

# **SPARC** Project



#### Stratosphere-troposphere Processes And their Role in Climate

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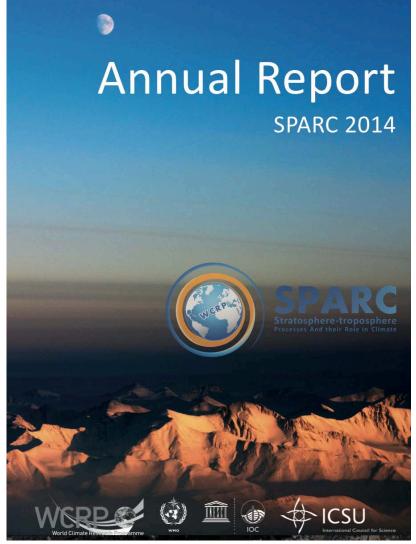
# **SPARC** Approach



- Targeted activities
- Bite-sized timely goals
- Focus on deliverables

### Our Annual Report summarizes 2014 accomplishments and plans

http://www.sparc-climate.org/ publications/programme-plans/





### Sun-setting Activities in 2014

**Temperature Trends, Ozone Profile, Trace Gas Climatologies, and Water Vapor II** 

Products from these Activities include SPARC Reports, published articles, reviews, and datasets.

Past changes in the vertical distribution

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of ozone - Part 3: Analysis and

interpretation of trends



Met

A review of Stratospheric Sounding Unit radiance observations

for climate trends and reanalyses

John Nash and Roger Saunders' Met Office, Exeter, UK

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Stratospheric Sounding Units (SSU) on the NOAA polar-orbiting satellites measured

infrared radiances in the 15 µm CO2 band between late 1978 and mid-2006. From these radiances a time series of layer-mean stratospheric temperatures has been derived by

several groups. Discrepancies in these temperature analyses have been highlighted recently and efforts are now underway to resolve the differences between them. This article is

the Met Office response summarising the issues to be resolved in creating a climate data record from the different SSUs, including corrections for radiometric, spectroscopic and tidal differences. Calibration issues identified include the SSU space-view anomaly and

adiometric anomalies in the NOAA-9 observations. The spectroscopic correction required

for changing pressures in the pressure modulator cells is also outlined. The most important correction for the time series is for the solar diurnal and semi-diurnal tides as the satellite

overpass local times change. Comparisons with other stratospheric temperature trend nalyses are made and the reasons for the differences discussed. The time series presented here show sustained drops in stratospheric temperatures at all levels after the El Chichon

and Pinatubo eruptions but only small trends to lower temperatures between eruptions

udence to: R. Saunders. Met Office, Fitzrov Rd., Exeter, EX1 3PB, UK, E-mail: roger.saunders@metoffice.gov.ul



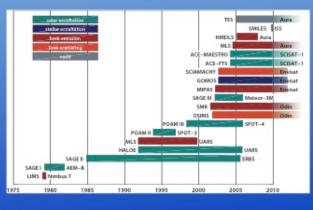
A core project of the WMO/ICSO/IOC World Climate Research Programme

orld Climate Research Programm

#### The SPARC Data Initiative: Assessment of Stratospheric Trace Gas and Aerosol **Climatologies from Satellite Limb Sounders**

M. I. Hegglin and S. Tegtmeier, and the Data Initiative team

SPARC Report No. 7, WCRP-0X/2015, June/2015





Mess. Tech., 7, 1995-1427, 201-

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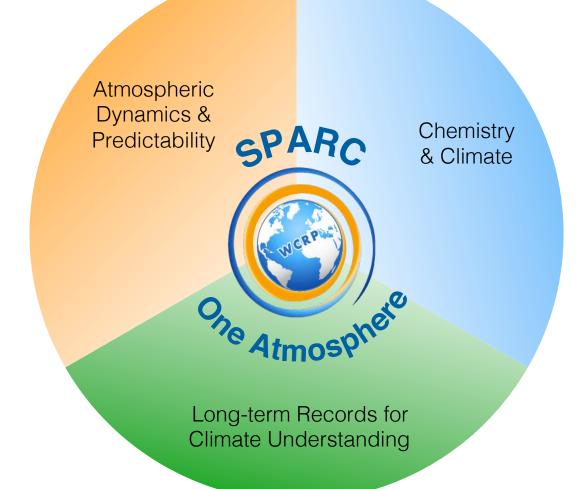
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# Implementation Plan 2015 SPARC Themes

