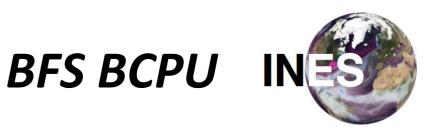
Subtropical North Atlantic preconditioning key to skillful subpolar gyre prediction

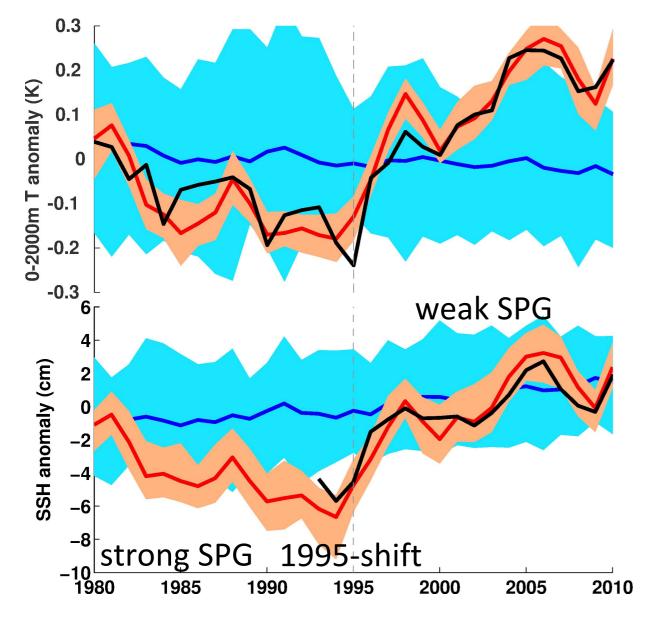
Ingo Bethke^{1,4}, Yiguo Wang^{2,4}, Francois Counillon^{2,3,4}, Madlen Kimmritz^{2,4}, Helene Langehaug^{2,4}, Mats Bentsen^{1,4} and Noel Keenlyside^{3,2,4}

> ¹Uni Research Climate, Bergen, Norway ²Nansen Environmental and Remote Sensing Center, Bergen, Norway ³University of Bergen, Geophysical Institute, Bergen, Norway ⁴Bjerknes Centre for Climate Research, Bergen, Norway





SPG prediction with NorCPM-SSTA



EN4 T/S analysis; altimetry observations

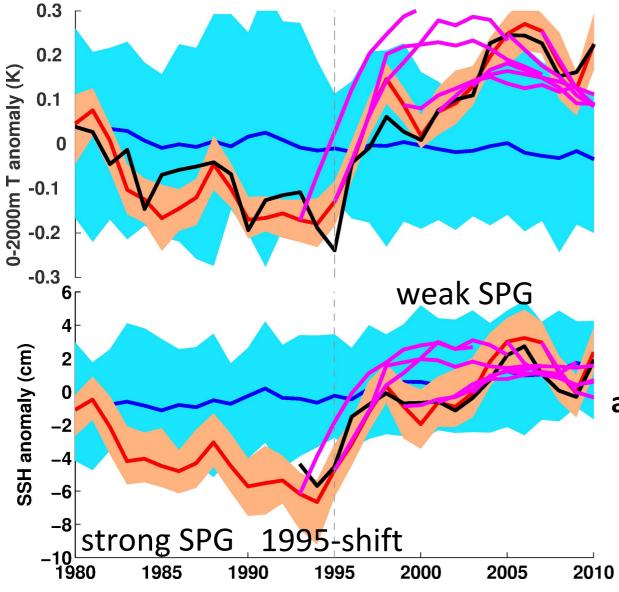
30-member NorESM hist. ensemble (solid=mean, shading=min/max)

30-member NorCPM-SSTA reanalysis using anomaly EnKF assimilation of SST obs.

