



Sub-Seasonal to Seasonal (S2S) Prediction Project Report for WCRP JSC-39

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SUB-SEASONAL TO SEASONAL PREDICTION

RESEARCH IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

Co-chairs: Frédéric Vitart (ECMWF) **Andrew Robertson (IRI)**



Meteorologica Oraanization









- Improve forecast skill and understanding on the subseasonal to seasonal timescale with special emphasis on high-impact weather events
- Promote the initiative's uptake by operational centres and exploitation by the applications community
- Capitalize on the expertise of the weather and climate research communities to address issues of importance to the Global Framework for Climate Services

The S2S Database, hosted by ECMWF and CMA, went online in May 2015. International Coordination Office hosted by KMA.

The project focuses on the forecast range between 2 weeks and a season.







S2S Membership

Steering Group

- Co-chairs
 - Frederic Vitart, ECMWF, UK e-mail: frederic.vitart at ecmwf.int
 - Andrew Robertson, IRI, USA e-mail: awr at iri.columbia.edu

• Members

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• Ex-Officio Members

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Liaison Group

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The role of the Liaison Group is to ensure a good interaction and collaboration between the Steering Group and other Working Groups and activities.



Sub-Projects

Contributing Centres to S2S database

• Data provider (11)



O Archiving centre (3)

Status on 5th January 2018	Time range	Resolution	Ens. Size	Frequency	Re-forecasts	Rfc length	Rfc frequency	Rfc size
BoM (ammc)	d 0-62	T47L17	3*11	2/week	fix	1981-2013	6/month	3*11
CMA (babj)	d 0-60	T106L40	4	daily	fix	1994-2014	daily	4
CNR-ISAC (isac)	d 0-32	0.75x0.56 L54	41	weekly	fix	1981-2010	every 5 days	5
CNRM (Ifpw)	d 0-32	T255L91	51	weekly	fix	1993-2014	2/month	15
ECCC (cwao)	d 0-32	0.45x0.45 L40	21	weekly	on the fly	1995-2014	weekly	4
ECMWF (ecmf)	d 0-46	Tco639/319 L91	51	2/week	on the fly	past 20 years	2/week	11
HMCR (rums)	d 0-61	1.1x1.4 L28	20	weekly	on the fly	1985-2010	weekly	10
JMA (rjtd)	d 0-33	TI479/TI319L100	50	weekly	fix	1981-2010	3/month	5
KMA (rksl)	d 0-60	N216L85	4	daily	on the fly	1991-2010	4/month	3
NCEP (kwbc)	d 0-44	T126L64	16	daily	fix	1999-2010	day	4
UKMO (egrr)	d 0-60	N216L85	4	daily	on the fly	1993-2015	4/month	7

see <u>s2sprediction.net</u> for details and to access data

S2S Models

Currently 70 Tbytes

Models	Ocean coupling		
ECMWF	YES		
UKMO	YES		
NCEP	YES		
ECCC	NO		
BoM	YES		
JMA	NO		
KMA	YES		
CMA	YES		
CNRM	YES		
ISA-CNR	YES		
HMCR	NO		

Active Sea Ice

YES
YES
YES
NO
Planned
NO
YES
YES
YES
NO
NO

MJO Forecast Horizon now reaches up to 30 days ahead

MJO Bivariate Correlation S2S REFORECASTS 1999-2010

0.5 cor

Biases in MJO Teleconnections (S2S re-forecasts)

EI 0.48

BoM 0.15

CNRM 0.15

CMA 0.14

UKMO 0.29

0 – 10

Z500 anomalies 10 days after an MJO in Phase 3

NAO Index: mean=0, std=1.02

Increasing use of the S2S database

by end of 2017:

- 848 registered users from 88 countries at ECMWF
- 222 register users mostly from China at CMA

WWRP 2018 - 2 WCRP Report No. 6/2018

WWRP/WCRP Sub-seasonal to Seasonal Prediction Project (S2S) Phase | Final Report

(November 2013–December 2017)

METEOROLOGICAL ORGANIZATION

Proposal submitted for 5-year extension 2018-2023 (S2S Phase 2) for approval by the WMO EC in June 2018. Already approved by WWRP SC and WWRP JSC.

