International Cooperation on Emissions to Address Science and Policy Needs

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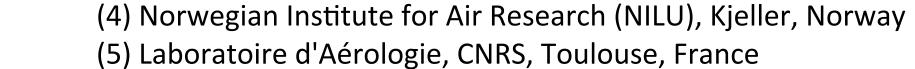
*For more information about GEIA and its associated activities, contact Greg Frost, gregory.j.frost@noaa.gov

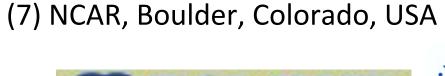














(1) ESRL, NOAA, Boulder, Colorado, USA

(2) CIRES, Univ. Colorado, Boulder, Colorado, USA

(6) Northrop Grumman, Chantilly, Virginia, USA



(3) LATMOS-IPSL, CNRS/INSU, Univ. Pierre et Marie Curie, Paris, France



CIERA







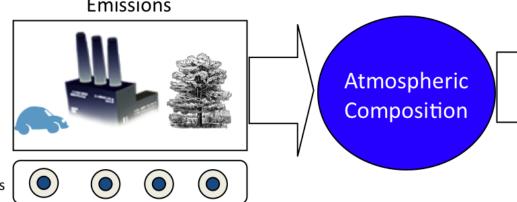
(10) IGAC, JISAO, Univ. Washington, Seattle, Washington, USA

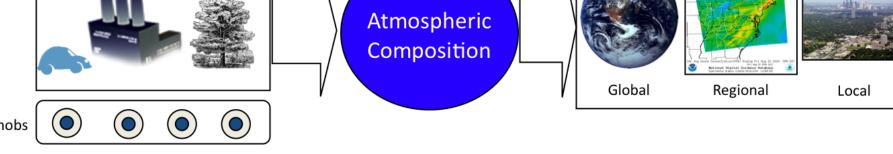
(13) JGCRI, PNNL & Univ. Maryland, College Park, Maryland, USA



Motivation for Understanding Emissions

Actions and decisions about the atmosphere focus on emissions





Quantitative emission information is needed for:

- Accounting for the past
- Observing and calculating the present
- Predicting and projecting the future
- Taking action on emissions
- •Making choices: Which "knob" to turn? Is one better than the other?
- > Do current emissions data meet our needs?
- >How can these data be improved while maximizing sparse resources?



Emissions Information Challenges

Many emissions data requirements are common to air quality and climate research, regulation, & policy Uncertainty Transparency Accuracy

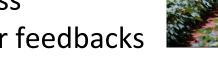
•Timeliness Consistency

At the same time, there are many issues and needs associated with emissions data

- Complexity
- Spatial/temporal scales Source types
- Interdisciplinary
- Development
- Inconsistencies
- Timeliness
- Traceability
- Analysis Evaluations

Uncertainties

- •Impacts Communication
- Data access and sharing
- •Literature access Producer – user feedbacks



Rationale for Community Emissions Efforts

(11) Panorama Pathways, Boulder, Colorado, USA

- Involve scientific, regulatory, and operational communities
- International/national/local agencies, academia, private sector
- Leverage existing expertise, data, and technology Much of what is needed is already being done

(8) ECMWF, Reading, United Kingdom

(9) OAR, US EPA, Washington, DC, USA

(12) CNES, Toulouse, France

- Use current resources more efficiently
- Modest investments add significant value
- Connect air quality and climate change science and policy
- Bridge scales and link common sources
- Investigate feedbacks between energy, land use, emissions
- Broad expert community to evaluate and assess data
- Bottom-up + top-down approaches Benefit from interdisciplinary overlap

http://ciera-air.org/

- Robust interagency feedback and cooperation essential
- Understand drivers, needs, and constraints
- Communicate and integrate diverse information

