

Conclusion Inconsistencies When Testing Physics Settings in Multiple Model Configurations

Rich Neale

*Atmospheric Modeling and Predictability
Climate and Global Dynamics Lab.
National Center for Atmospheric Research
Boulder, Colorado*



Thanks: Cecile Hannay, Mat Rothstein, Brian Medeiros and Jerry Olson



Hierarchy Definition

“a system or organization in which people or groups are ranked one above the other according to status or authority.”

Model class system (very British)

“the upper echelons of a hierarchical system; those in authority.”

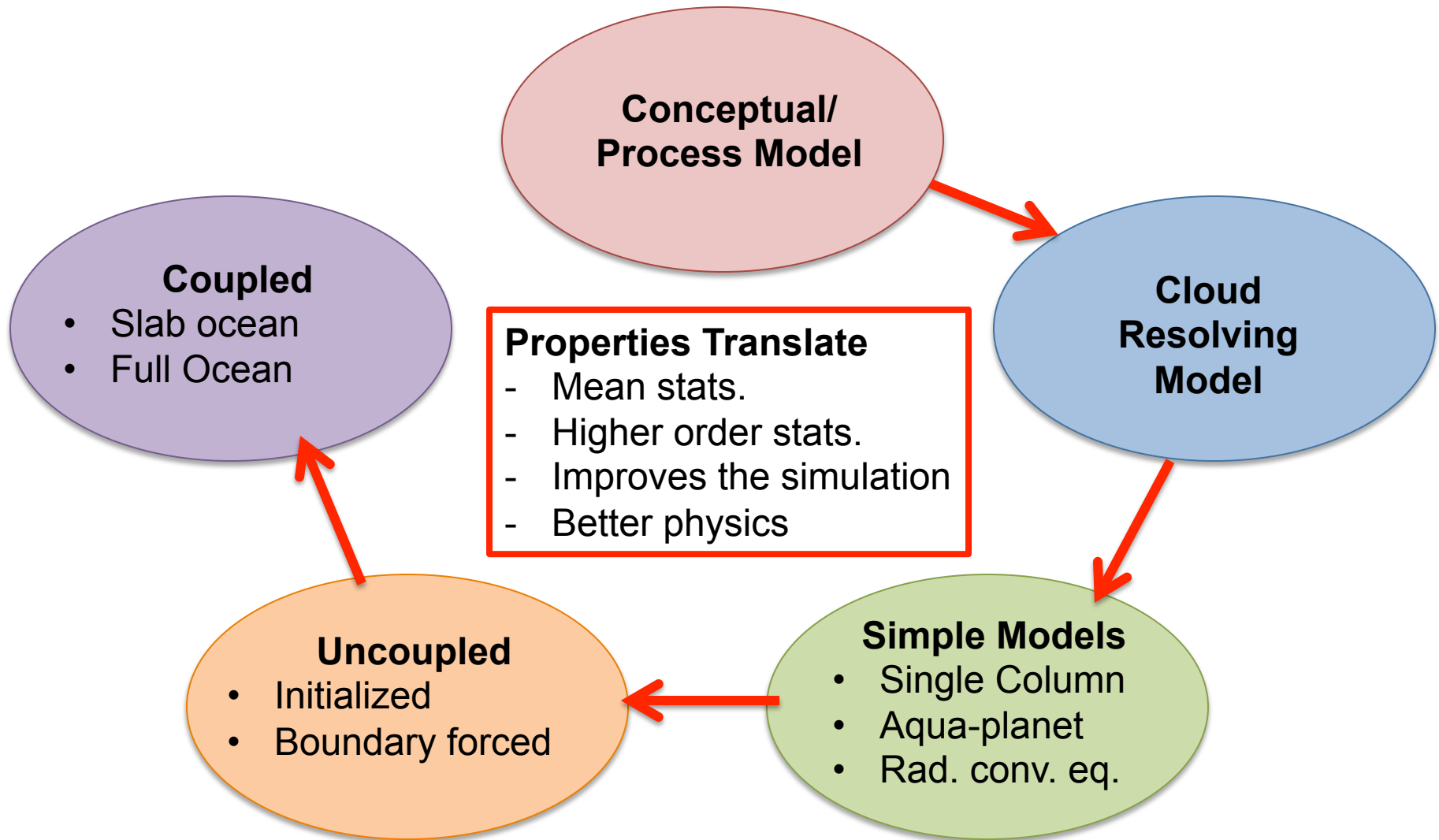
GCMs rule!

“an arrangement or classification of things according to relative importance or inclusiveness.”