2

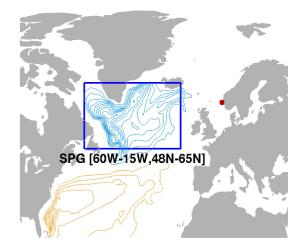
SPG [60W-15W,48N-65N]

SPG prediction with NorCPM-SSTA



EN4 T/S analysis; altimetry observations

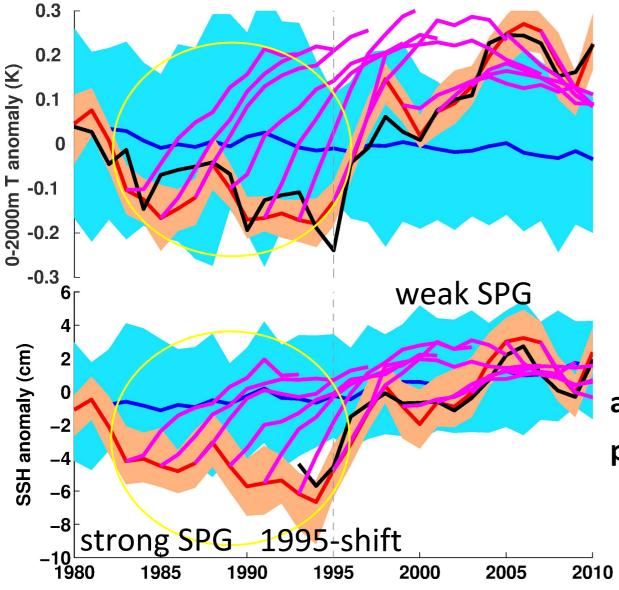
30-member NorESM hist. ensemble (solid=mean, shading=min/max)



30-member NorCPM-SSTA reanalysis using anomaly EnKF assimilation of SST obs.20-member hindcasts initialised from NorCPM-SSTA reanalysis

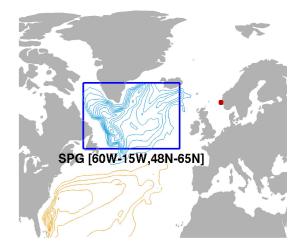
after 1994 – hindcast trends match observed trends 🗸

SPG prediction with NorCPM-SSTA



EN4 T/S analysis; altimetry observations

30-member NorESM hist. ensemble (solid=mean, shading=min/max)

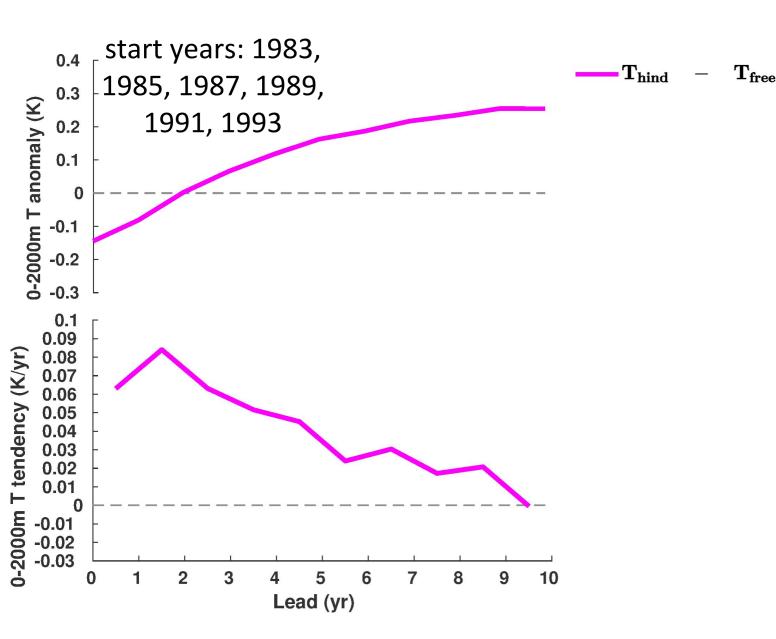


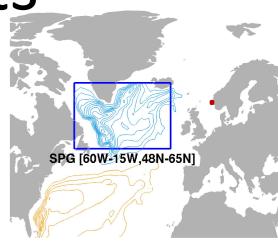
30-member NorCPM-SSTA reanalysis using anomaly EnKF assimilation of SST obs.20-member hindcasts initialised from NorCPM-SSTA reanalysis