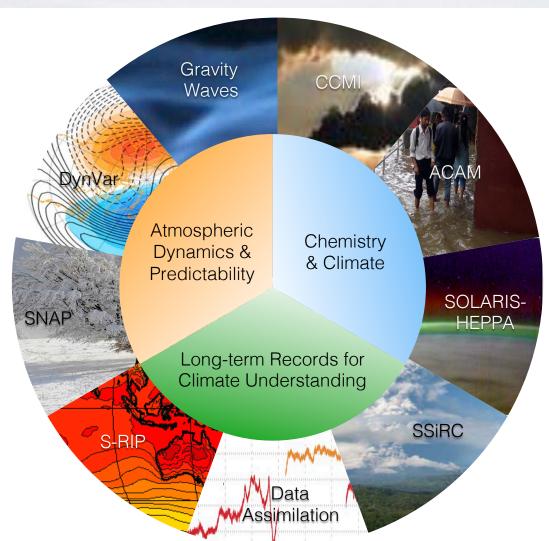


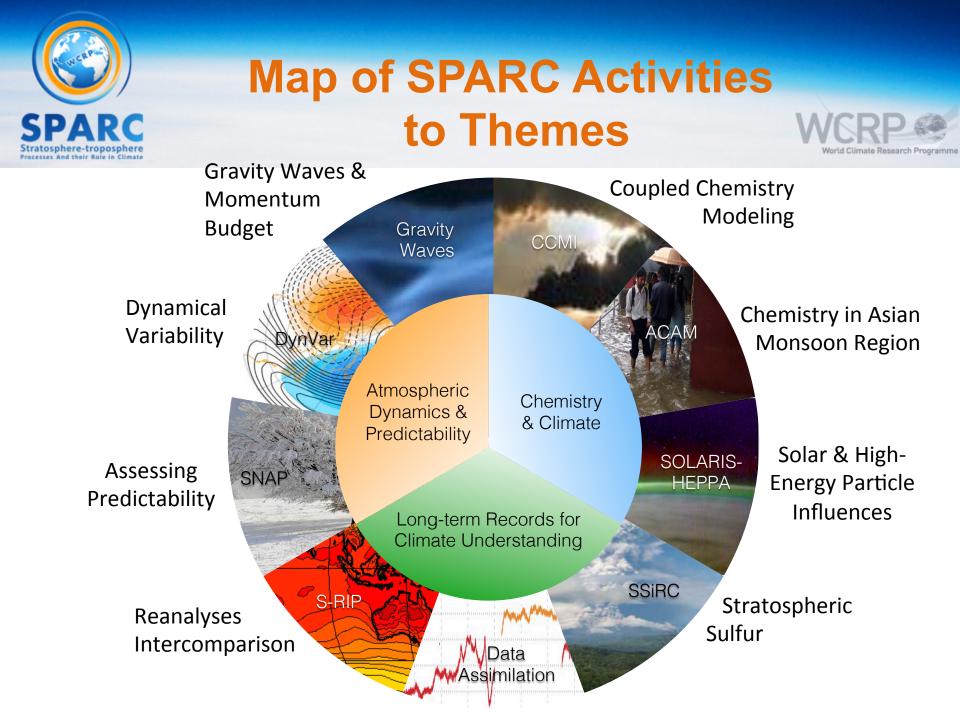




# Map of SPARC Activities to Themes

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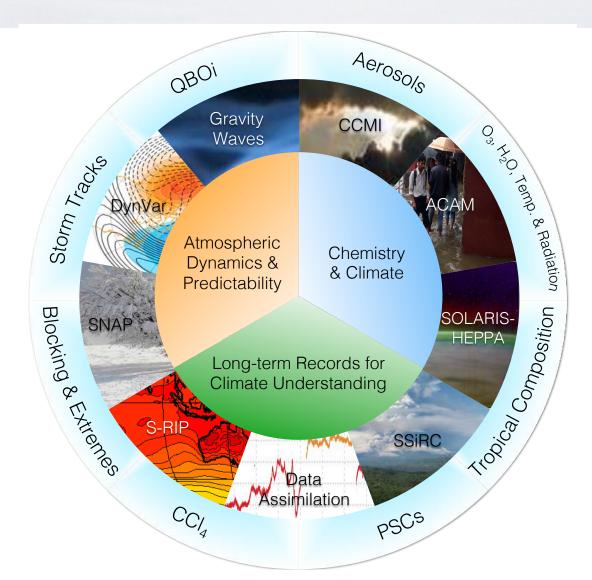