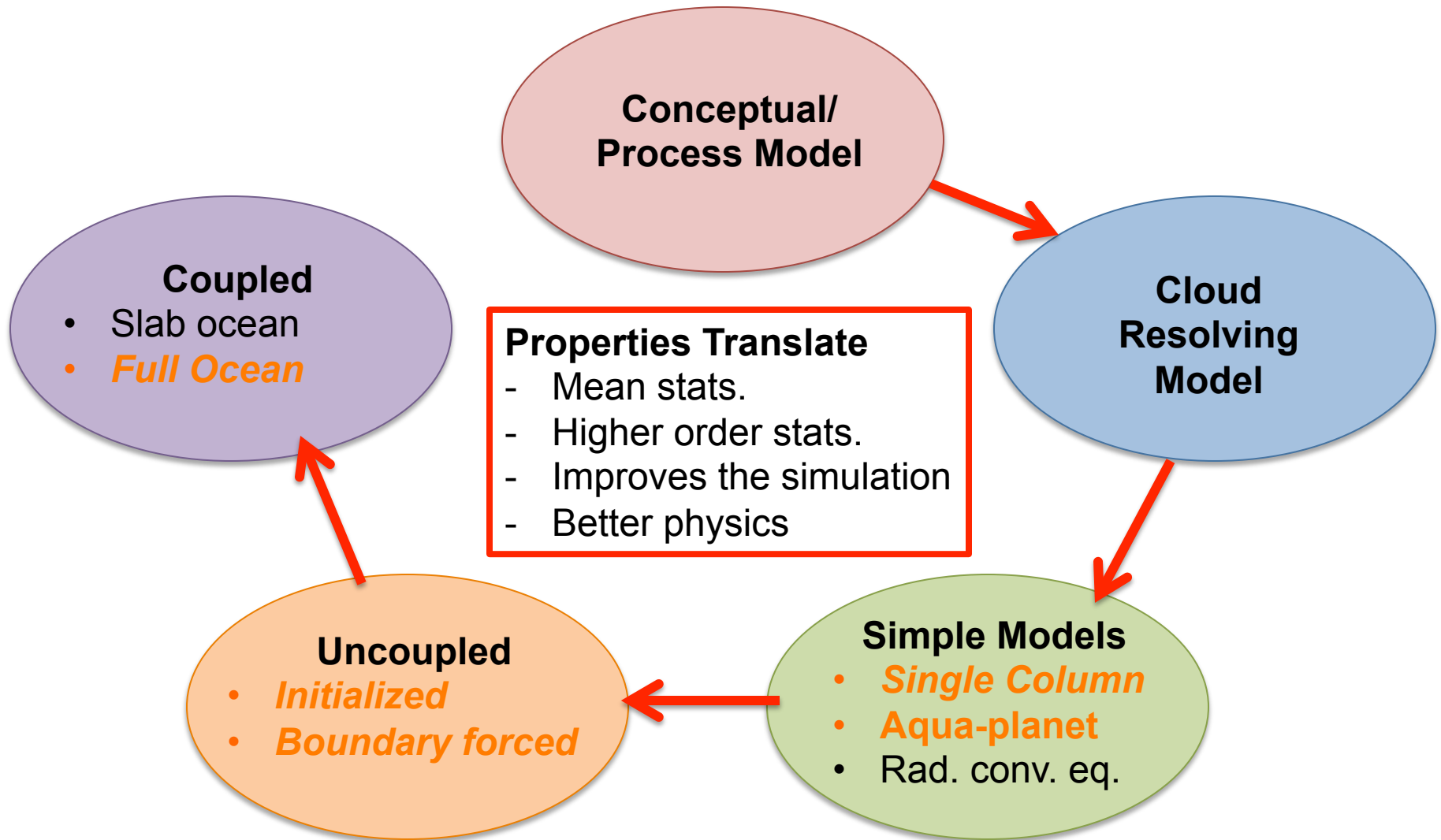
‘You say tomato...’ + communism



Model Hierarchy: Atmosphere GCM Development



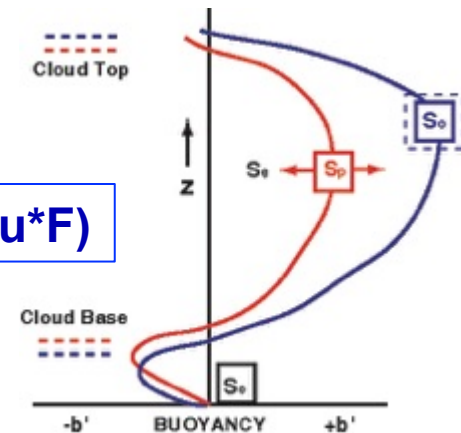
Model Hierarchy: Atmosphere GCM Development



Overview

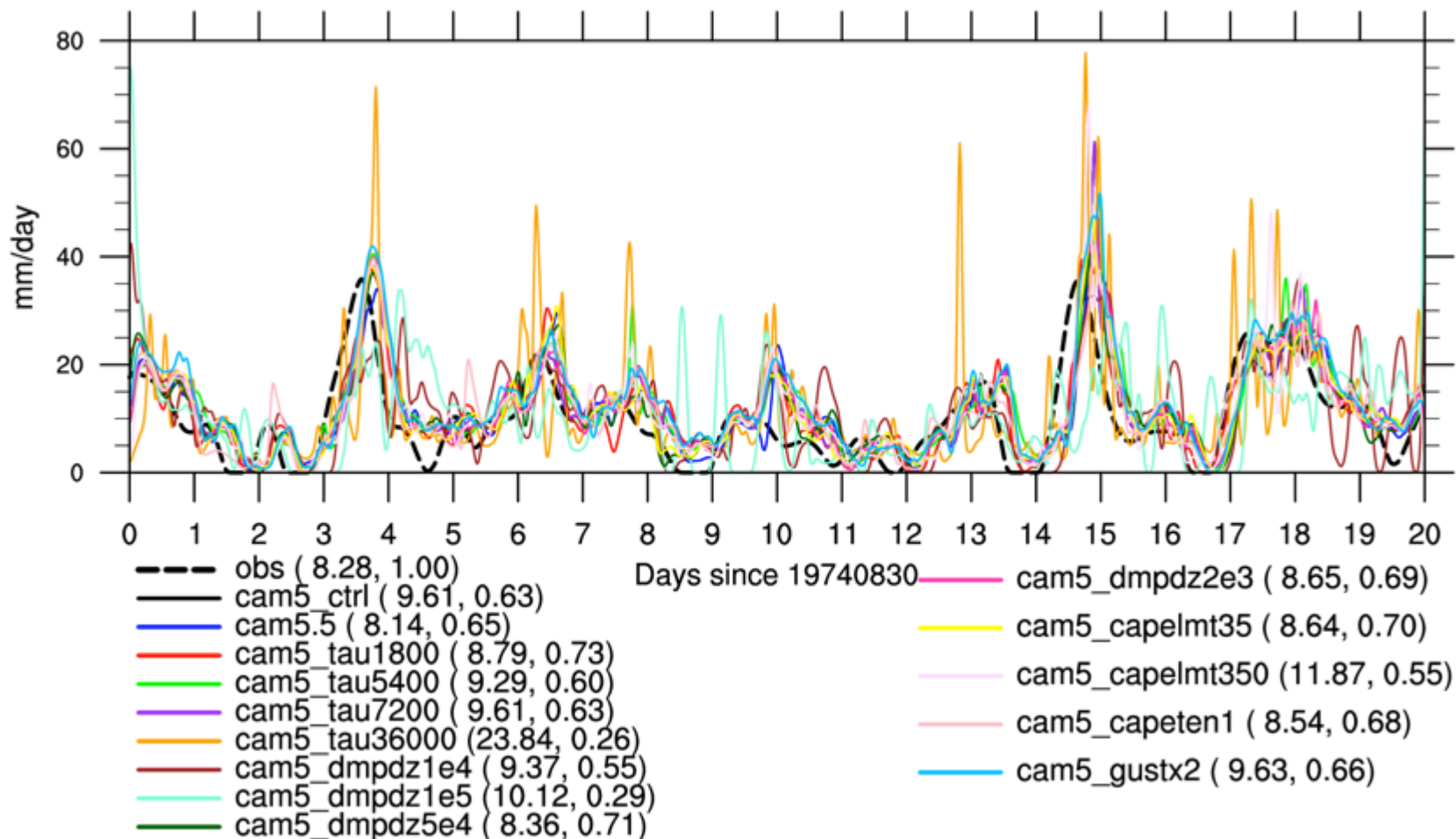
- How do we determine the success/impact of introducing a change into a comprehensive climate model?
 - We tune in AMIP and increasingly coupled configurations
 - CAPT (hindcast) and single-column model for developing not tuning (mostly)
 - Add potential tuning parameters at single column level
 - Move forward through CAPT/AMIP/coupled to assess performance
 - Variability not consistently assessed as a performance metric
- Community atmosphere model (CAM, version 5)
 - Perturbing deep convection timescale (TAU, tau) and entrainment (ENT, dmpdz)
 - Default values of tau=3600, dmpdz=1e-3