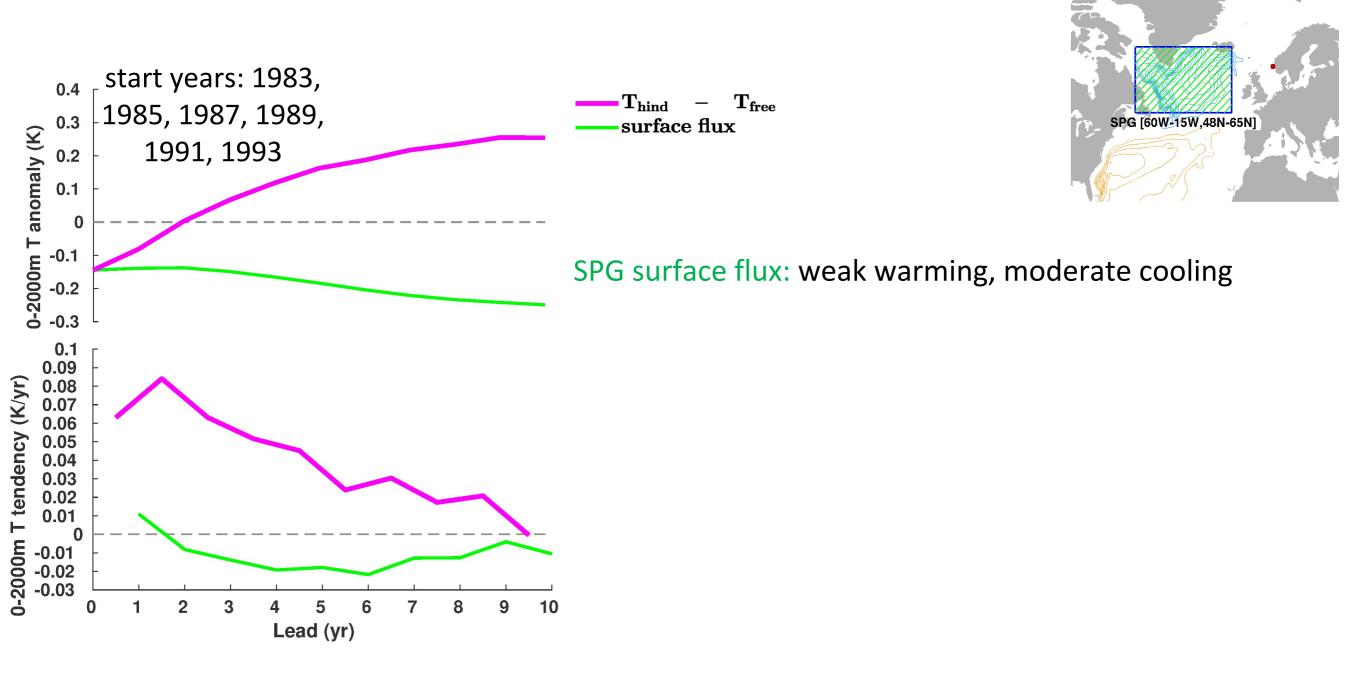
after 1994 – hindcast trends match observed trends 🗸 prior 1994 – hindcasts opposite to observed trends 样

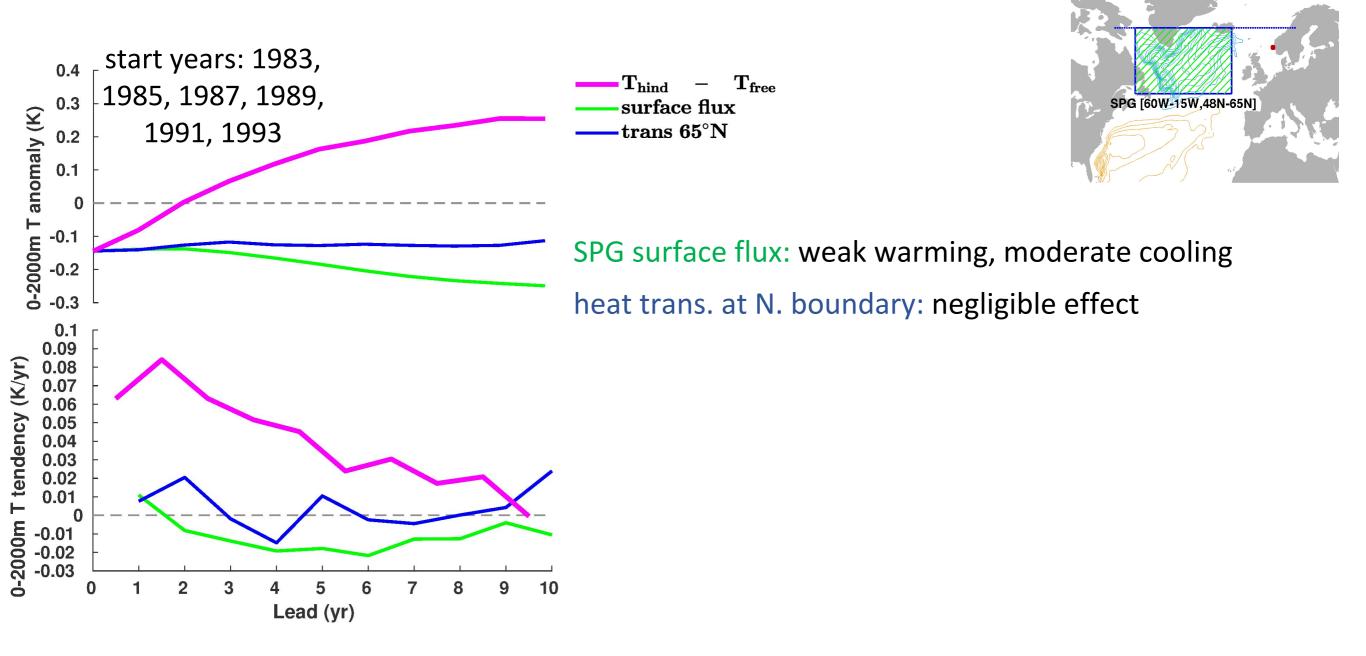
Causes for false SPG warmings?

