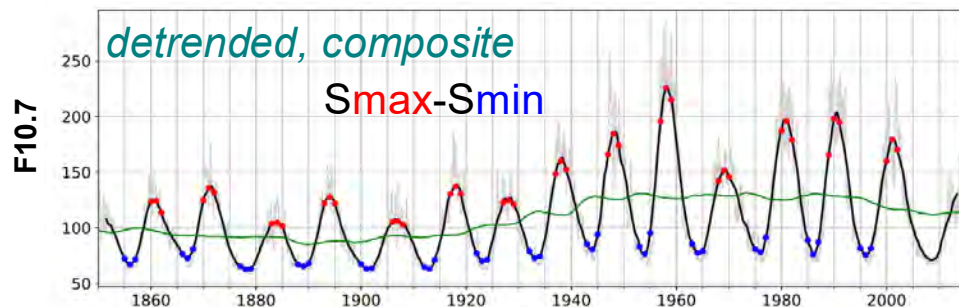
ACCESS

MIROC6

CanESM5

Caveats:

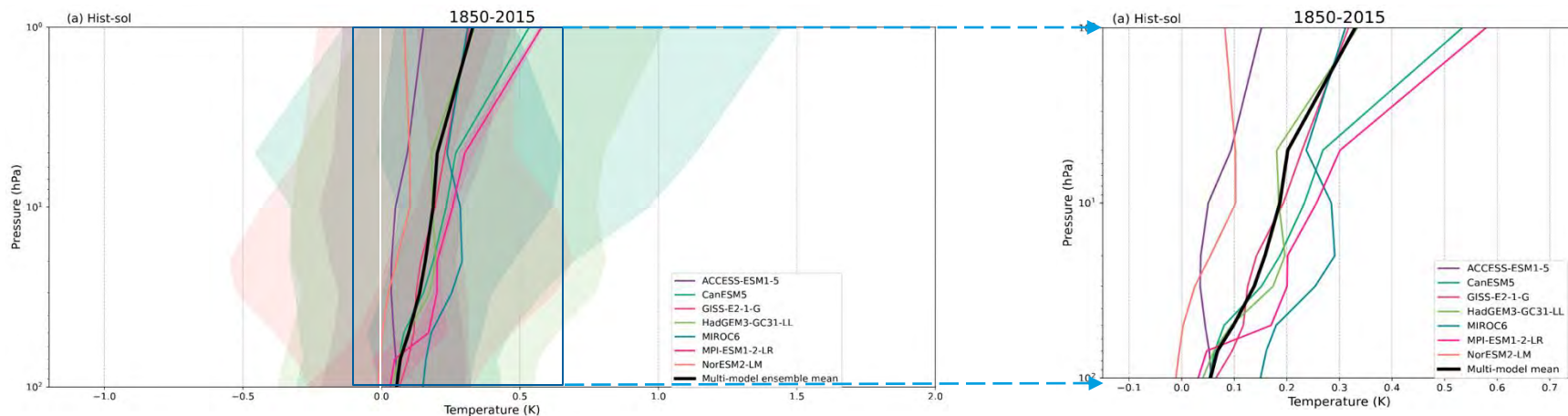
- No isolating strat O3 from trop O3.
- Not all models high-top.
- No interactive chemistry in strat.
- Only 2 spontaneously simulate a QBO.