$$M_{cb} = \text{CAPE} / (\tau * F)$$



Single Column Model (SCAM) - Sensitivities

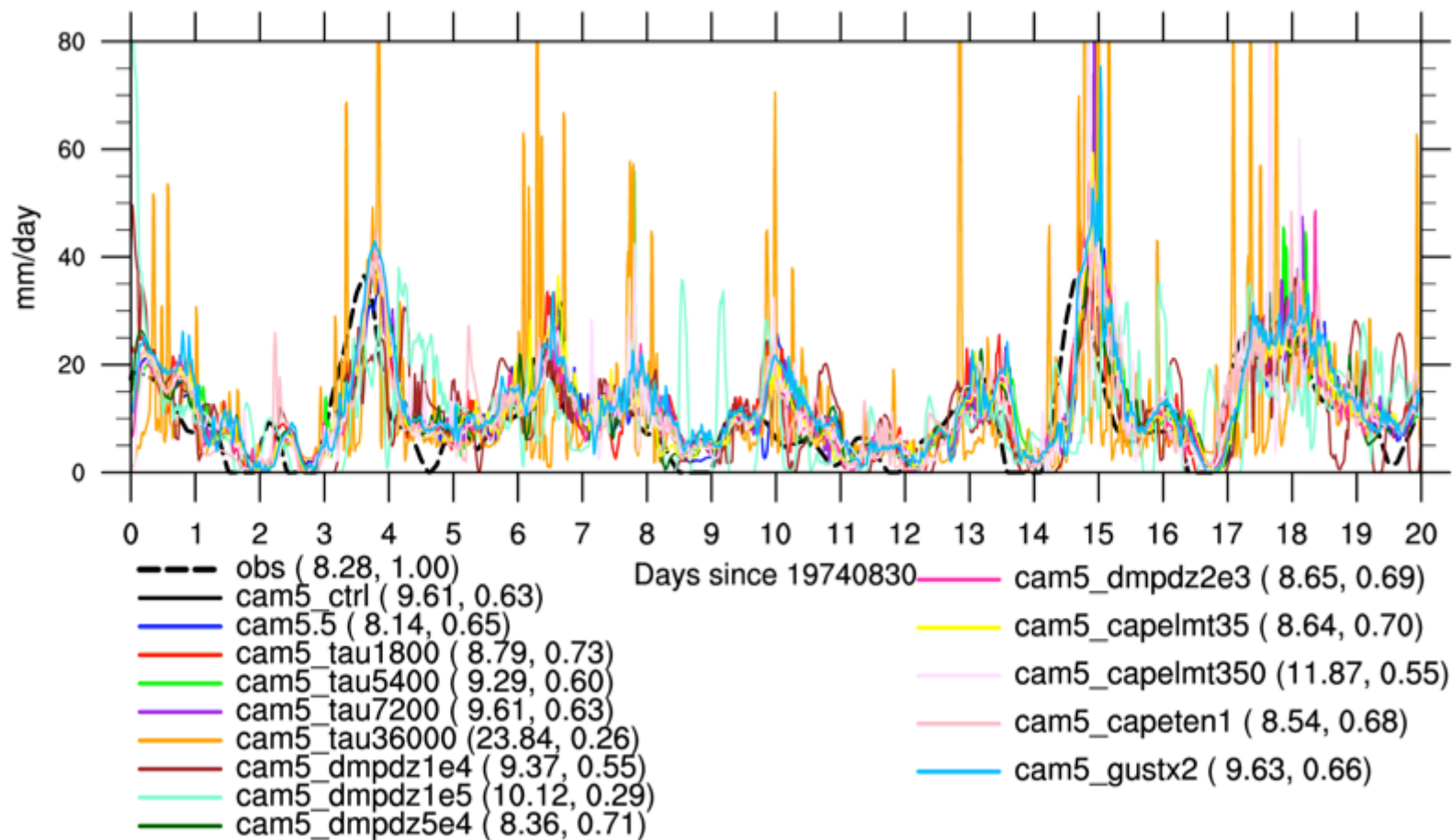
GATEIII: Total Precipitation



dmpdz = 1e-5, 1e-4, 5e-4, **1e-3**, 2e-3

Single Column Model (SCAM) – Noisy?

GATEIII: Total Precipitation

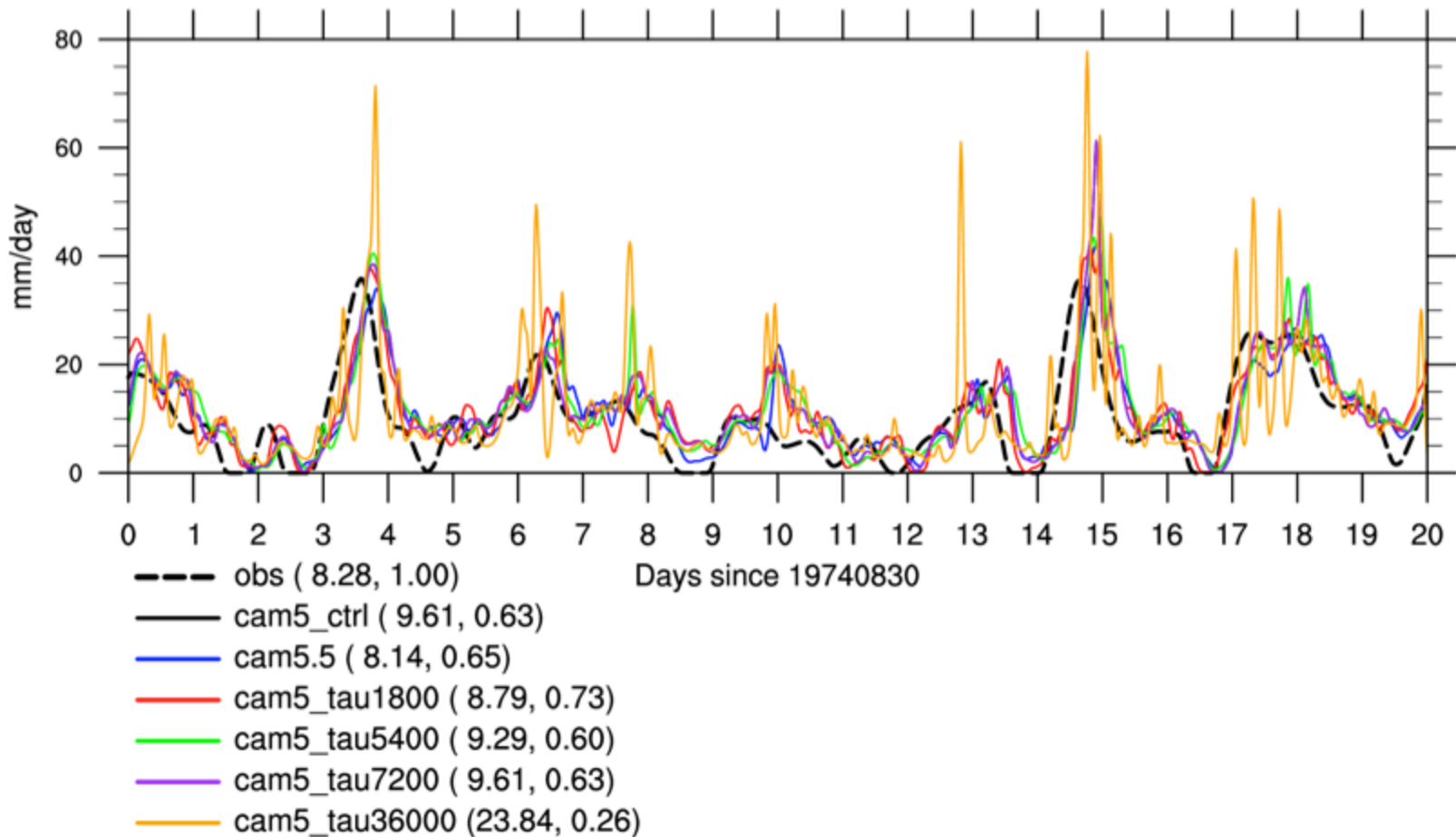


(std. dev./correlation)