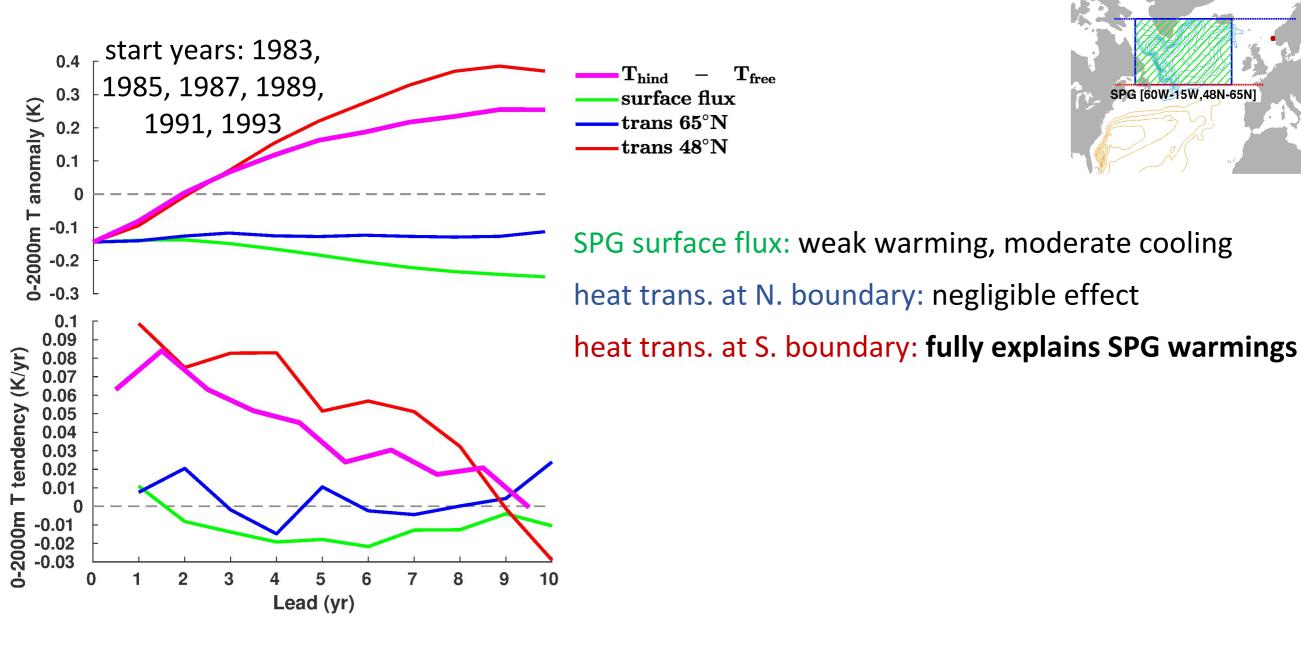
Possible to rectify?