potential predictability variance fraction (PPVF): $p = \sigma_v^2 / \sigma^2$

Solar imprints in the Middle Atmosphere

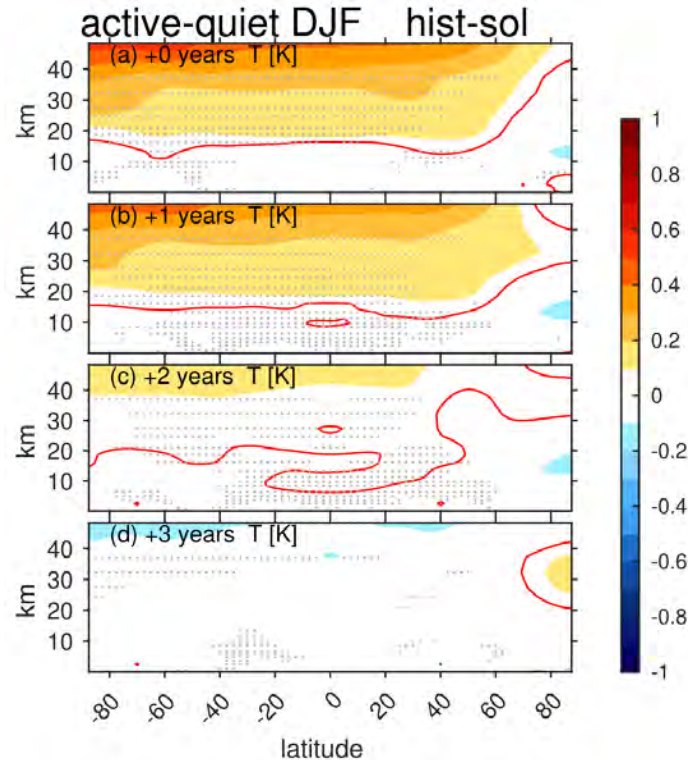
Annual mean Ta *composite*



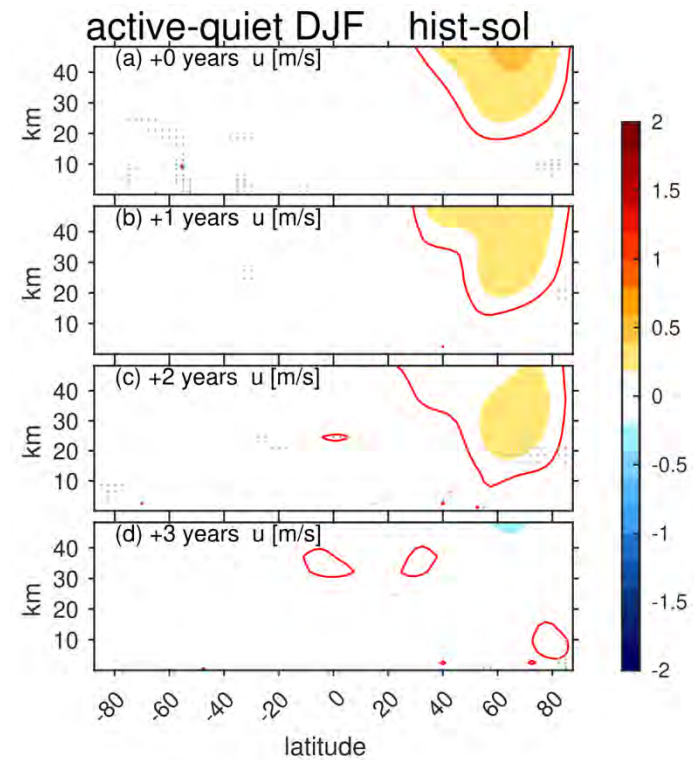
Solar imprints in the Middle Atmosphere

Zonal mean
T

composite

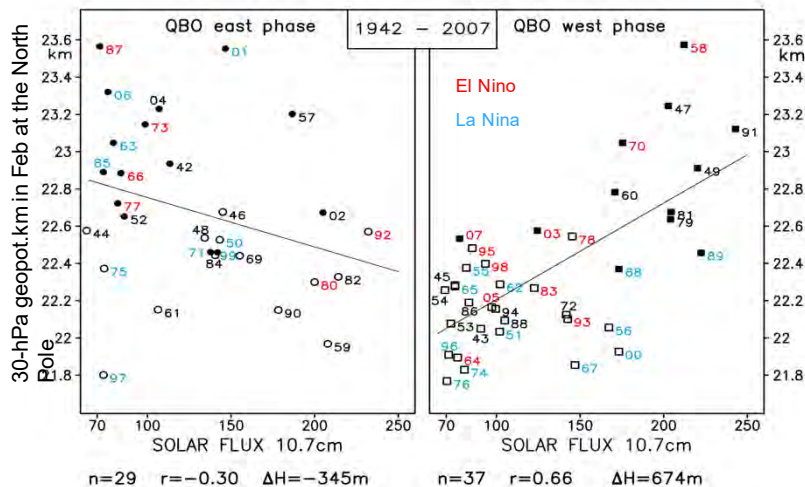


Zonal mean
U



Solar imprints in the Middle Atmosphere

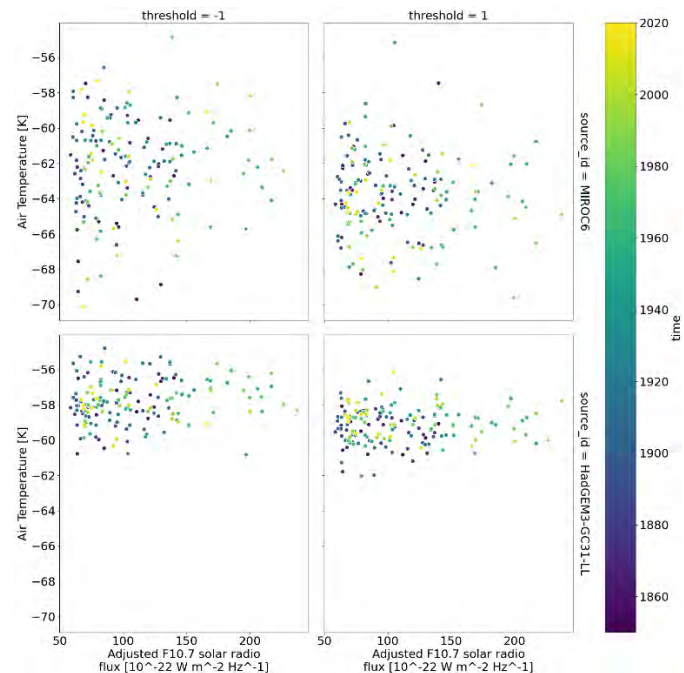
Labitzke's scatter plot on the solar cycle–QBO relationship in the arctic polar region



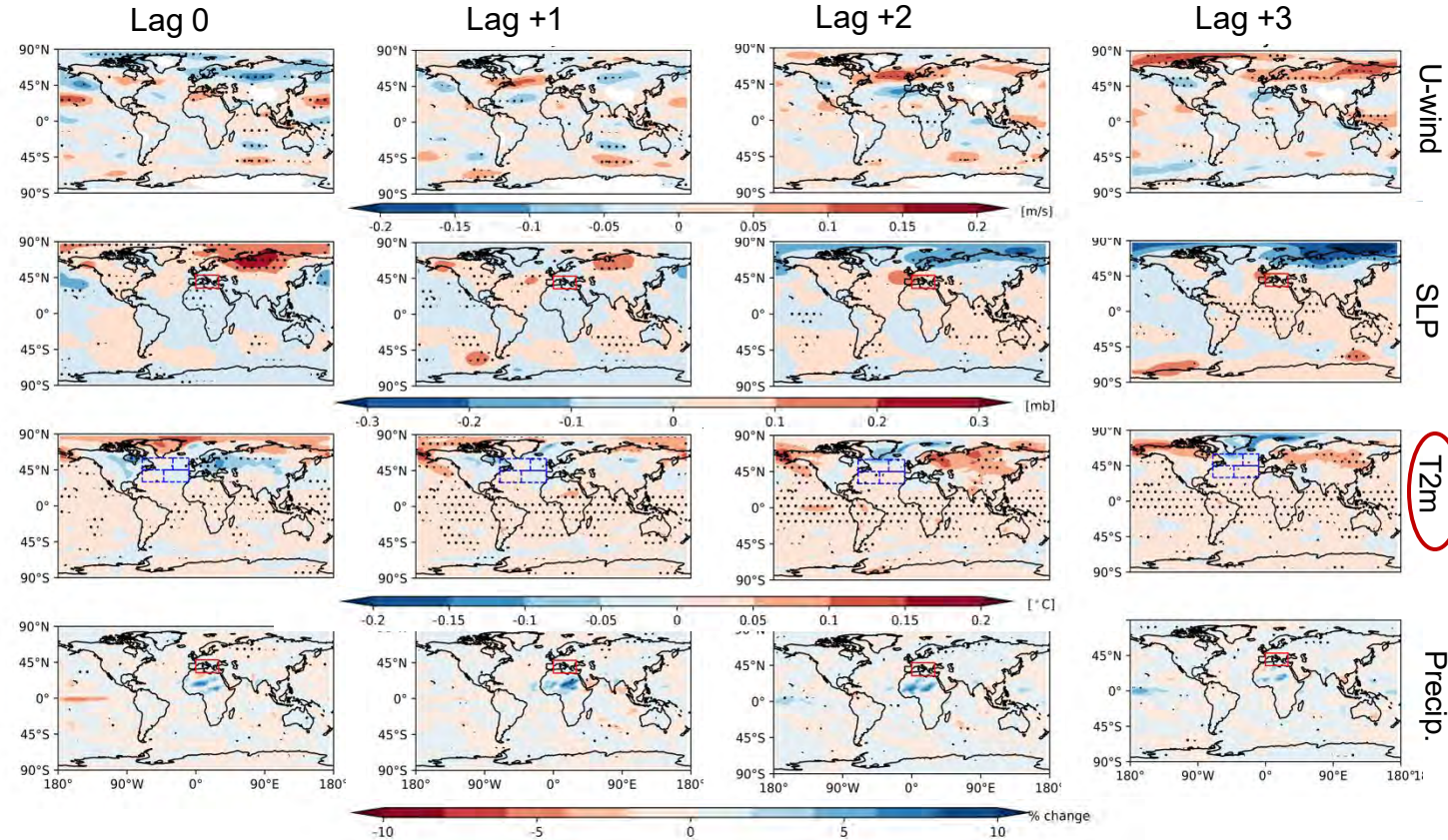
○ years in the east phase of the QBO

□ years in the west phase of the QBO

(Labitzke and Kunze, 2009)