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S2S Phase 2 plans:

• S2S Database enhancement – ocean variables, more surface variables 4xdaily, additional models (eg IMD)

New research foci (sub-projects) – **MJO** prediction and teleconnections; roles of **Ocean and sea ice**, Land surface, Stratosphere, Atmospheric composition and Ensemble generation.

Enhancing operational infrastructure, user applications & real-time pilot experiment

New S2S research foci

- MJO prediction and Teleconnections: incl. high impact weather in the tropics/subtropics
- land/atmosphere processes in S2S models; land surface impacts on extremes
- & coral bleaching)
- forecast spread; potential benefits of stochastic parameterization; benchmark of spread-error relationship
- Atmospheric Composition: impact of prognostic aerosols on S2S forecasts; level of complexity needed; predictability of aerosols (e.g. dust) & potential forecast value for applications
- Stratosphere: role of vertical coupling, stratospheric systematic errors, and impact of quality of stratospheric initial conditions

• Land Initialization and Configuration: observing system impact on land initialization/S2S forecasts;

• Ocean and Sea Ice Initialization and Configuration: role of ocean-atmosphere coupling on S2S; sea ice process simulation, initialization, prediction; S2S marine prediction (eg storm surge, fisheries

• Ensemble Generation: burst vs lagged ensembles; impacts of random and systematic errors on

Enhancing operational infrastructure & user applications

• Research to Operations (R2O) and S2S Forecast and Verification Products Development:

 Methodologies for forecast calibration, multi-model combination, verification, and forecast formats (e.g. probability of threshold exceedance)

 Recommendations for operational centres to harmonize their real-time and re-forecast set-ups

 Assist WMO develop operational criteria for Global Producing Centers for S2S Predictions, and data exchange standards for S2S hindcasts/real-time forecasts for WMO Lead Centre

• Establish a real-time forecast pilot program for S2S applications of 1–2 years duration, with goal of demonstrating S2S forecast value using real-time S2S forecasts

S2S-WCRP Linkages

- WGSIP: collaborations on tropical-extratropical teleconnections, impact of snow initialisation on S2S forecasts (SNOWGLACE), and analysis of initial transients and model drift [Long-Range Forecast Transient Intercomparison Project (LRFTIP)]
- WGSIP linkage also via WMO Lead Centre for Long-Range Forecast Multi-Model Ensemble (LC-LRFMME) – expanding from seasonal to include the subseasonal scale.
- SPARC/SNAP leads analysis of stratospheric processes in the S2S models.
- WGNE/MJO-TF: common activities on MJO prediction and teleconnections.
- WMO's Regional Climate Outlook Forums (RCOFs) increasing interest in S2S
- WCRP GC on Extremes: S2S predictions of extremes for attribution and early warning.

WCRP Strategic Plan Links with S2S

- SP Overarching Objectives: S2S goals to improve forecast skill & understanding, GFCS) – contribute esp. to O2 & 4
- SP Emphases:
 - to E1-4
 - R2O aspects incl forecast MME/calibration contributes to E5 on "regions"
 - through early warning-early action

• SP Imperatives:

- Partnership with WWRP
- Data Infrastructure is a cornerstone of S2S
- S2S is an example of "seamlessness" across weather/climate "boundary"
- Education: S2S has co-organized 7 training courses in developing countries

uptake by operational centres and exploitation by the applications communities (incl

- S2S Phase II Research Foci on ocean, sea-ice, land, stratosphere, aerosols, map

– Planned S2S real-time applications program contributes to E0 on sustainable dev

Opportunities & Needs

- of model archives across time scales.
- sustaining it.
- More collaboration with WCRP would greatly benefit S2S (Objectives, Emphases, making such meetings a priority for support in the future would be helpful.

• The S2S has grown rapidly over the last 5 years, helped by the availability of new forecast databases (S2S, NOAA SubX) that complement existing ones (TIGGE for weather forecasts, NMME and CHFP for seasonal forecasts, and CMIP), to provide a much more complete set

• The S2S database has no WCRP/WWRP/WMO funding. ECMWF is facing difficulties with

• There is a need to make access across these easier to both the research and applicationsdevelopment communities, as well as to provide forecasts in real time where possible. IRI Data Library archive has archived much of S2S database, but funding is lacking to sustain it.

Imperatives): The pan-WCRP modeling meeting in Exeter in 2017 was very valuable and

 S2S is supported by a Trust Fund administered by WMO – could largely only support SG meetings, and minimally the program of S2S training courses in developing countries.