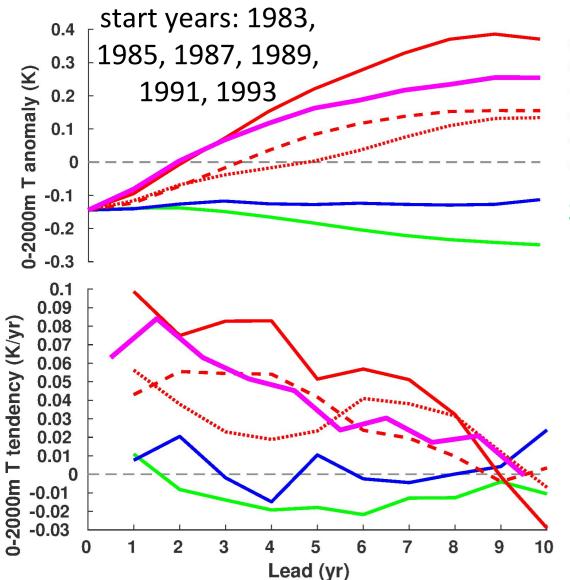




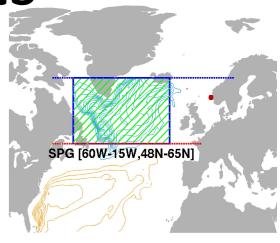








T_{hind} − T_{free} surface flux trans 65°N trans 48°N - trans 48°N ⊽T' trans 48°N ⊽T'



SPG surface flux: weak warming, moderate cooling heat trans. at N. boundary: negligible effect

heat trans. at S. boundary: fully explains SPG warmings

- largest: mean advection of anomalous temperature
- second: anomalous advection of mean temperature

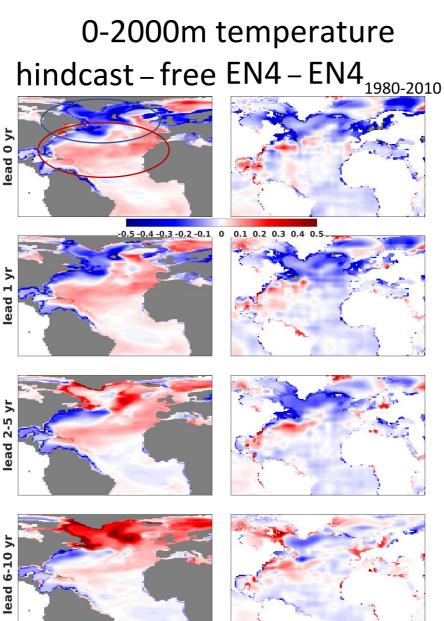
 \bar{v}, \bar{T} : free historical simulations v', T': hindcast minus free historical

Composite anomaly patterns of 0-2000m temperature and salinity

Initialisation cold Subpolar North Atlantic too warm sub-trop. North Atlantic

excessive mer. temperature gradient

SPG warming by mean adv. of anomalous temperature



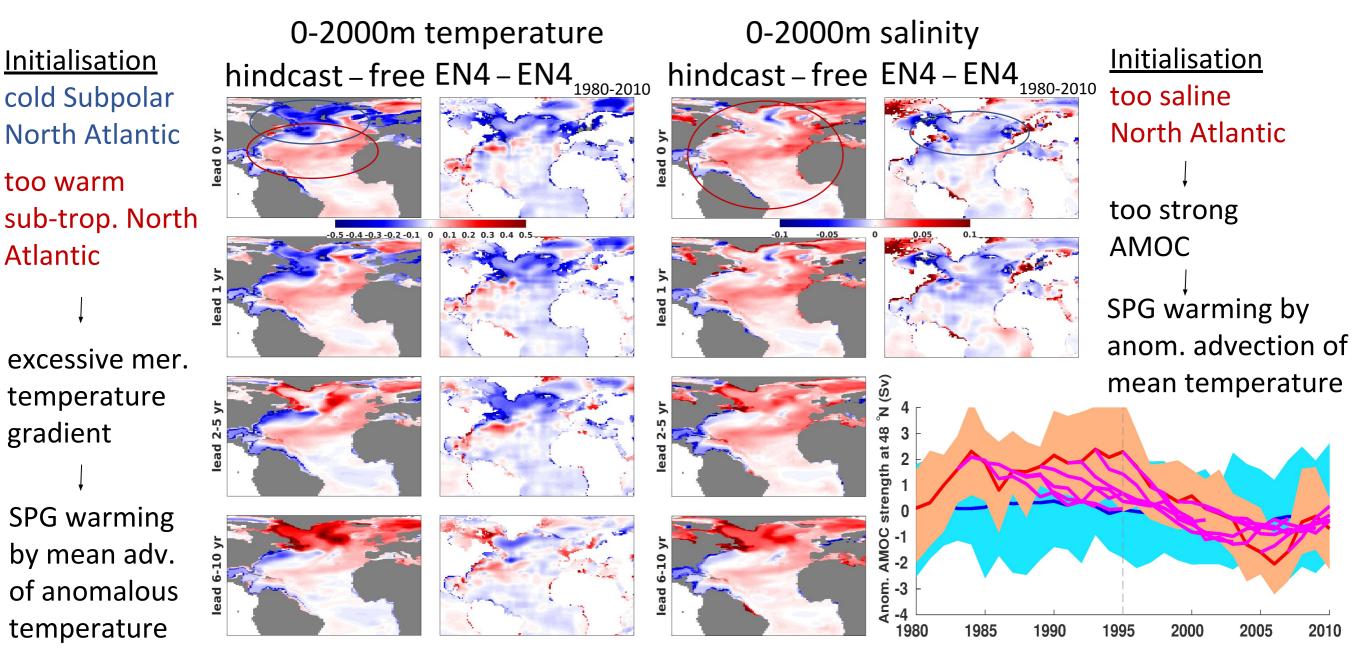
start years: 1983, 1985, 1987, 1989, 1991, 1993