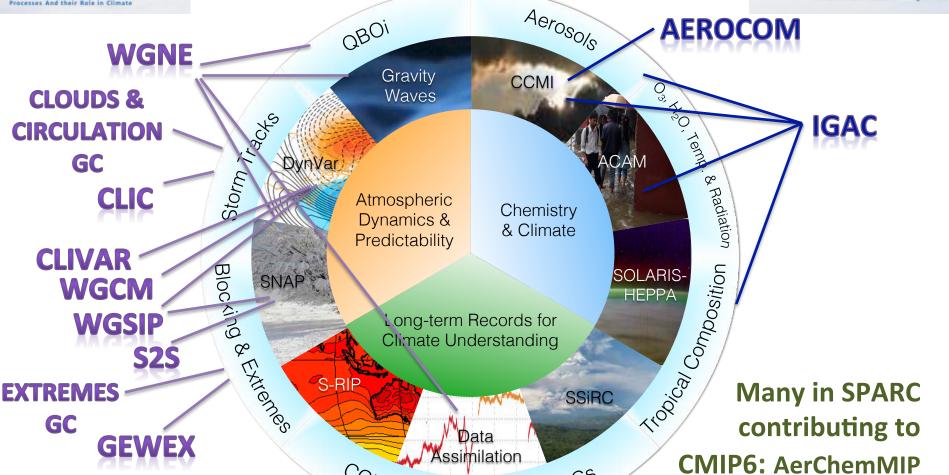
Stratosphere-tropospher





# **Emerging Activities** and Links to Other Programs

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PSCS

HiResMIP, GMMIP,

SolarMIP, GeoMIP, VolMIP, DynVar

CCIA



## **Some New Directions** Focused Efforts within these Topics



- Teleconnections: Robustness in observations, fidelity in models, and mechanisms
- Predictability: Across time scales (season-decade-century), absolute limits due to internal variability, current status in models, and dynamics of unprecedented events
- Aerosol/cloud/chemistry interactions
- Stratosphere-troposphere exchange of O<sub>3</sub> & H<sub>2</sub>O under climate change implications for air quality/radiative forcing.
- Quantitative methods for defining the consequences of measurement gaps

new Implementation Plan drafted – discussions at meetings this year to finalize contents



# **Model Development Needs**



- 1. Continued model development needed for integrated chemistry, deep atmospheric domains and associated in-line diagnostics.
- **2. Specific training needs: Capacity development and science community.** Specific –
- Need for development of in-line atmospheric momentum/radiation diagnostics becomes crucial for high-resolution simulations and higher-top models.
- Continued development of Earth-system models with integrated chemistry development of new simplified chemistry schemes?
- Definition of minimal requirements needed for radiative and photochemical schemes to adequately represent the solar signal
- Training need for more science-users of reanalyses to become familiar with the modelling aspects of assimilation systems
- Lack of technical capability to provide data to the ESGF
- Training in WRF/WRF-Chem needed for ACAM monsoon region participants



# **Data Needs/Requirements**



#### Overall

- 1. Continued improvement in meteorological reanalyses and past records
- 2. Continuation of existing core measurements real funding pressure

#### Specific

- Lack of planned satellite observations (esp. limb) of UTS composition
- Need up-to-date AMSU and merged SSU-AMSU climate data records
- Reanalysis diagnostics needed for momentum budget studies (MERRA example)
- Need for more reference-quality global & long-term observations, particularly for reanalysis intercomparisons
- No planned continuation of mesospheric radiance for temperatures
- 44 year stratospheric aerosol record at Laramie may stop
- Need for quick response field campaigns after volcanic eruptions
- Data sharing is a challenge in the 'Asian Monsoon region'





# For more please browse a copy of the SPARC Annual Report

#### www.sparc-climate.org