ECCAD

http://ether.ipsl.jussieu.fr/eccad

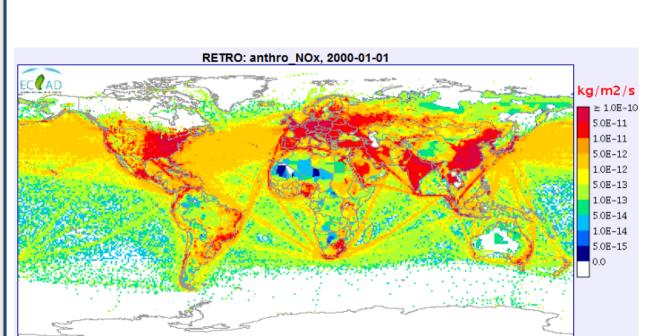
Emissions of chemical Compounds & Compilation of Ancillary Data

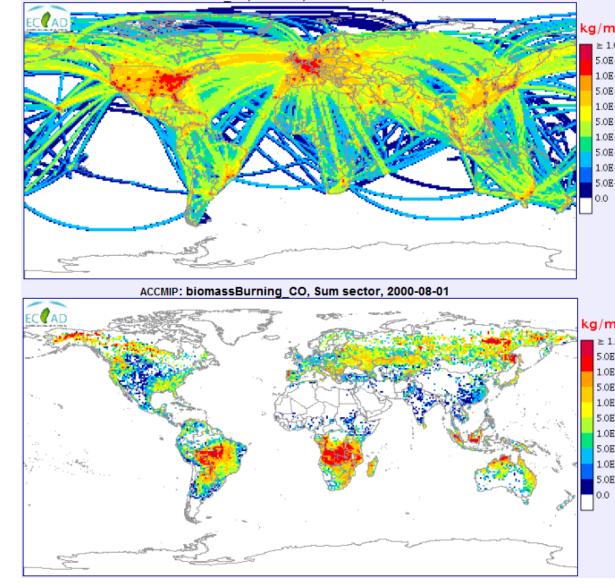
ECCAD is GEIA's new interactive emissions data portal

- •Consistent access to GEIA's emission inventories and ancillary data
- with easy-to-use tools for analysis and visualization Supports EU science & forecasting projects
- Funding: French National Center for Space Studies (CNES)
- •PIs: Claire Granier, Cathy Liousse

Emissions Inventories

•Relational database contains all emissions inventories in GEIA-ACCENT portal •Interactive mapping tools