dmpdz = 1e-5, 1e-4, 5e-4, 1e-3, 2e-3

Single Column Model (SCAM) – Timescale

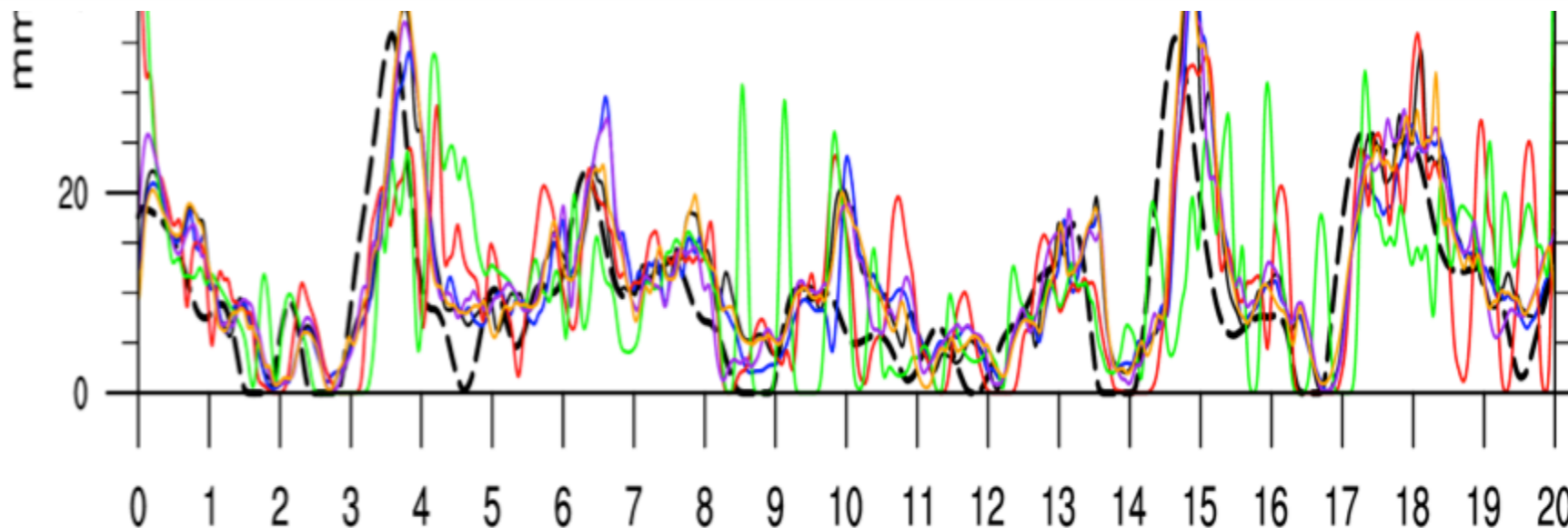
GATEIII: Total Precipitation



(std. dev./correlation)

tau = 1800, **3600s**, 5400s, 7200s, 36000s

Single Column Model (SCAM) – Entrainment



--- obs (8.28, 1.00)

Days since 19740830

— cam5_ctrl (9.61, 0.63)

— cam5.5 (8.14, 0.65)

— cam5_dmpdz1e4 (9.37, 0.55)

— cam5_dmpdz1e5 (10.12, 0.29)

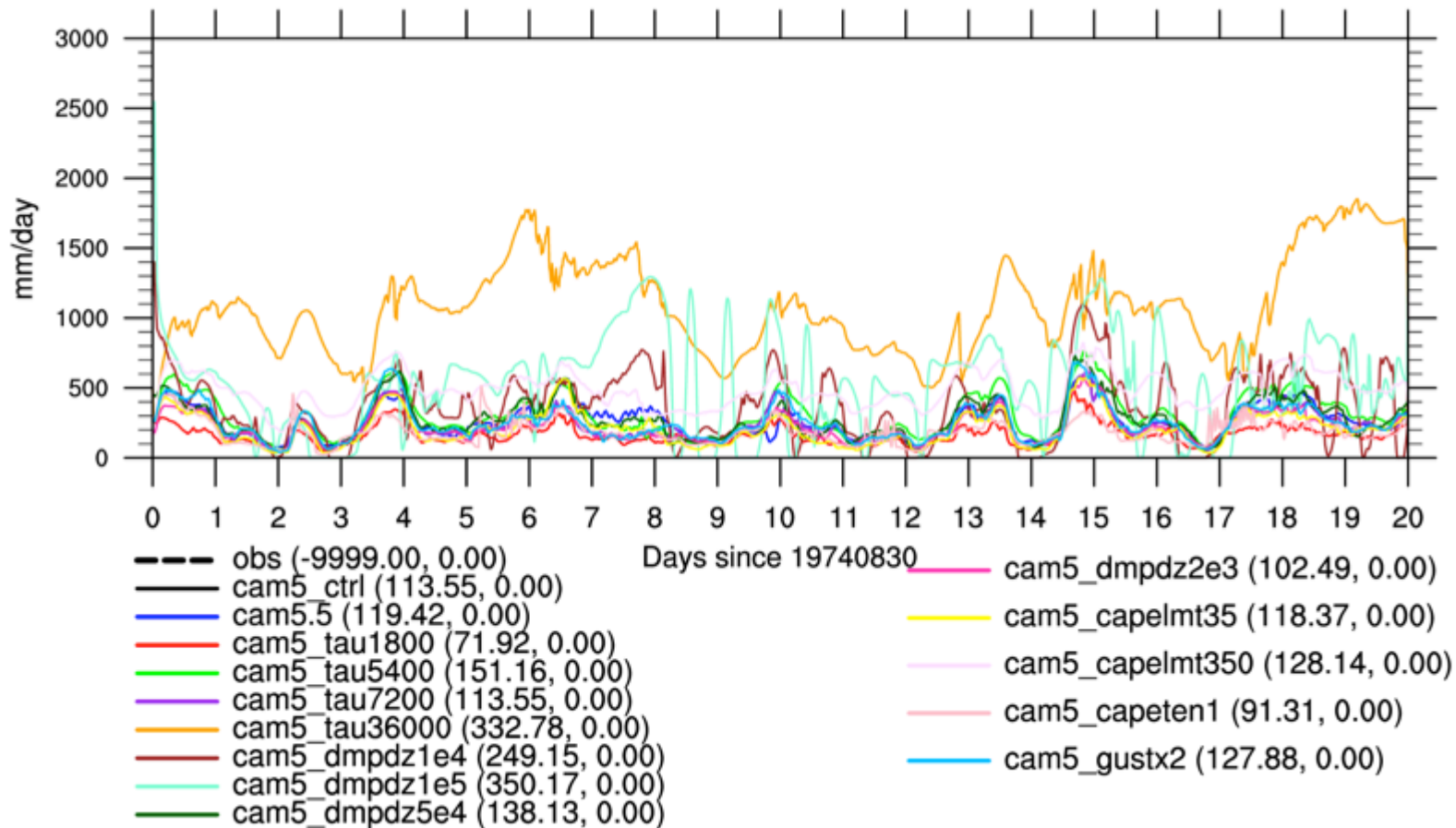
— cam5_dmpdz5e4 (8.36, 0.71)

(std. dev./correlation)