Composite anomaly patterns of 0-2000m temperature and salinity

Relative importance of subpolar vs 0-2000m temperature Initialisation hindcast – free EN4 – EN4₁₉₈₀₋₂₀₁₀ subtropical temperature anomalies cold Subpolar 0.4 ${f trans} \ {f 48}^{\circ} {f N} \ {f \overline v} {f T}'$ North Atlantic 0 yr 0.3 trans $48^{\circ}N \ \overline{v}_{north}T'$ T anomaly (K) 0.2 $- trans \ 48^{\circ} N \ \overline{v}_{south} T'$ too warm 0.1 0 sub-trop. North -0.1 -0.3 -0.2 -0.1 0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0. -0.2 -0.3 -0.4 Atlantic 0.08 0.07 0.06 0.05 0.04 T tendency (K/yr) excessive mer. northward transport of anomalously warm 0.03 0.02 temperature 2-5 yr water most 0.01 gradient important -0.01 -0.02 L -0.02 -0.03 -0.04 -0.05 positive=north SPG warming 6 7 8 5 9 10 Lead (yr) 6-10 y by mean adv. $\bar{v}_{north}T'$: masked southward flow of anomalous ead $\bar{v}_{south}T'$: masked northward flow temperature

start years: 1983, 1985, 1987, 1989, 1991, 1993

Composite anomaly patterns of 0-2000m temperature and salinity

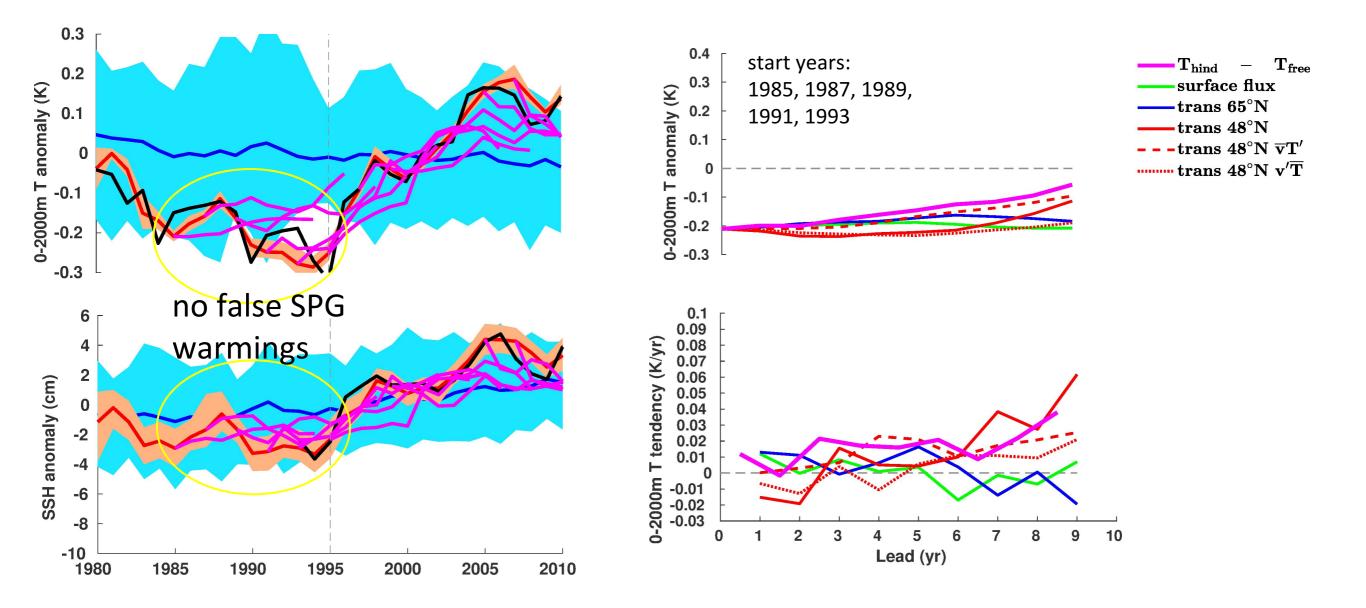


start years: 1983, 1985, 1987, 1989, 1991, 1993

NorCPM-SSTA simulates false SPG warmings prior 1995 due to initialisation errors in the subtropical and subpolar NA

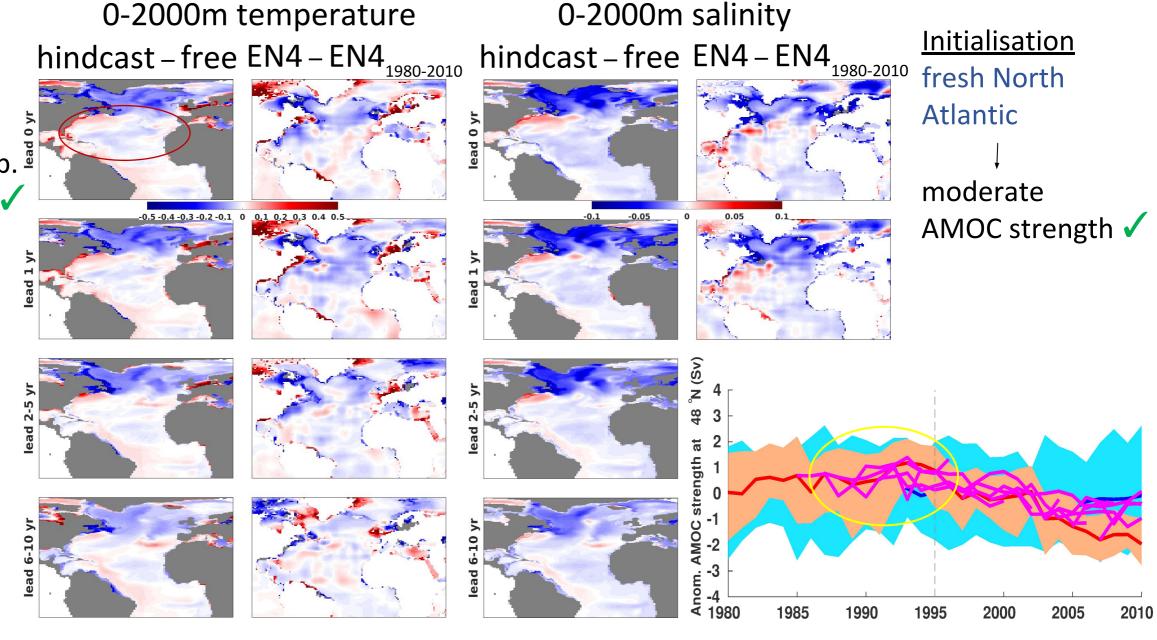
Can we fix it?

Anomaly assim. of SST & T/S profiles



Anomaly assim. of SST & T/S profiles

Initialisation cold Subpolar North Atlantic neutral subtrop.



start years: 1985, 1987, 1989, 1991, 1993

Summary

Initialisation errors in subtropical heat content contribute to false SPG warmings through mean advection of anomalous temperature.

Initialisation errors in N. Atlantic salt content contribute through anomalous advection of mean temperature by strengthening AMOC.

T/S profile assimilation (in addition to SST) into NorCPM reduces the initialisation errors and thus leads to better SPG predictions.