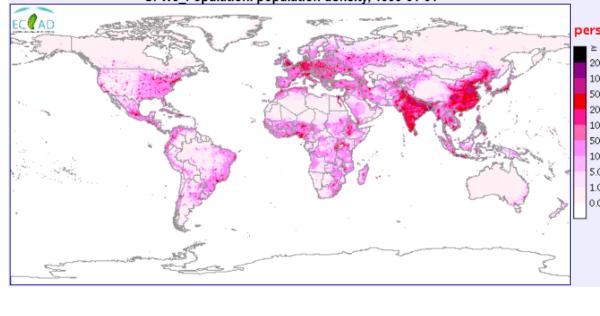


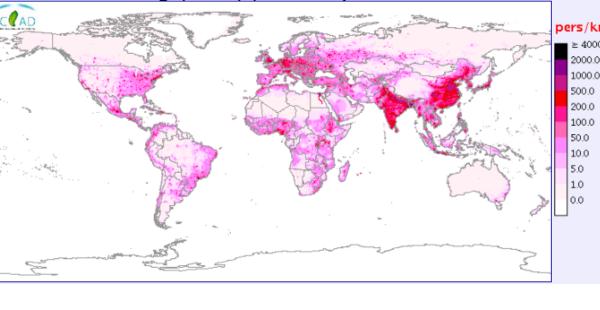


Ancillary Data

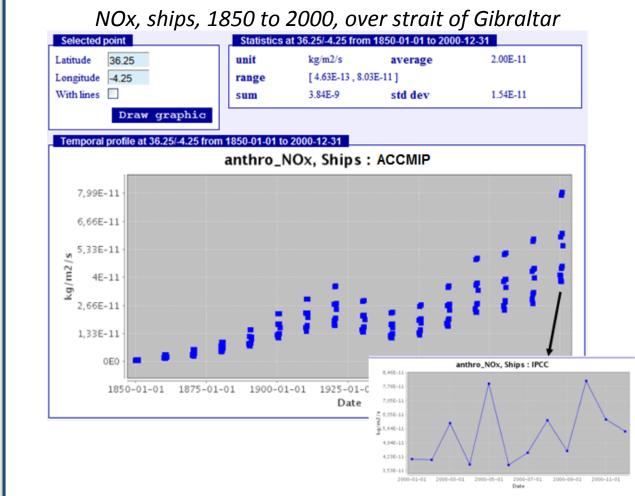
- Access to ancillary data used to construct emissions inventories, including
- Population
- Vegetation
- •Fires

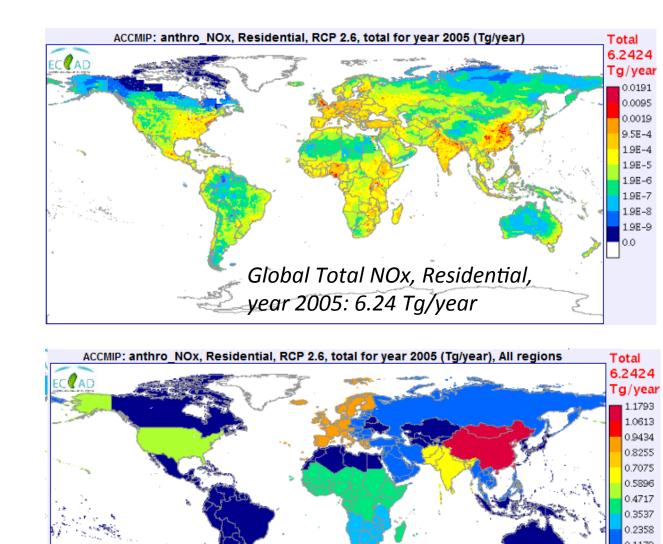
Analysis





Interactive Graphical Tools Mapping •Time series





Total NOx by world region, year 2005:

0.1 to 1.18 Tg/year

GEIA Community Emission Efforts Programs, Activities, Funding, and Focus $N_{\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{A}}}}$ HEGAPOV, INTERNATION OF THE STAND OF THE STA Evaluation SCIENTIFIC and **SCIENTIFIC REGULATORY Inventories** Inventories **GEIA** PEGASOS

GEIA



Global Emissions Inventory Activity

http://www.geiacenter.org/

GEIA, a joint IGAC/iLEAPS/AIMES initiative, seeks to build on the success of the past two decades as a forum for the exchange of expertise and information that unites the scientific, regulatory, and operational emissions communities.

> Founded in 1990 with a mission to:

- Quantify anthropogenic emissions and natural exchanges of trace gases and aerosols that drive Earth system changes, and
- Facilitate use of this information by the research, assessment, and policy communities
- > Provides access to various global and regional emission inventories in a consistent framework, in collaboration with ECCAD and CIERA
- Organizes workshops, conference sessions and schools that bring together inventory developers and users
- Facilitates emissions data evaluation and assessment
- > Prepares state-of-the-science emissions summaries and provides these data to international scientific projects.

In its new phase, GEIA aims to demonstrate the potential of improving emission inventories by promoting the interoperability of datasets and tools and by making use of near-real-time observations.

Funding: NASA, EU programs (ACCENT) Chairs: Greg Frost, Leonor Tarrasón

GEIA Network

NASA funding



Community Initiative for Emissions Research and Applications Holistic community effort to improve emissions information •GEIA's new emissions collaboration space

Developing interoperability

Facilitating evaluations

 Innovating in communications Community developed and driven

•Global and regional emissions data distributed across multiple portals Dynamic data access using web services