dmpdz = 1e-5, 1e-4, 5e-4, **1e-3**, 2e-3

Single Column Model (SCAM) - Sensitivities

GATEIII: CAPE

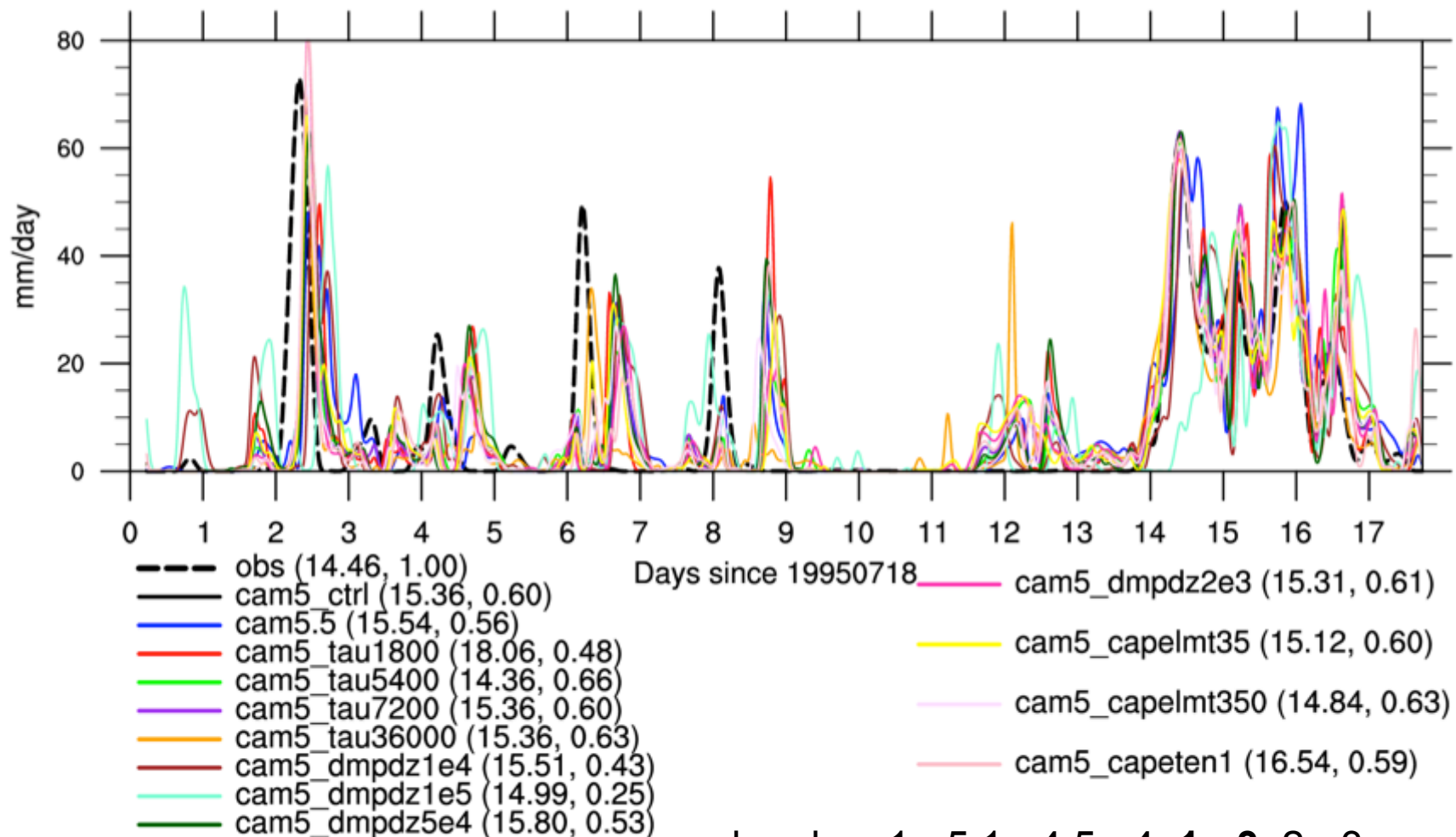


(std. dev./correlation)

dmpdz = 1e-5, 1e-4, 5e-4, **1e-3**, 2e-3

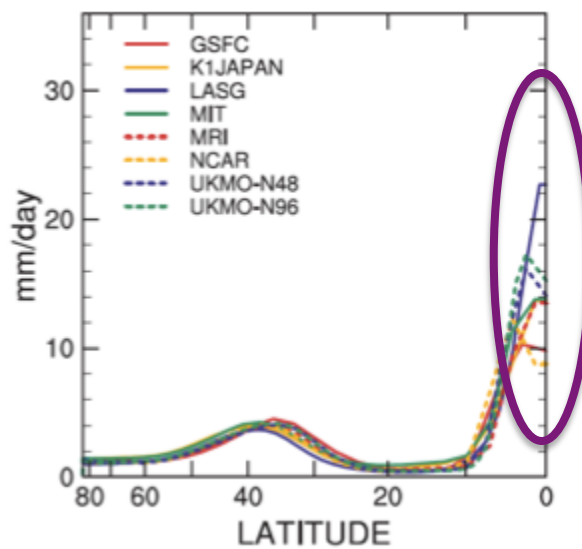
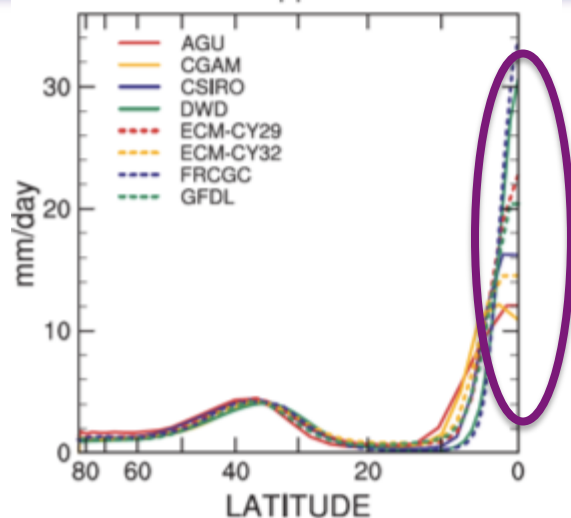
Single Column Model (SCAM) - Sensitivities