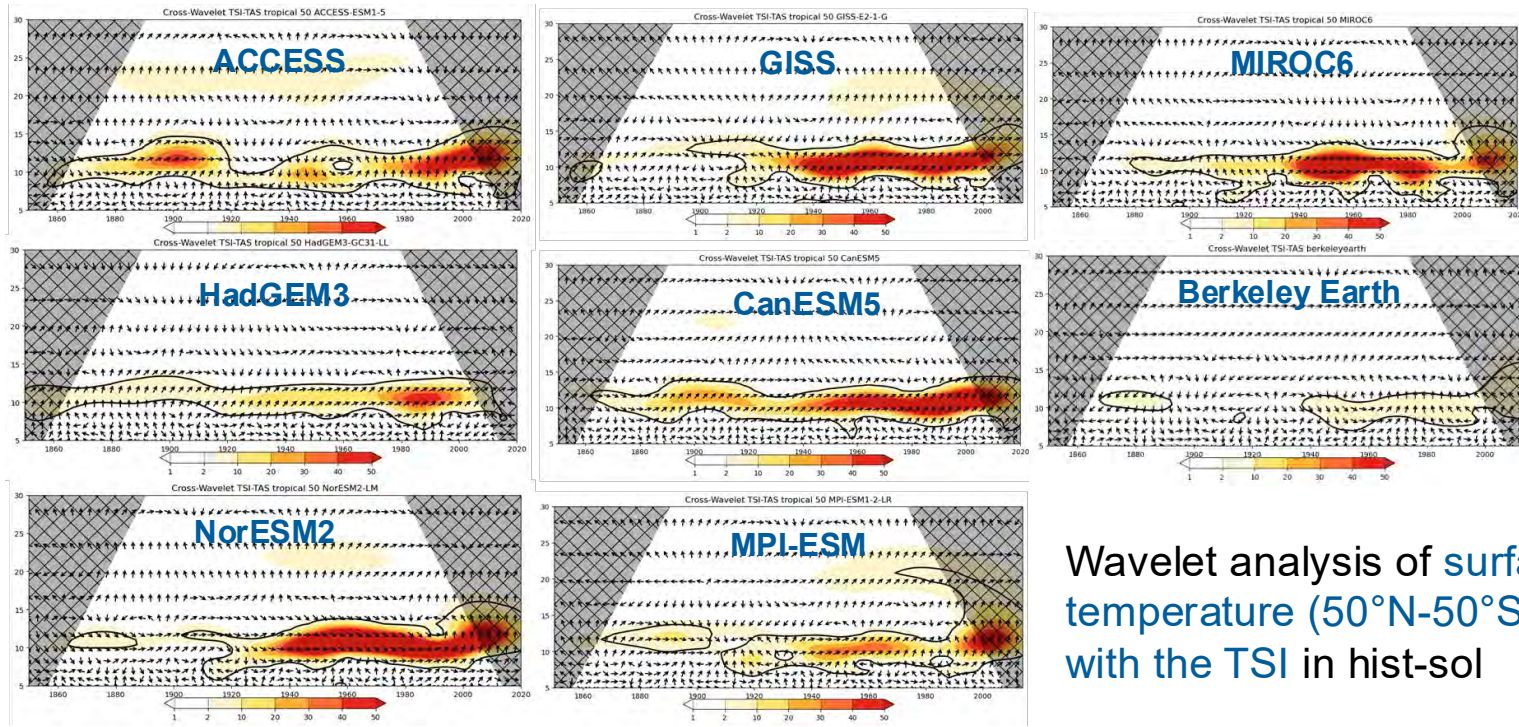


Surface responses to the solar forcing



Surface responses to the solar forcing

Significant covariance in the late period



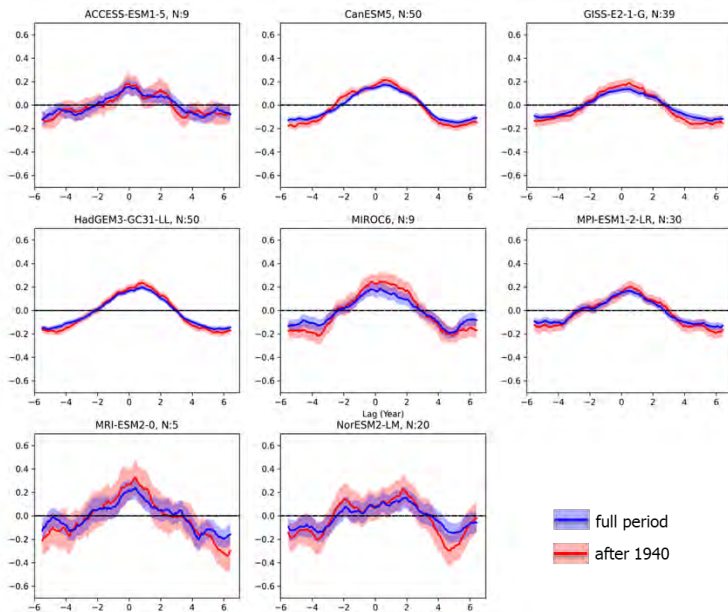
Wavelet analysis of surface temperature (50°N-50°S) with the TSI in hist-sol

Surface responses to the solar forcing

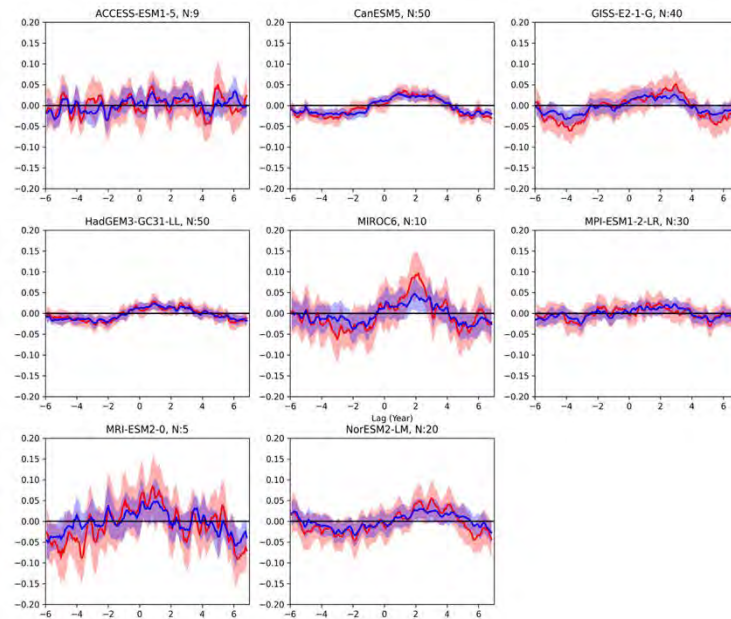
Net SW radiation @TOA

composite

T2m global average



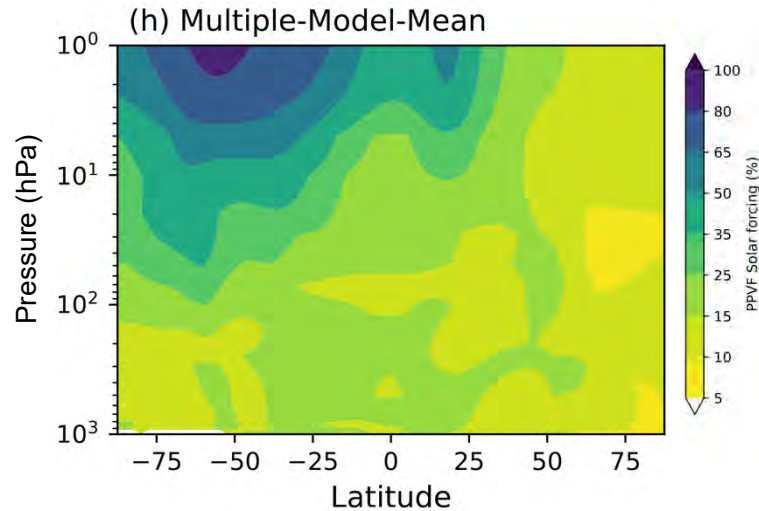
A color band indicates 95% confidence interval of the mean value