Access to inventories, observations, models

Standardized analysis tools

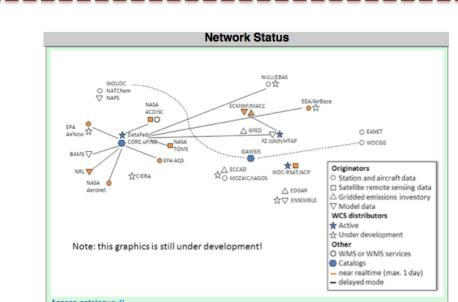
- New emissions information resources Blogs and web forums
- Emissions bibliography
- Emissions lexicon •Support: EPA, NOAA, ESIP

CIERA is part of the Air Quality Community of Practice,

which connects the international community of data providers working on common data structures, data

http://wiki.esipfed.org/index.php/GEO AQ CoP

standards & conventions, and standardized tools



CIERA Community Initiative for Emissions
Research and Applications

CIERA Components and Activities

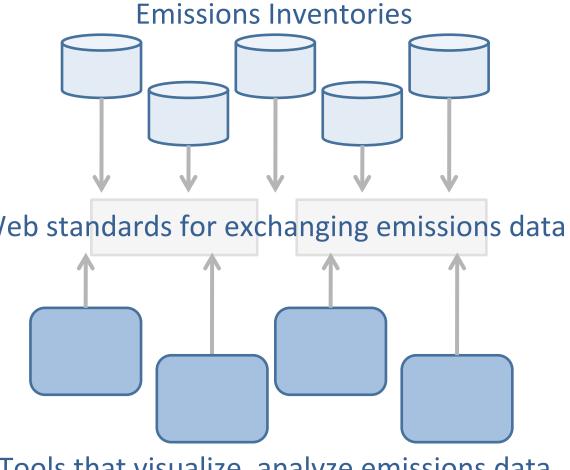
Why Use Web Standards?

Common, shared "pool" of data distributed across multiple organizations (made available on the 'cloud')

Standardized ways for accessing the data allow data providers to more easily share their data Web standards for exchanging emissions data with a broader user base

Standardized data access enables data consumers across multiple organizations to build and tailor tools on top of data services

analysis

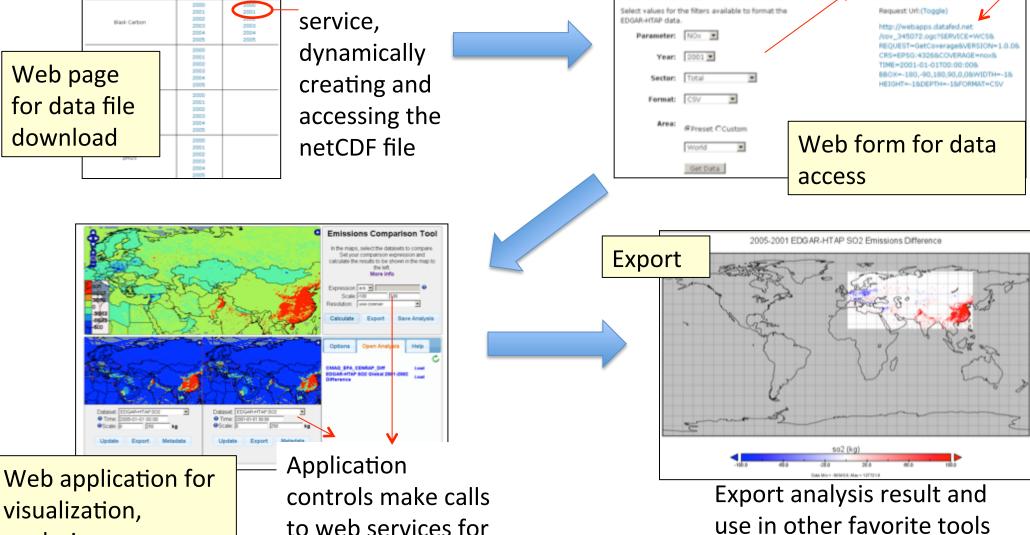


(e.g. Panoply, NASA)

Tools that visualize, analyze emissions data

Standardized web service access to emissions data Form input is used allows them to be used in online tools to create web Each web link is a service call for data call to a web service,

CIERA's Emissions Web Services



to web services for

maps and data