ARM95: Total Precipitation

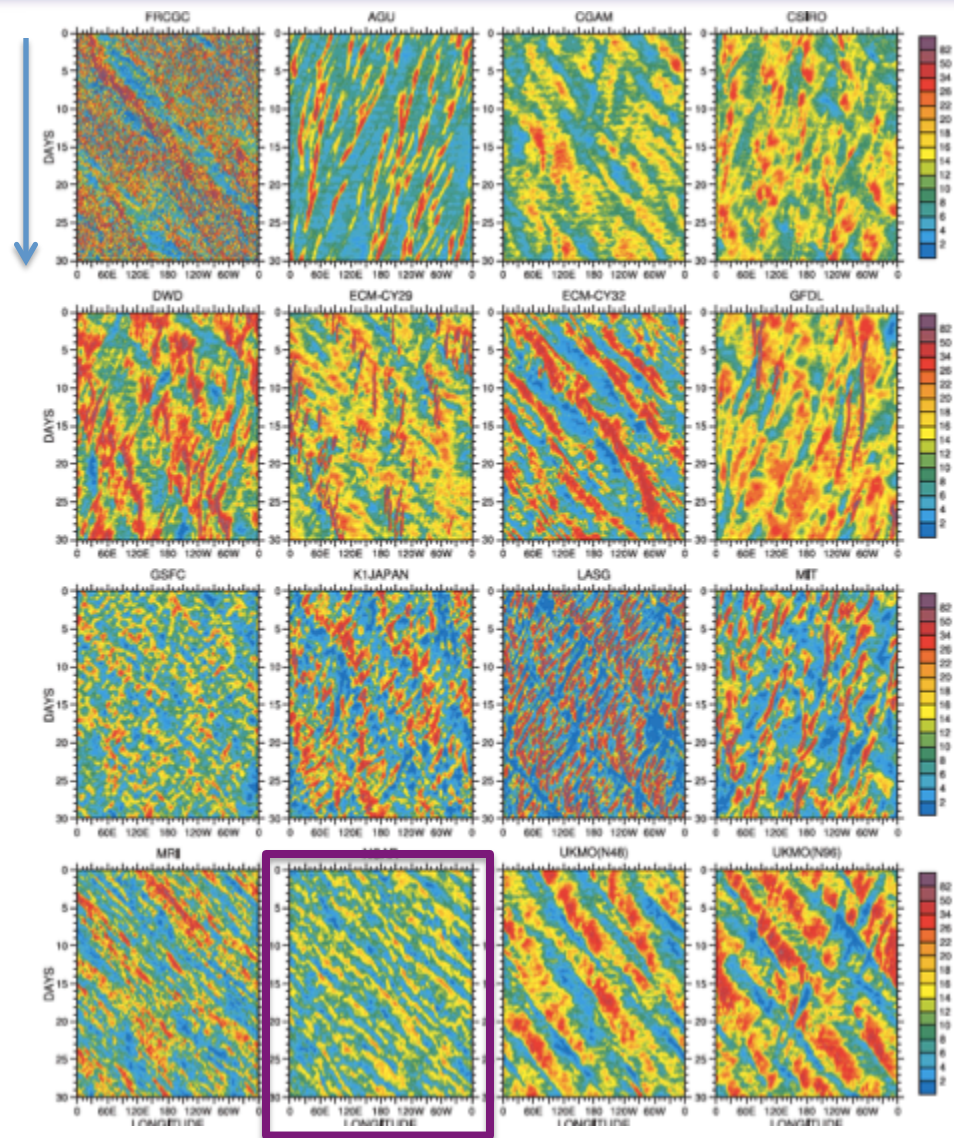


dmpdz = 1e-5, 1e-4, 5e-4, **1e-3**, 2e-3

Tropical variability across GCMs: Aqua-planet



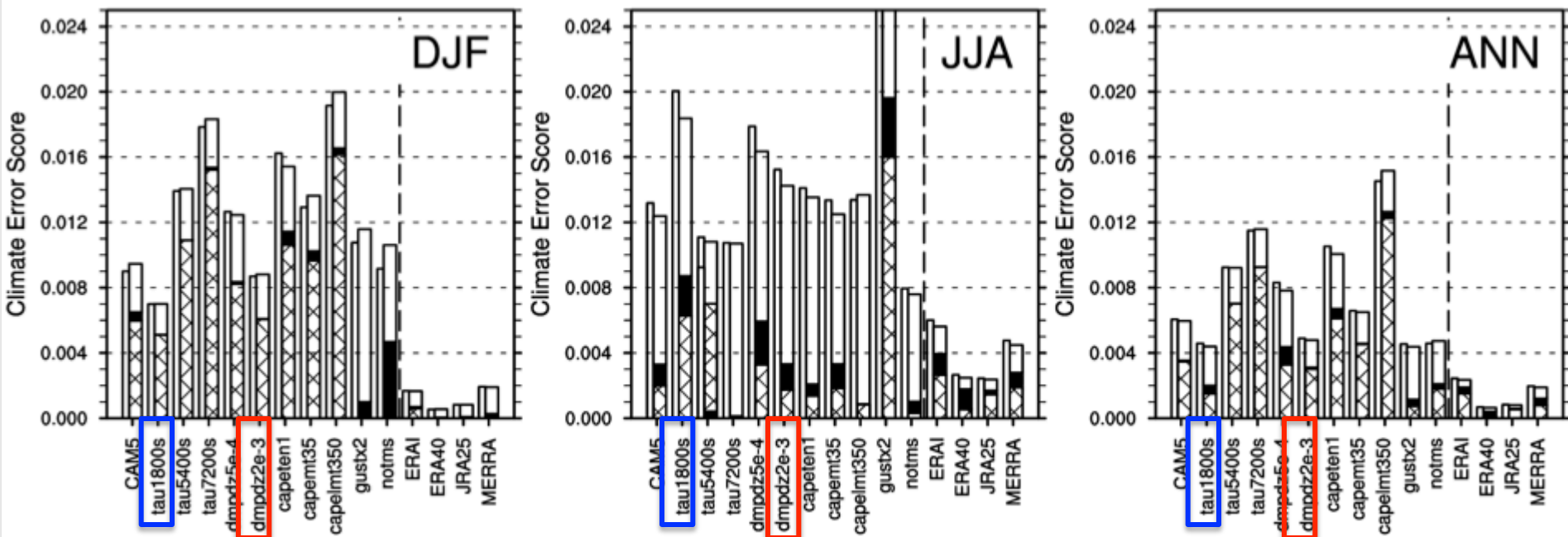
30 days



Blackburn et al. (2014) – APE catalogue

AMIP simulations: Metrics of success

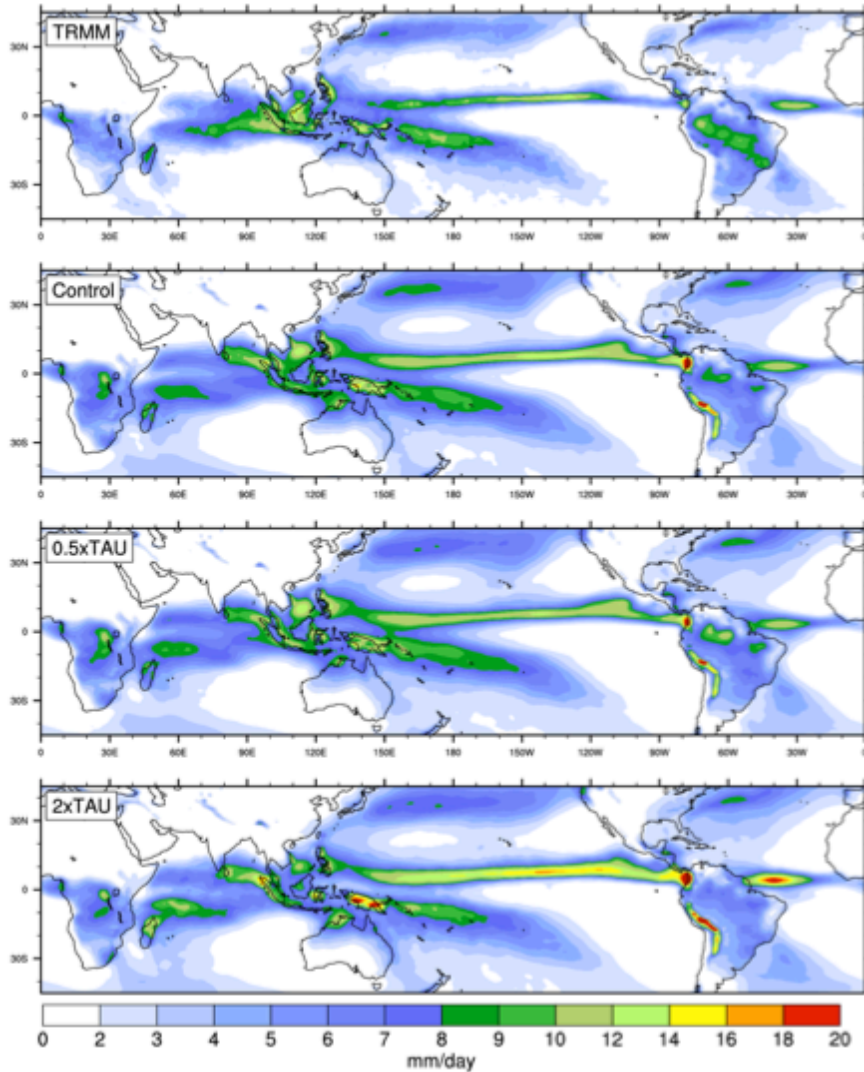
Climate Skill Score (NHem 500-mb geo. height)