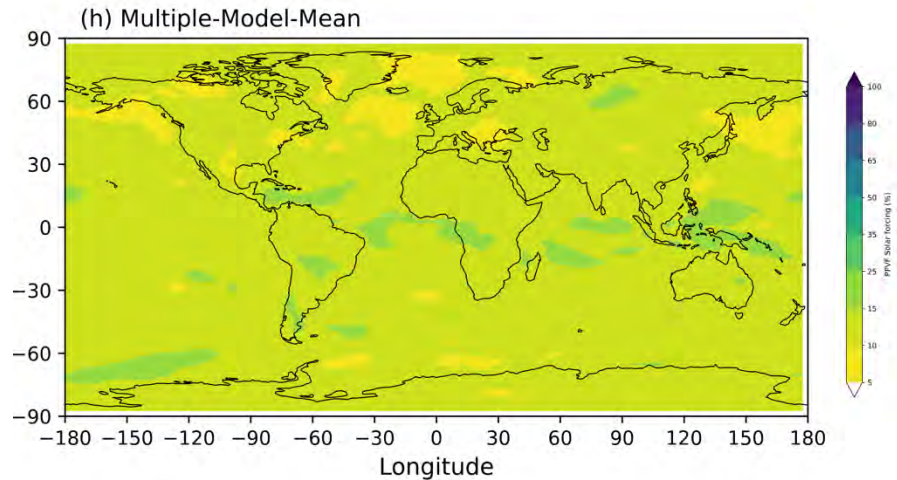
Earth's Energy Imbalance

Contribution to decadal climate predictability

PPVF of Ta

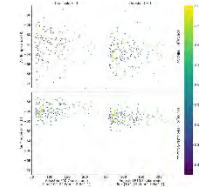
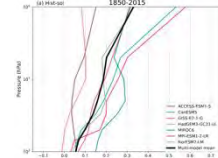
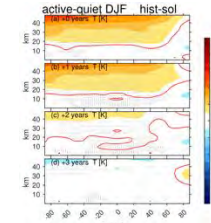
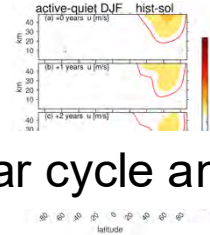


PPVF of Ts



Take home messages

- Robust warm response in the stratosphere to the 11-year solar cycle, but with a large model spread.
- Westerly wind anomalies, not robust, very weak
- No apparent relationship between solar cycle and QBO
- **Lagged surface responses**
 - +NAO/AO
 - robust warm response, be stronger in the central east Pacific at lag +2
 - significant covariance of Ts and TSI in the late period, a stronger warm response
- Solar forcing has a large contribution to the PPVF of Ta in the stratosphere (>50%) and much smaller contribution to the Ts (<15%).



Thanks for your attention!

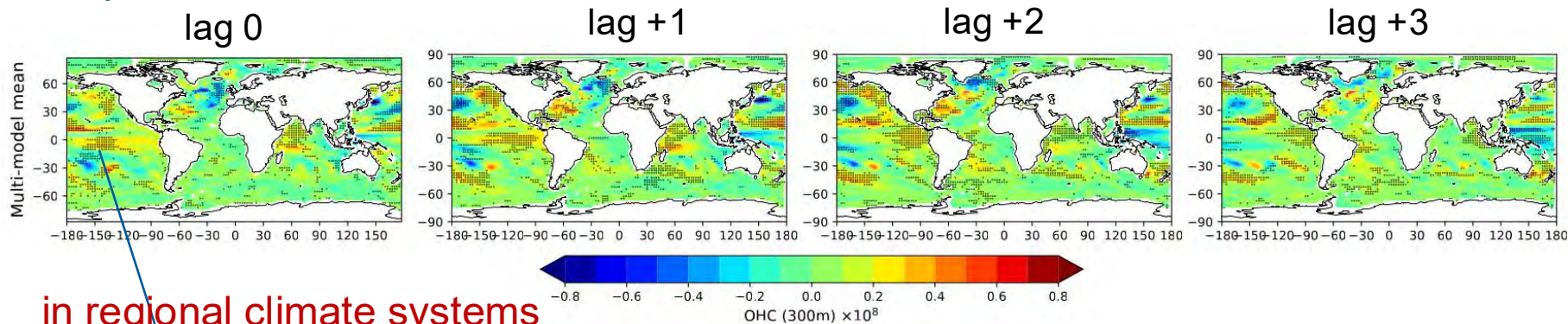


Back up slides

Surface responses to the solar forcing

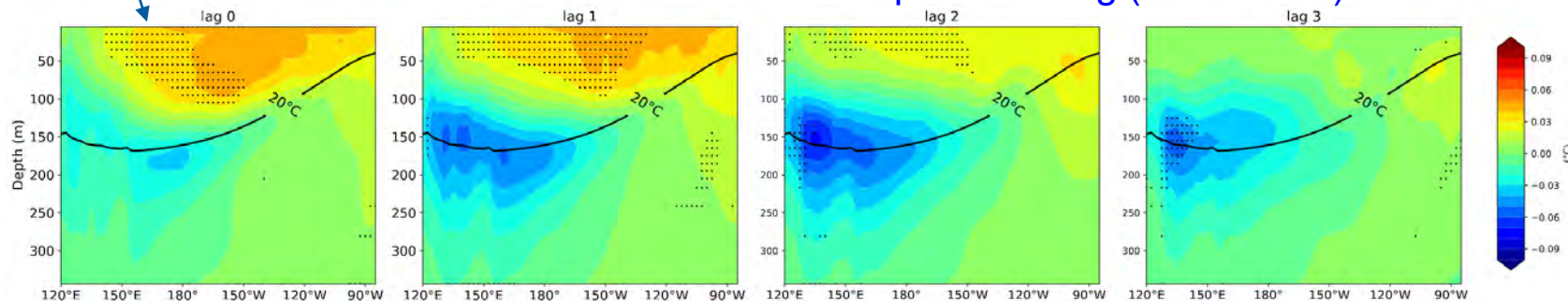
composite

Annual mean OHCa 300m



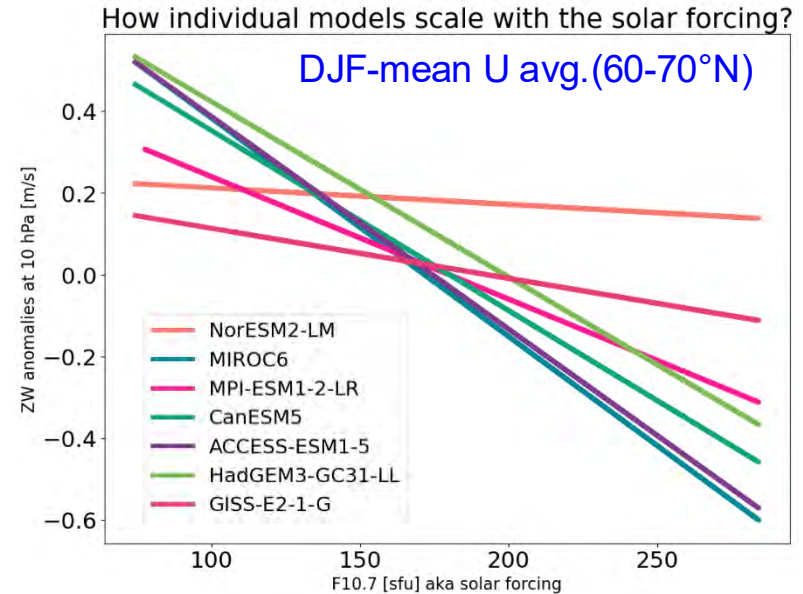
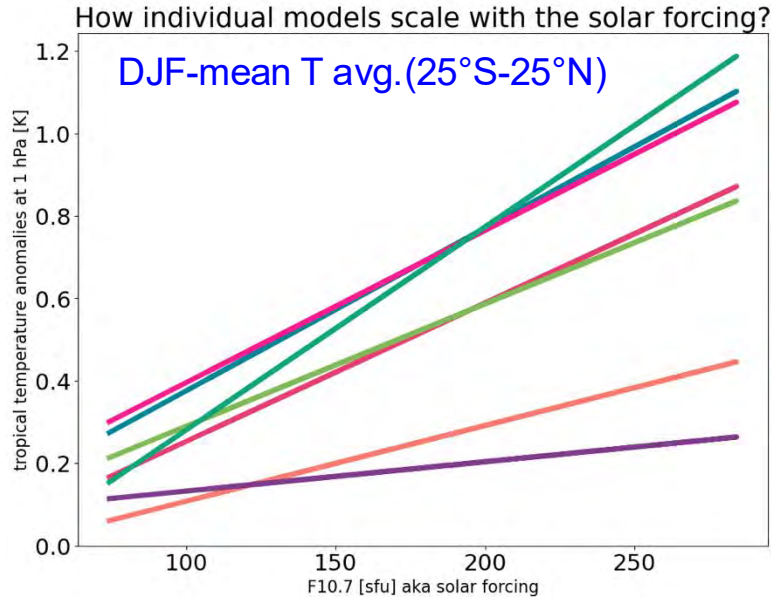
in regional climate systems