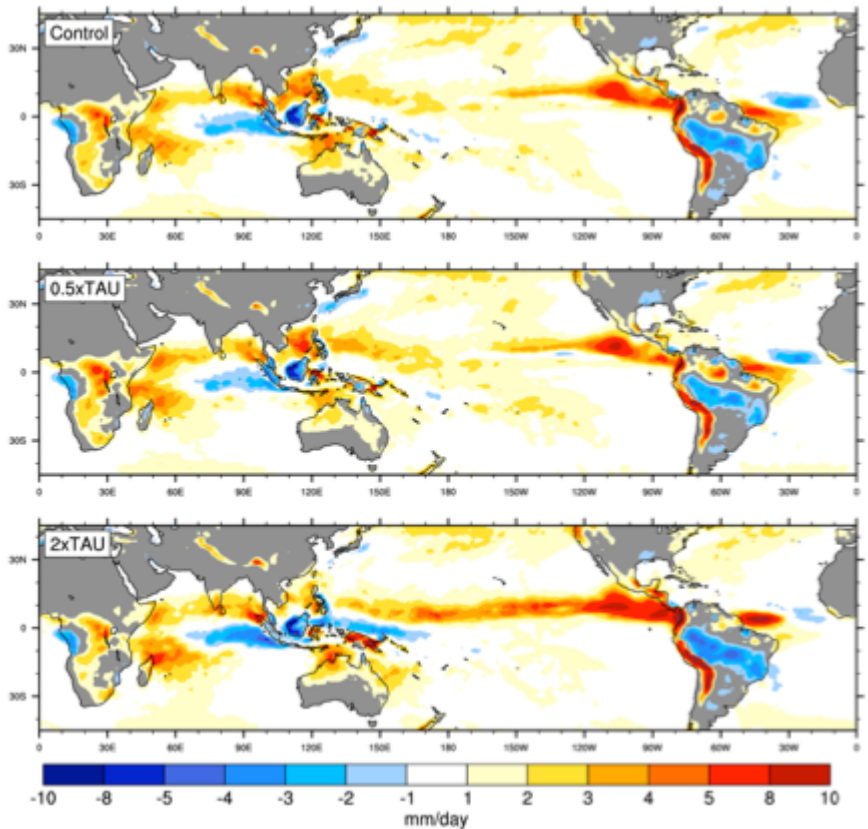
$$\text{NMSE} = (a) + (b) + (c)$$

Mean AMIP simulations: Time-scale (TAU)

Mean - Precipitation (mm/day) - DJF

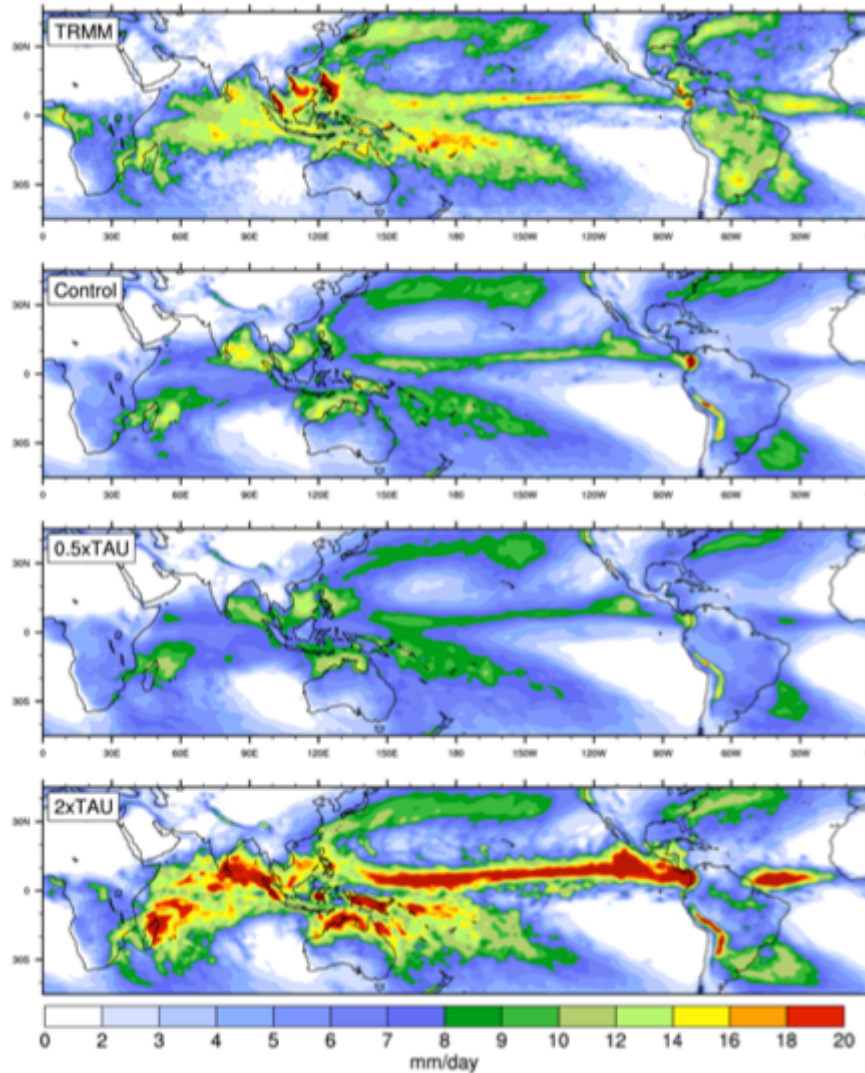


Model minus Observed

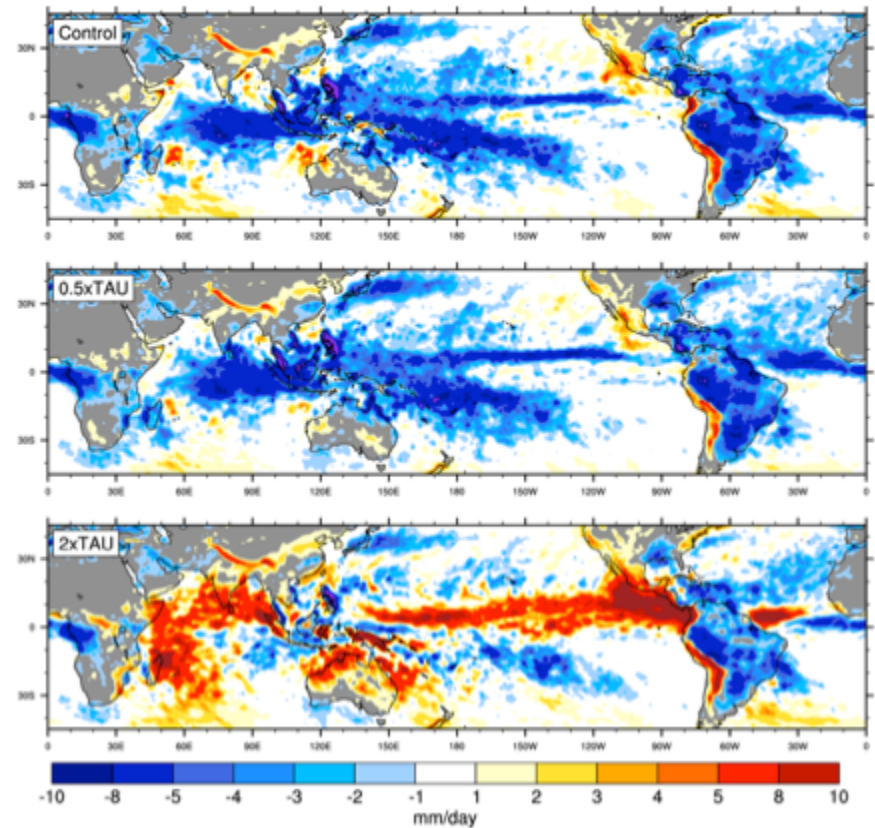


Variability (daily data) AMIP simulations: Time-scale (TAU)

Standard deviation - Precipitation (mm/day) - DJF

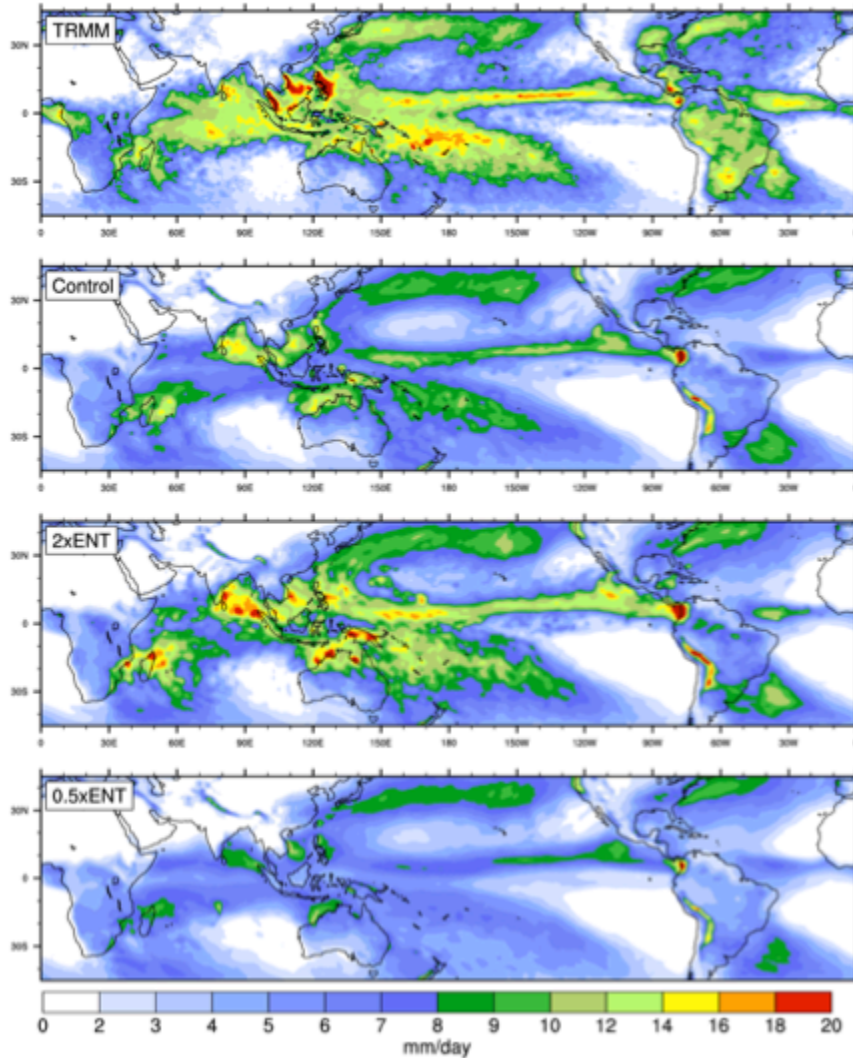


Model minus Observed

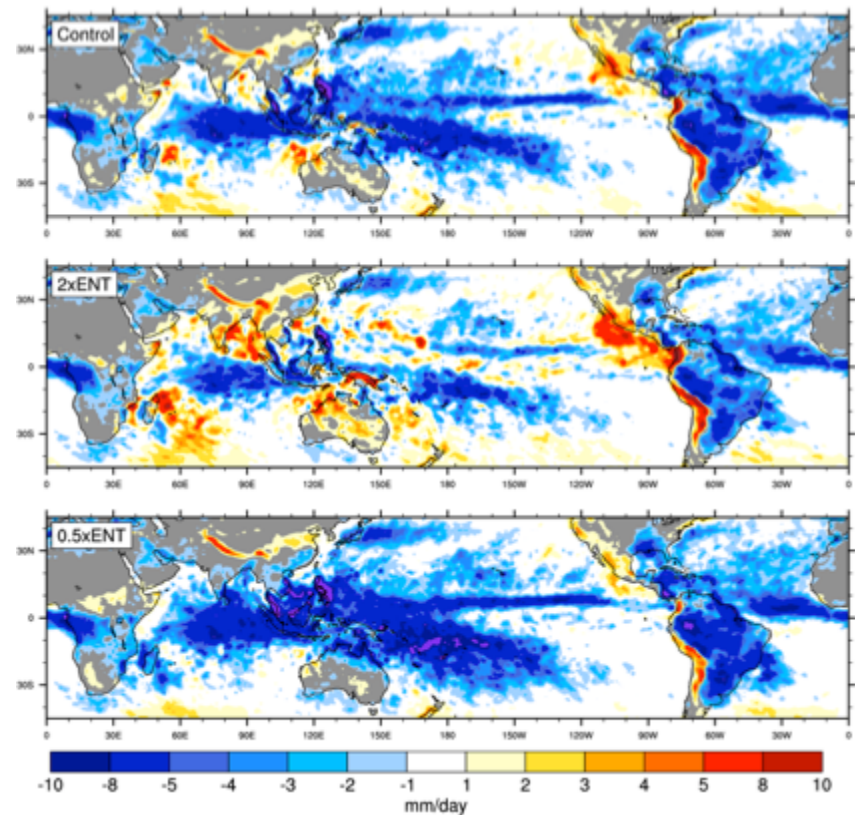


Variability (daily data) AMIP simulations: Entrainment (ENT)

Standard deviation - Precipitation (mm/day) - DJF

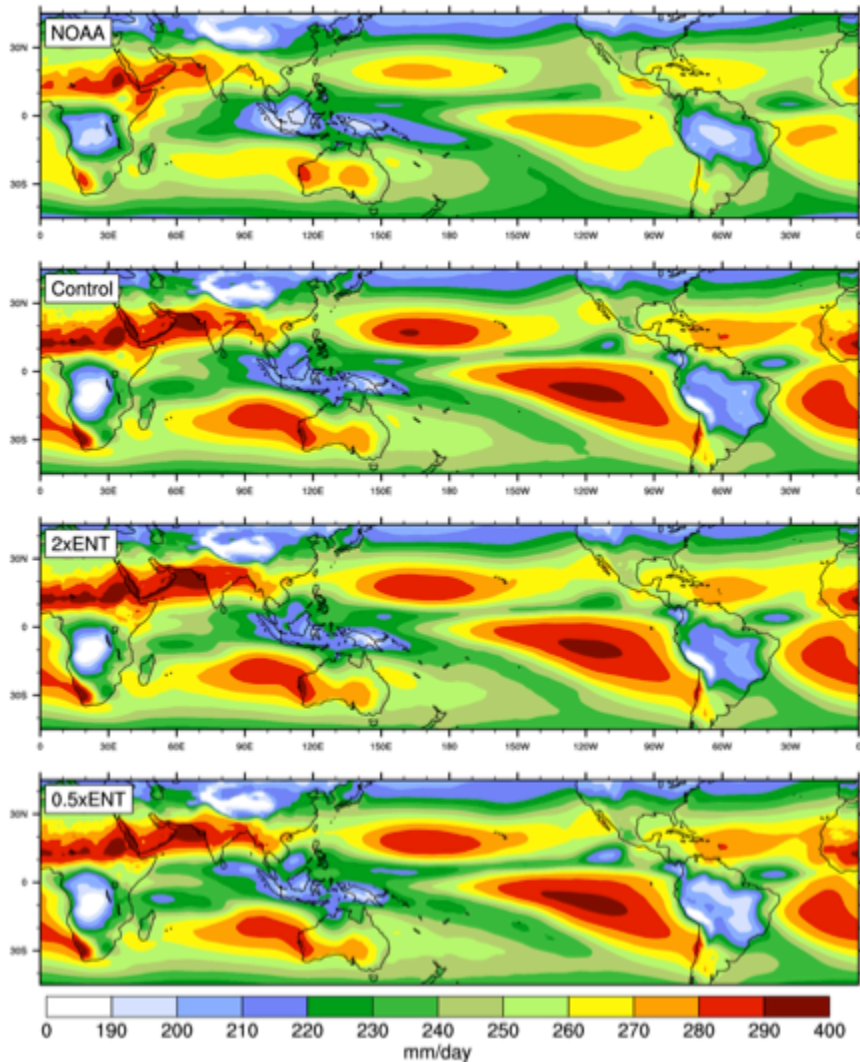


Model minus Observed



Mean AMIP simulations: Entrainment (ENT)

Mean - TOA Outgoing Long-Wave (W/m^2) - DJF



Model minus Observed