Annual mean subsurface temperature avg (10°S-10°N)



Solar imprints in the Middle Atmosphere

regression



Solar imprints in the Middle Atmosphere

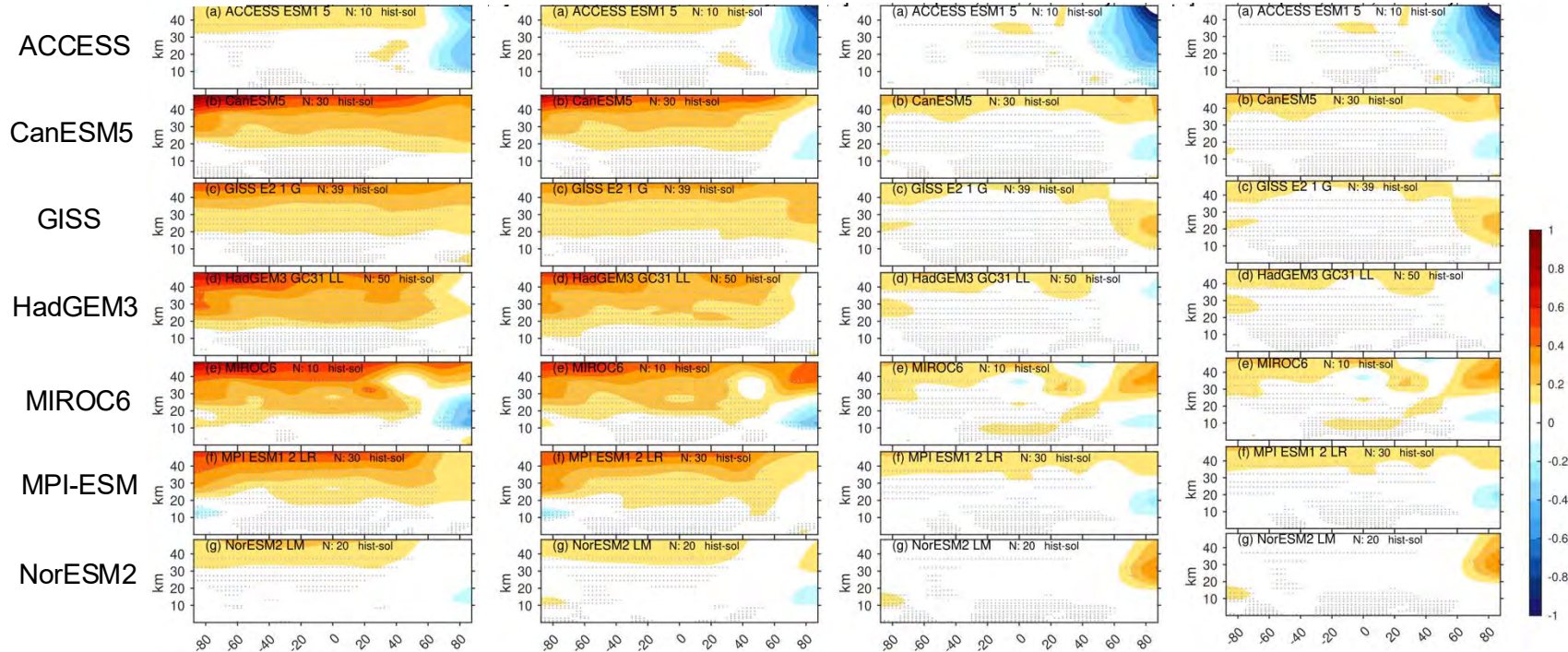
DJF-mean T

lag 0

lag +1

lag +2

lag +3



Solar imprints in the Middle Atmosphere

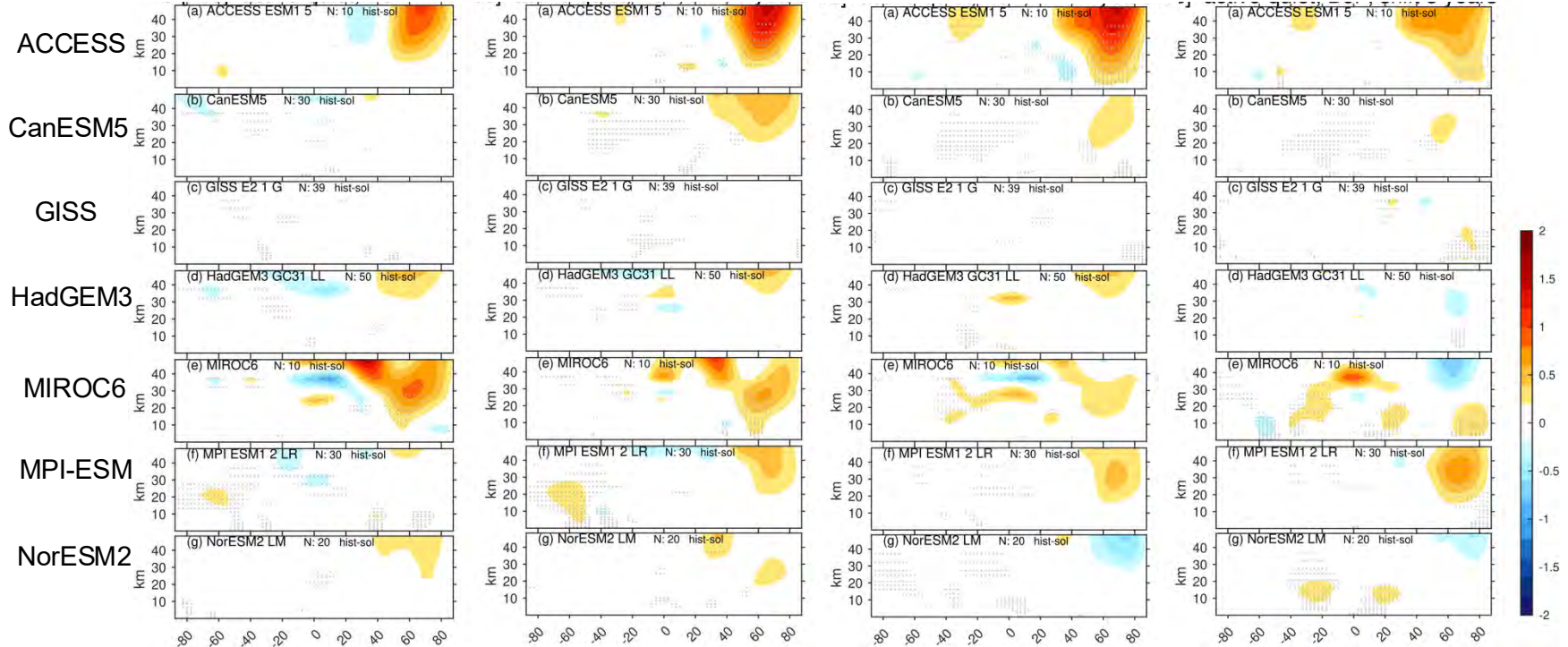
DJF-mean U

lag 0

lag +1

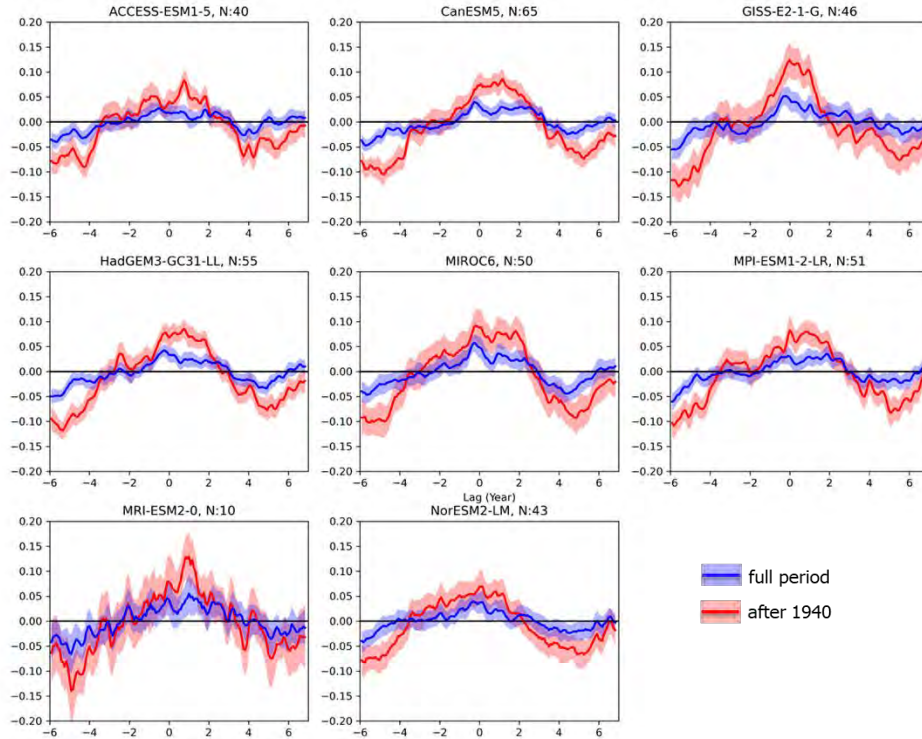
lag +2

lag +3



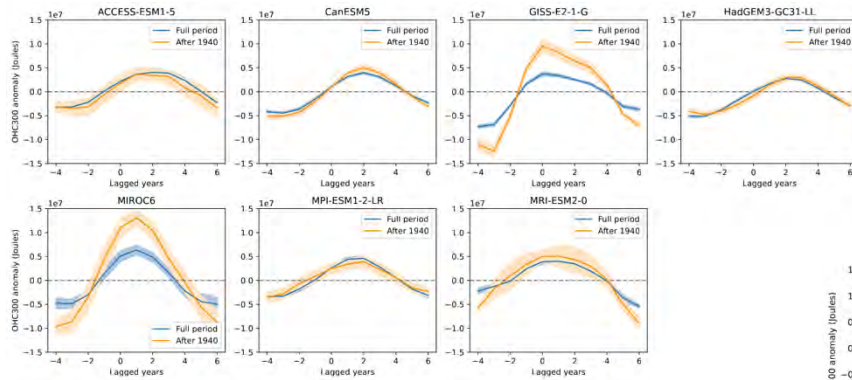
Historical

T2m global average

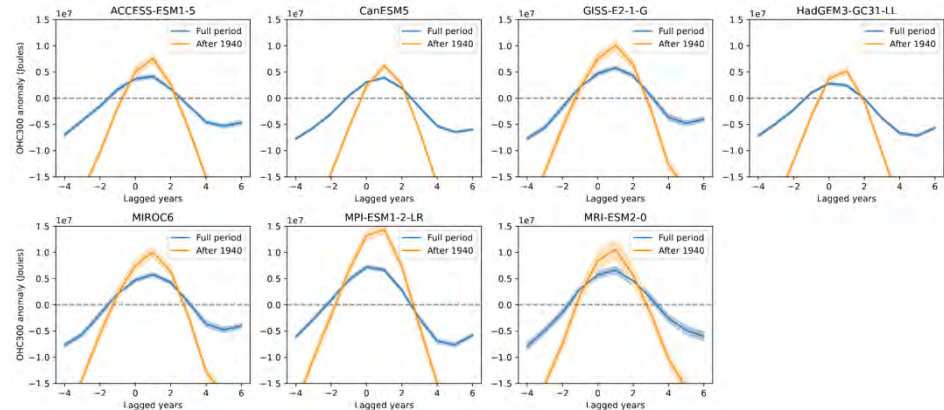


Composite difference of global mean annual mean OHC_{300m} anomalies (S_{max}-S_{min})

Hist-sol

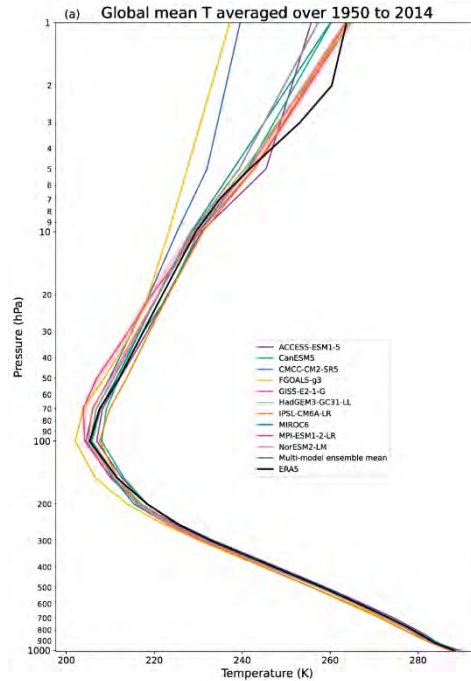


Historial

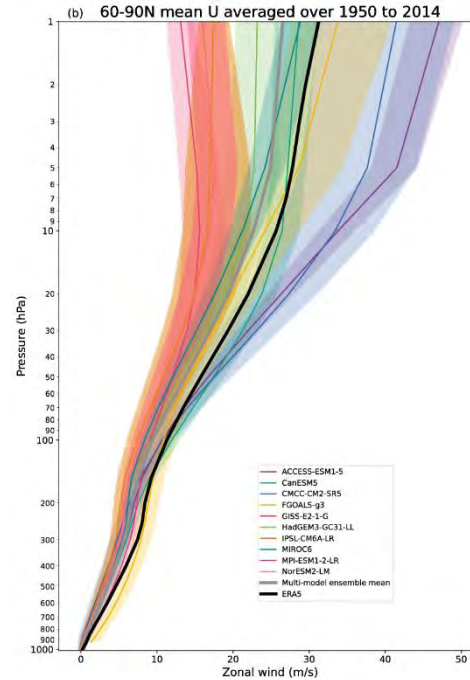


Models' biases

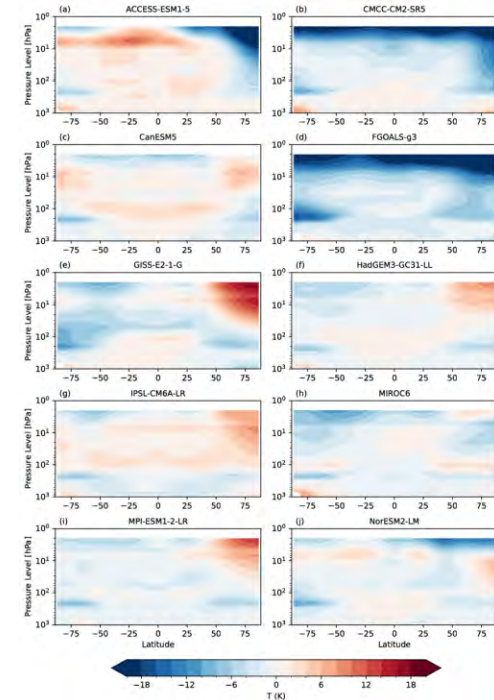
Annual mean global mean Ta



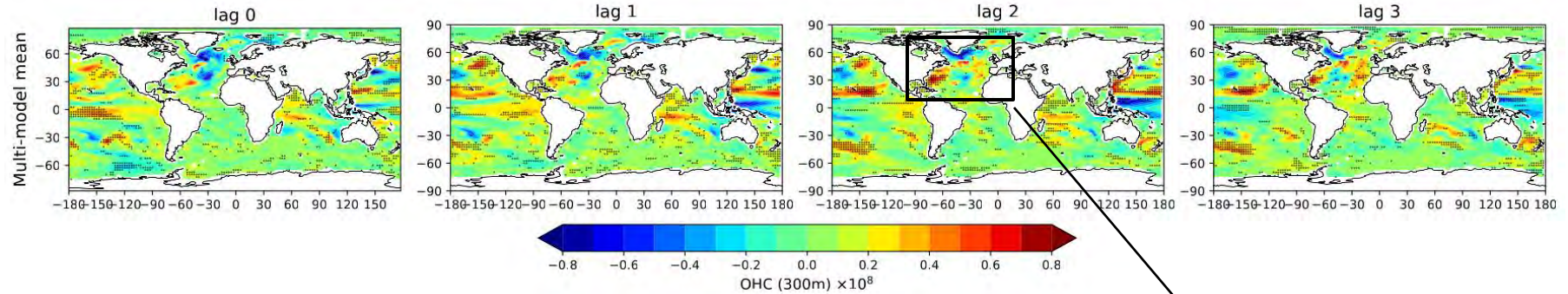
DJF-mean 60-90N averaged Ua



DJF-mean zonal mean Ta (Model-ERA5)

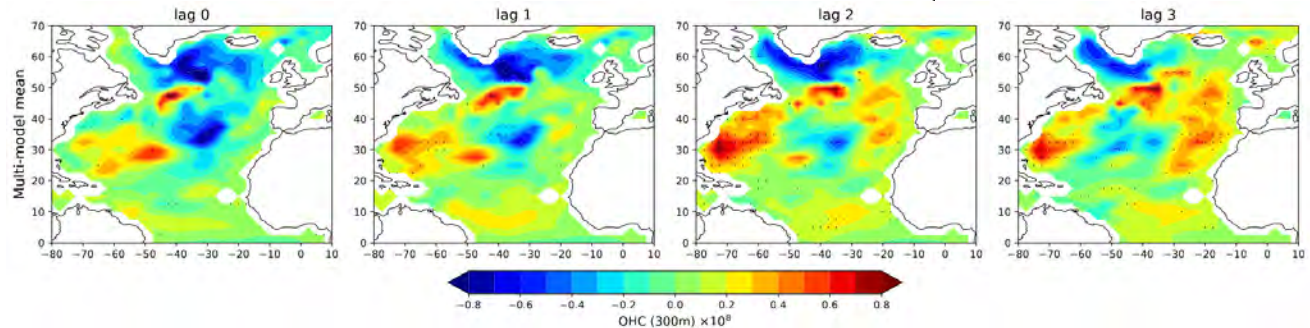


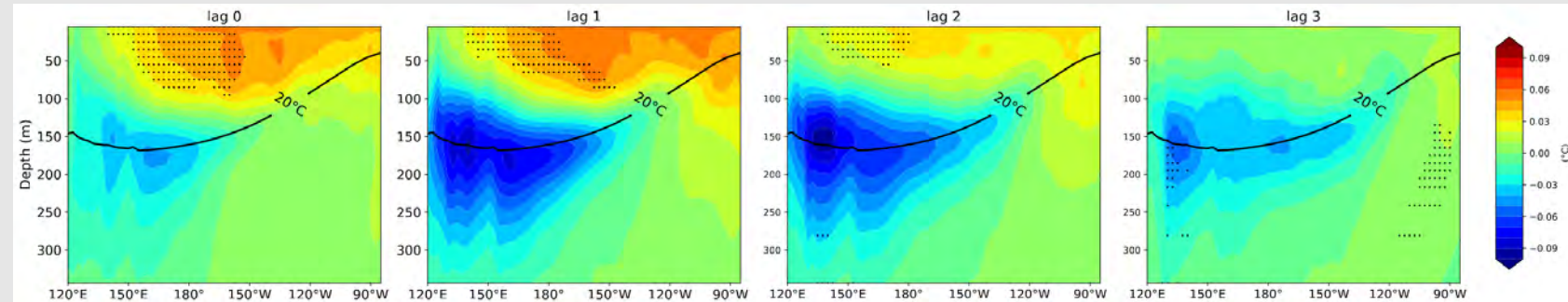
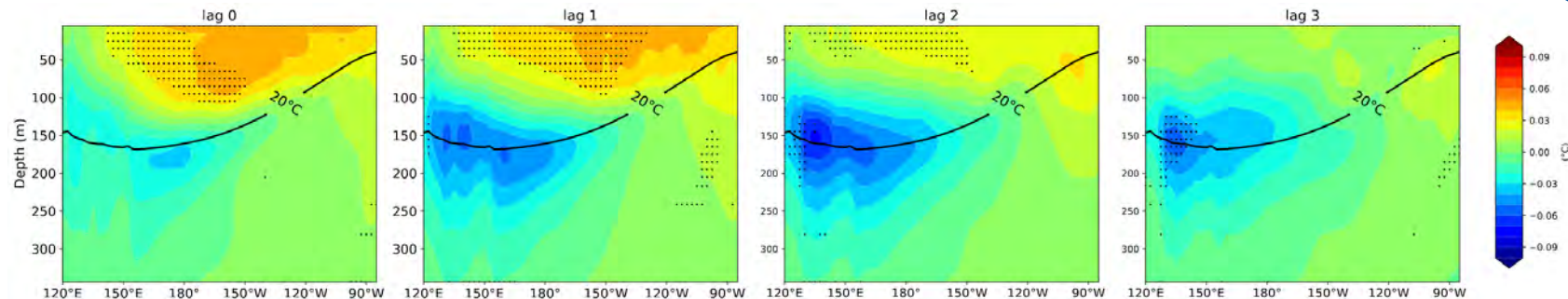
Hist-sol after 1940



A migration of positive OHCa to northward and eastward in the North Atlantic maybe by the ocean current there

Zoom in of the North Atlantic



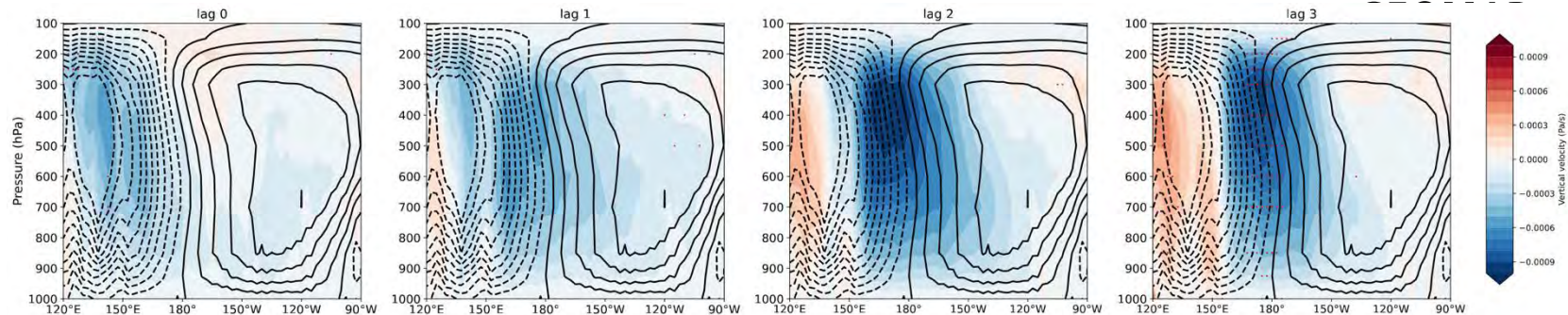


The robust warm response in the tropical Pacific is limited in the mixed layer and hence very less subsurface ocean (meridional) dynamical transport be involved in.

Hist-sol

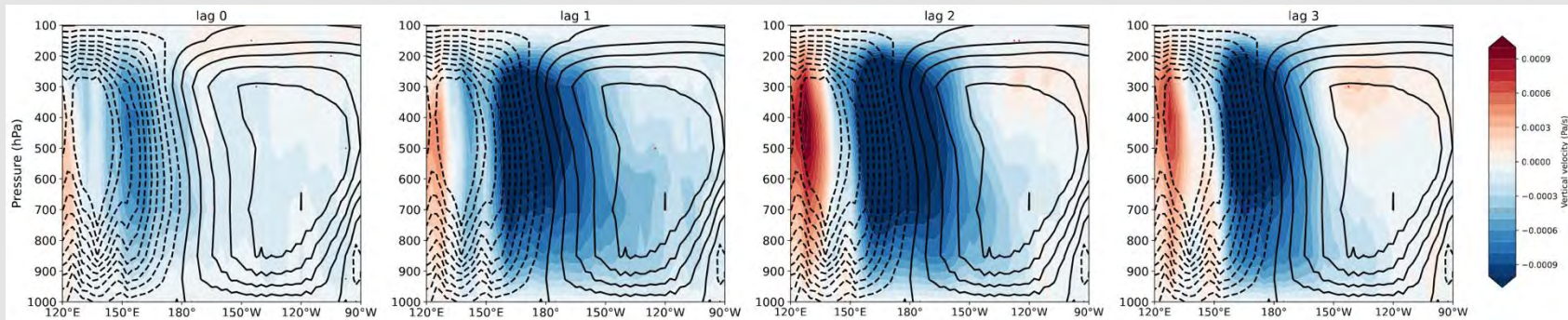
Multi-model mean

Vertical velocity anomalies

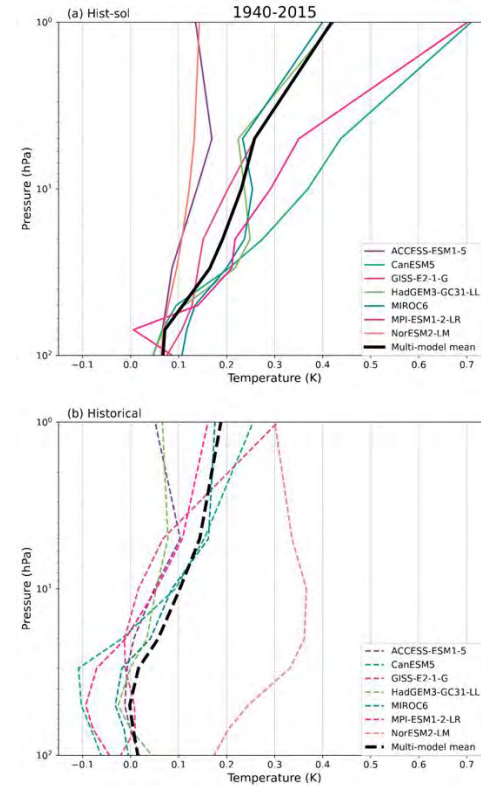
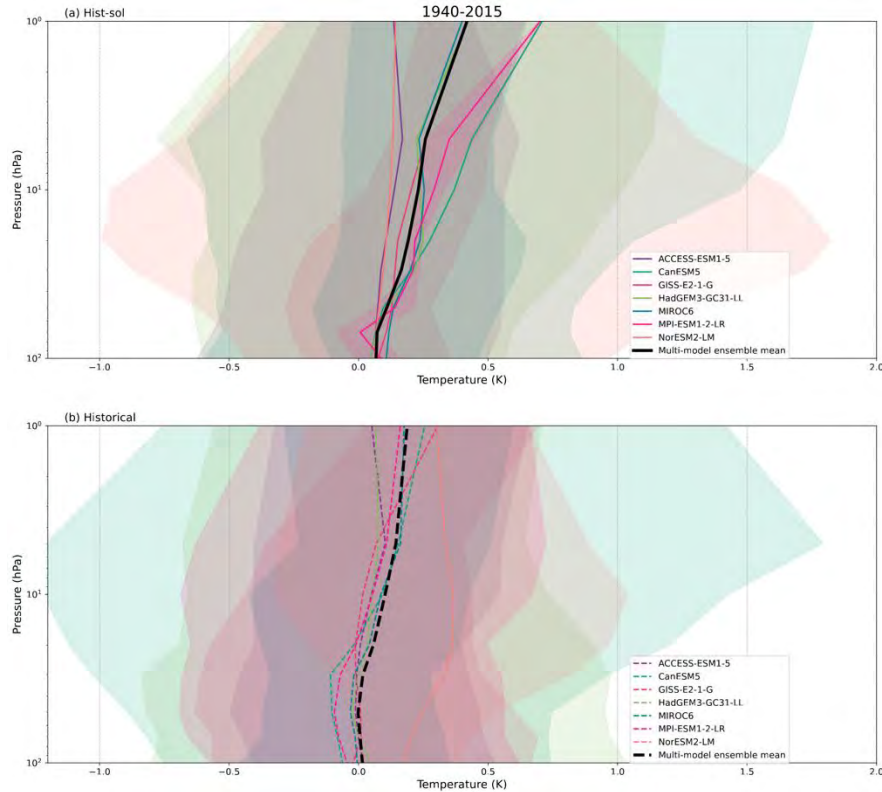


Hist-sol after 1940

Multi-model mean



Hist-sol after 1940



O3 forcing in hist-sol

